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ABEL'S SEED HOUSE

12 North Ninth Street (25 Steps From Penn) READING, PENNA.

1936
Seed
Annual

*Plant & Eat
Vegetables
for Health*



THE HOUSE OF ABEL And Its Service to You



IN SENDING you this, our eighth Catalogue, we hope that it will serve as a guide for you in planning your gardens and outdoor work for spring. We also hope that you will find it valuable as a reference book and as a reminder of our assurance that you can always call on us for further advice and assistance.

We emphasize the fact that we want our customers satisfied, and we are ready and anxious at all times to give absolute satisfaction.

As we buy only the very best seeds, bulbs, and supplies from the largest and most reputable growers and manufacturers, you have their guarantee in addition to ours.

We thank our customers for the liberal support and patronage they gave us last year. We ask your continued support, and will more than appreciate it if you tell your neighbors and friends about ABEL'S SEEDS and ABEL'S SERVICE.

Sincerely yours,

Wilbert N. Abel.

ORDER EARLY

We will appreciate it if our customers will send us their orders for seeds, plants, bulbs, etc., during January and February. Your order can be filled at once and held for shipment when you wish same. No charge is made for boxes or packing, except for two bushel bags which are charged at cost and may be returned to us for credit.

SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS

Always state by what method you wish goods forwarded, otherwise we will ship according to our best judgment.

HOW TO SEND CASH

We prefer that you send either Post Office Money

Order, check or Express Money Order for amounts above 50c and stamps. Money Order or check for less.

NON-WARRANTY

Wilbert N. Abel of Abel's Seed House gives no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants they sell and will not be responsible for the crop. If the customer does not accept the goods on these terms they are at once to be returned and the amount paid for them will be refunded.

Reading Representative

Sutton & Sons Ltd.

The Royal Seed Establishment
Reading, England

Due to poor crop prospects in growing sections the harvest of seeds were found short in many cases and for this reason prices are subject to change without notice.



"PACKING ABEL'S SEEDS THAT GROW"

ASPARAGUS



MARY WASHINGTON RUST-RESISTANT ASPARAGUS. A variety bred up by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, at Washington, D. C., from a careful selection of plants of the Washington variety, and is now more popular and more widely grown than any other. It produces large, beautiful, straight, dark green, tender shoots of the most delicious flavor.

Large Two-Year-Old Roots of Genuine Mary Washington. (Doz. 40c; 50 roots, \$1.00; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$11.00.

Mary Washington Seed—Can have a light cutting in 3 yrs. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 60c; 1b. 90c.

BEANS

Plant beans after all danger of frost is passed, in warm, dry, well prepared soil. The rows should be 2 to 3 feet apart and the seeds covered 1½ to 2 inches deep. Thin the young plants to 3 to 6 inches apart in the rows.

Shallow cultivation should be frequent until blossoming; then stop to avoid injury to the roots. (Root injury causes the blossoms to fall off.) For succession plant every 2 weeks until mid-summer. Frequent picking of the crop insures long bearing. One quart of seed sows 100 feet.

Mary Washington Asparagus and 60 pounds sows 1 acre.

BUSH BEANS WAX or YELLOW-PODDED

Burpee's Brittle Wax. One of the earliest of all Wax Beans. Vines are 15 inches high. Pods 5½ inches long, round, slightly curved, stringless, deep yellow; 62 days from planting to table. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.50.

Burpee's Round-pod Kidney Wax. Very productive. Round pod, stringless. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.50.

Burpee's German Black Wax. Extra-fine, 6½ inch round yellow pods. Seeds black, kidney-shape; 59 days from planting to table. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.50.

Abel's Bountiful Wax. An entirely stringless variety, with long, 6½ inch flat handsome pods. A good yielder and one of the best Wax sorts. Matures in about 45 days. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.50.

GREEN-PODDED

Burpee's Green Stringless. Pods round, slightly curved, stringless, 5 inches long. Very productive; 54 days from planting to table. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.50.

Giant Stringless. Round, nearly straight, stringless, light green pods 6 inches long; 56 days from planting to table. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.50.

Abel's Stringless Black Valentine. Height 2 ft., heavy, very robust dark vine. Six inch dark green round stringless brittle pod of wonderful quality. Season 54 days to table. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.50.

Abel's Tendergreen. Height 15 inches, dark coarse vines. Six inch round stringless green pod. Season 56 days to table. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.50.

Bountiful. Pods semi-round, straight, stringless; sweet flavor. 7½ inches long. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.50.

Landreth's Stringless Green Pod. Pods 6 to 7 inches fairly straight ROUND dark green stringless. Season 54 days. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.50.

SHELL

Red Kidney. A dwarf grower and very hardy. Pods 5 to 6 inches long. Season 62 days. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

White Kidney. Same as above, only white-seeded. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

White Marrowfat Soup. Extra-fine Shell Bean. Pods large, flat, and straight, with 5 to 7 pure white seeds in each pod. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.50.

Dwarf Horticultural (Bird Egg). Used both as Snap and Shell Beans. Pods 4 to 5 inches long, thick, flat, stringless. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.50.

Robust Pea Beans (Navy Beans). Small, white baking Beans of extra-fine quality. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.50

POLE BEANS Sow 1 quart to 150 hills

GREEN-PODDED

Kentucky Wonder. Pods so fleshy that they are greater in thickness than in breadth, being deeply creased and saddle-backed, very meaty, stringless when young, and of finest quality, 7 to 9 inches long. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Lazy Wife. A late variety excellent for snap-shorts or shelled. Pods about 6 inches long, thick, meaty, with fine flavor. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Scarlet Runner. Mostly used as an ornamental climber but edible and may be cooked in same manner as other Snap Beans. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c; pk. \$3.25; bus. \$12.00.

Abel's Mammoth Horticultural (Wooster Pole). We have an exceptionally fine, choice, large-seeded, large-podded, high-colored stock of these Beans. They are the true old-fashioned type, hard to be found. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c; pk. \$3.50; bus. \$12.00.

White Dutch Runner is a hardy prolific plant, used quite extensively in the North for planting along fences because of its flowering bloom. It can also be used for a green bean, or a green shelled bean. It has much the same habit as Scarlet Runner, although the pods are larger and it has a white flower. Scarlet Runner has a six-inch flat oval pod, and can also be used as either shell bean or snap, and the flowers are scarlet. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c; pk. \$3.50; bus. \$12.00.

WAX-PODDED

Golden Cluster. Sweet, tasty, brittle pods, 6½ to 7½ inches long, perfectly straight and flat, of fine quality. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c; pk. \$3.50; bus. \$12.00.

Kentucky Wonder Wax. Pods 8 to 9 inches long, thick, almost straight, of a light yellow color and very good flavor. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$3.00; bus. \$11.00.



Burpee's Round Pod Kidney Wax

LIMA BEANS

BUSH

Sow 1 quart to 150 feet of row

Abel's Nu-Green Lima. The new Bush Lima that is different and has real merit. Entirely new and different. Strong, stocky bush with big root-system. Small pod like a Baby Lima but Bean large, thick, Potato type. Will stand cold and wet weather in the spring much better than other large-seeded Limas. Will stand extreme heat in summer much better than other large-seeded Limas. Green-seeded, retaining a green tint when cooked. Dry seed small and shriveled, like a sugar pea, requiring less seed for planting than other large-seeded Limas. By weight, larger percentage of Beans and less percentage of pods than other large-seeded Limas. Unusually sweet flavor, different from any other Lima. Very prolific—pods in a crown setting with three to five Beans in a pod. An ideal home-garden Lima. On account of the flavor and green tint when cooked, we believe this new Lima will be a popular market gardener's variety even though the pods are small. Dry Beans, when cooked, swell to same size as the green Beans, retaining the sweet flavor, thus being an exceptionally fine dry Lima for winter use. In 1934 it was tested and proved by canners, resulting in a sample "pack" of real merit. The large plump Bean, tender, thin-skinned, of very sweet flavor, retains the green color and does not break up in the can. A Bean that canners have wanted for years. $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c; pk. \$3.25; bus. \$12.00.



Fordhook Bush Lima

Fordhook Bush. Pods borne in clusters of 4 to 8, each measuring 4 to 5 inches by $1\frac{1}{8}$ to $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches wide, and quite often $\frac{3}{4}$ inch thick, with 4 to 5 sweet, delicious Beans to a pod. $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$3.00; bus. \$11.00.

Burpee's Improved Bush. Pods enormous (5 to 6 inches long by $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches wide), borne abundantly, and well filled with Beans larger and thicker than most Bush Limas and fully 8 days earlier. Matures in 85 to 95 days from date of sowing. $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$3.00; bus. \$11.00.

Henderson's Bush. A small-podded, very early Sieva or Butter Bean of the South, growing in bush form. $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$3.00; bus. \$11.00.

Dreer's Bush. Dwarf form of Dreer's Improved or Challenger Lima. $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$3.00; bus. \$11.00.

Italian Fava. A bean similar to the English broad beans and very popular among the Italian trade. They are very late and produce a fine crop of dark green pods seven or eight inches long. They are much harder than other beans and should be planted early in the spring. Average four to six beans to a pod. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.50.

POLE

Sow 1 quart to 150 hills

Dreer's Pole. In some sections this variety is called Challenge or Potato Lima. Plants strong, medium late and very productive. Pods contains 4 or 5 thick light green beans, and shells out more beans from a given number of pods than any other pole lima bean. $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$2.75; bus. \$9.00.

King of the Garden. Pods contain 4 or 5 Beans of excellent quality, easily shelled and of handsome appearance. $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$2.75; bus. \$9.00.

Burpee's Giant-podded. One of the largest-podded Pole Limas, measuring 7 to 8 inches long and $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches wide. Beans extra large, of superb flavor. Vines grow 10 to 12 feet high. $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c; pk. \$3.25; bus. \$12.00

BEETS

Sow 1 ounce to 50 feet of drill; 5 to 6 pounds per acre

Seed should be sown at the rate of one ounce to 100 feet of row. The rows should be spaced 18 to 24 inches apart. Work the soil well and cover the seeds about an inch deep. A rich sandy loam is most favorable but nearly all types of soil will produce beets if sufficiently fertilized and properly tilled.

When the seedlings are about an inch tall it is well to thin them to about one-half inch apart. Then they can be allowed to grow 5 or 6 inches when the alternate plants in the row may be pulled and used for greens. This practice can be repeated as often as the roots

Abel's New Century Beet

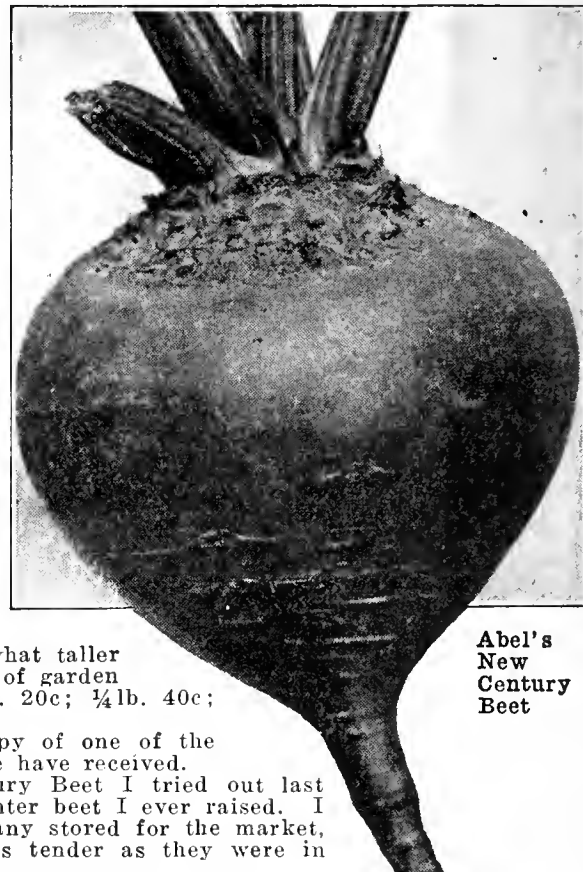
This most excellent main crop beet still holds first place among the growers in Berks and Lancaster Counties as well as the eastern part of Pennsylvania for its superb table qualities. The root is turnip or top shaped, tends to show considerable sideroot but not so much as some stock that we have seen of the variety is blood-red interior color, as a rule showing little or no Zonation and cooks a very deep, dark red. The tops or leaves are a conspicuously green top without a trace of any red coloring either in the leaves or stems, showing considerable foliage and standing somewhat taller than most varieties of garden beets. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$1.25.

Following is a copy of one of the many testimonials we have received.

Abel's New Century Beet I tried out last year is the best Winter beet I ever raised. I still have a good many stored for the market, and they are just as tender as they were in the fall.

Respectfully yours,

CHARLES E. BROSSMAN, Trucker.



Abel's
New
Century
Beet

touch in the rows or until they reach good table size. Beets are usually most tender and succulent when about 2 inches in diameter.

By planting at intervals of two to three weeks until July a regular supply of greens and beets may be had until late fall. The roots from the later plantings may be stored and kept for winter use.

Abel's Early Wonder. Roots nearly globe-shaped, of uniform size, with little foliage. Skin deep red; flesh dark red with little zonation. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 50c; 1 lb. 90c.

Crosby's Egyptian. An improved strain of Egyptian Beet. Rich dark red flesh, crisp and tender. An excellent early sort. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 50c; 1 lb. 90c.

Detroit Dark Red. Skin dark blood-red; flesh bright red, very tender and sweet. Fine round shape. Excellent for main crop. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 75c; 1 lb. \$1.25.

Abel's New Half-Long. One of the finest half-long Beets on the market. Flesh deep maroon-red, approaching black, free from zonation. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 50c; 1 lb. 90c.

MANGEL-WURZEL and SUGAR BEETS

Mammoth Long Red. Enormous roots, averaging 30 to 50 tons per acre. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40c; lb. 65c; 5 lbs. \$2.50.

Golden Tankard. Bright yellow; large. Tends to give color to milk. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40c; lb. 65c; 5 lbs. \$2.50.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

One ounce of seed will plant a row 200 feet long and make 2000 to 3000 plants

Long Island Improved. A choice variety grown extensively on Long Island for the New York market, where it always brings a good price. Compact plants, 20 in. tall, with solid heavy sprouts measuring $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. in diameter. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; 4 oz. 85c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$2.25.

CAULIFLOWER

One ounce of seed produces about 3000 plants

For many years cauliflower has been esteemed as one of the most delicious of vegetables but until recently it was erroneously regarded as very difficult to grow. It is known now that the same methods which produce good cabbage will yield cauliflower successfully. The only significant difference in culture is that the heads of cauliflower must be protected from sunlight in order to assure a white curd which is so desirable. This is most readily accomplished by gathering the tops of the leaves together loosely as soon as the heads begin to form. Shut off the light but do not cramp the head.

Extra-Early Snowball. One of the best for forcing or open ground. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.90; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$6.00.

Dry-Weather. This variety is especially adapted for long, dry seasons. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.90; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$6.00.

CABBAGE

One ounce of seed will produce about 3000 plants

For early cabbage in the North, plants may be started indoors or under glass as early as March 1st. They should be spaced 3 inches apart both ways when pricked out into boxes and should be gradually hardened off by exposure to cooler outdoor conditions. They may be transplanted in the open as soon as the ground can be properly prepared. In sections of the country where winters are not severe, seed may be planted as late as September. Such plantings will produce heads during the winter and early spring. One of our specialties. No better seed is obtainable than our pure bred strains.

Abel's Glory of Berks. A second-early variety maturing about two weeks later than Copenhagen Market and not quite so round, but gives a larger ready market product. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; ½ lb. \$1.15; 1 lb. \$2.00.

Abel's Erstling. A selection of the Early Jersey Wakefield which produces a good marketable head about 10 days earlier than the Early Jersey. In breeding for earliness, we had, of course, to sacrifice some of the size, still it is a very good product, but the forcing has reduced the amount of seed harvested per plant, therefore the higher price. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; ½ lb. \$1.15; 1 lb. \$2.00.

Early Jersey Wakefield. Standard early variety. Conical heads with few outside leaves. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00.

Early Winnigstadt. Conical heads of very good quality. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00.

Abel's Golden Acre. Similar to the popular Copenhagen Market, but smaller and earlier, with uniform, tightly folded, well-balanced heads. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 15c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; ½ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$2.25.

Copenhagen Market. Very early. Round head; short-stemmed. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00.

Danish Ballhead Tall Stem or Hollander. A tall stemmed variety imported from Denmark. It has an extremely solid head, unexcelled keeping qualities and stands shipping well. Produces very heavy heads. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 15c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; ½ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$2.25.

Danish Ballhead. Very round, solid winter sort. A fine shipper. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 15c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Large Late Flat Dutch. Heads large and solid, with few outer leaves. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Late American Drumhead. One of the largest and best keeping varieties. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Surehead. A sure-heading sort, resembling Large Late Flat Dutch. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Mammoth Red Rock. The largest Red Cabbage, with more solid heads than others. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 15c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.25.

Chinese, Pe-Tsai. Often called "Celery Cabbage" on the market. The young leaves are crimped and of a light green color, but as they become older, they grow more upright and form heads much like Cos Lettuce. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; ½ lb. \$1.15; lb. \$2.00.

Holmes Houser Cabbage. A main crop or winter storage cabbage, developed in Pennsylvania. It has a head varying from round to bluntly pointed, with a distinct type of foliage and a very small core; it is extremely hardy, doing well under difficult conditions; it develops a medium sized head with splendid keeping qualities. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$3.25.

Penn State Ballhead. This cabbage is the product of Dr. C. E. Myers of the Pennsylvania State College; it is of the Danish Ball Head type, but is somewhat larger and a trifle flatter than the usual ball-head type; it is a splendid main crop and winter storage cabbage, probably yielding the largest tonnage of any main crop cabbage. Our stock of this variety is certified, being sold in sealed packages with the recommendation of the Pennsylvania State College. Pkt. 15c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.15; ½ lb. \$1.80; lb. \$3.25.



Danish Ballhead Cabbage

CARROTS

One ounce of seed will sow 200 feet of row

For several generations the carrot has been one of the common garden vegetables but only in recent years has it become to be recognized as one of the most nutritious and wholesome foods. Health authorities assert that carrots contain in high degree those elements which constitute a nourishing article of diet. The plant has no serious insect enemies and is rarely subject to disease. The culture of carrots is easy, being practically the same as that of beets. When practicable it is best to plant them in soil that has been richly fertilized the previous season. Freshly manured soil will often produce divided roots. Plant the seed one-half inch deep in loose, well-prepared soil, making rows 16 to 24 inches apart. Cultivate as soon as the plants are well established and thin to 2 or 4 inches in the row according to the size of the variety. Plantings may be made from early spring until mid-June. For winter storage the later date is advisable.

Abel's Red-Cored Chantenay. In size and shape this is practically the same as the old type but it has a darker, more attractive outside color and is decidedly superior in inside color and quality. It was bred to produce roots with smaller cores having the same deep orange color as the surrounding flesh, and in breeding for these qualities we also produced a more delicately flavored and sweeter Carrot. It is a few days earlier than the parent Chantenay. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; ½ lb. 75c; lb. \$1.25.

Abel's Nantes. It is unsurpassed in quality, sweet, mild, is long, cylindrical, averages 7 inches long, 1 ¼ inch thick. Color orange scarlet. Core is so undefined that it is called coreless. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c; ½ lb. 75c; lb. \$1.25.

Danvers Half-long. Large roots of good quality. Productive. One of the most popular sorts. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c; ½ lb. 75c; lb. \$1.25.

Long Orange. The best variety for garden and field crops. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; ½ lb. 75c; lb. \$1.25.

Pride of Denmark. A cross between the two well known varieties Nantes and Chantenay, this novelty unites the good qualities of both. Our Pride of Denmark will stand storing and shipping, at the same time retaining flavor and crispness of Nantes. The long obtuse cylindrical roots are, when grown in the proper soil, absolutely smooth, of a beautiful scarlet color, and practically coreless. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; ½ lb. 90c; lb. \$1.75.



Pride of Denmark

POP CORN

Monarch White Rice. This is the best Pop Corn for home or market. Select ears. Lb. 15c; 3 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.00.

Queen's Golden. Stalks grow 6 feet high, with large ears produced in abundance. It pops perfectly white, and a single kernel will expand to a diameter of nearly 1 inch. Lb. 15c; 3 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.00.

CORN SALAD

Large Seeded, Large Leaved. This is a small, quick growing salad plant for late fall, winter, and spring use. The leaves are used as a substitute for lettuce and spinach. During August or September sow the seed in shallow drills about 1 foot apart, covering with about ¼ inch of fine soil firmly pressed down. On the approach of severe cold weather, cover with straw. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

Flower and Vegetable Plants.

SWEET CORN

Sow 1½ pounds to 200 hills; 12 pounds for an acre. ¾ pound equals 1 pint; 1½ pounds equal 1 quart

Golden Cross Bantam. A cross of two inbred Bantams developed at the Purdue Experiment Station, it is a midseason hybrid, typically 4 to 8 days later than Golden Bantam. Stalks average 6 feet in height and are sturdy and straight, and under favorable conditions two ears are usually produced on each stalk. The ears are about 8 inches long and have 10 to 14 rows of kernels. This hybrid is noted especially for its resistance to Stewart's disease and for the remarkable uniformity of its ears. Tests conducted over a period of three years in 23 states show that Golden Cross Bantam will give an average of 26 per cent greater yield of marketable ears than Golden Bantam. Lb. 60c; 12½ lbs. \$7.00; 50 lbs. \$25.00.

Golden Evergreen. Best and sweetest sugar corn of the late varieties. Better than Golden Bantam, a cross of Golden Bantam and Stowell's Evergreen retaining the quality of the Bantam and remarkable tenderness. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 15c; qt. 30c; pk. \$2.25 bus. \$8.25.

Early Mammoth. A late ripening second-early variety. The ears are of large size, tapering well toward the point; kernels large and very sweet. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 15c; qt. 30c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.25.

Country Gentleman (Shoe-Peg). Very productive mid-season variety with ears 7 to 8 inches long and irregularly arranged kernels. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 15c; qt. 30c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.25.

Gill's Early Golden Market. An early golden variety, producing ears 9 inches long, with 12 or 14 rows. Grains large, sweet, of excellent quality. Two weeks earlier than Golden Bantam. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.00.

Golden Giant. Cross between Golden Bantam and Howling Mob. Matures a week after Golden Bantam. Delicious. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 15c; qt. 30c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.25.

Late Mammoth. A large-eared variety, maturing after Stowell's Evergreen. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 15c; qt. 30c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.25.

Barden's Wonder Bantam. Of the same type, season and quality as Golden Bantam, but having a longer ear. The stalks grow from 5 to 6 feet high and have ears 8 to 10 inches long, filled with 8 rows of rich golden kernels. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.25.

Whipple's Early White Sweet Corn. A fairly new variety, well liked by trade and market gardeners. About

the same season as Early Evergreen, and favors it in appearance. Grains deep, like Evergreen, only not quite so large. Stalks 5 to 6 feet high, of vigorous growth, with ears produced about 3 feet from the ground, often two to the stalk. Ears about 8 inches long, rather blocky in form, 16- to 18- and often 20-rowed, filled to the end with rather narrow, deep, wedge-shaped grains of pearly whiteness when green, with high sugar content. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 15c; qt. 30c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.25.

Extra-early Adams. This is not a Sweet or Sugar Corn, and the distinction should be kept carefully in mind. However, it is of good flavor, quite sweet, and tender when young. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 15c; qt. 25c; pk. \$1.90; bus. \$7.50.

Early Evergreen. Resembles Stowell's Evergreen but ready for use much earlier and remains in good condition equally as long. Ears grow to a good size—nearly 7 inches long. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 15c; qt. 30c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.25.

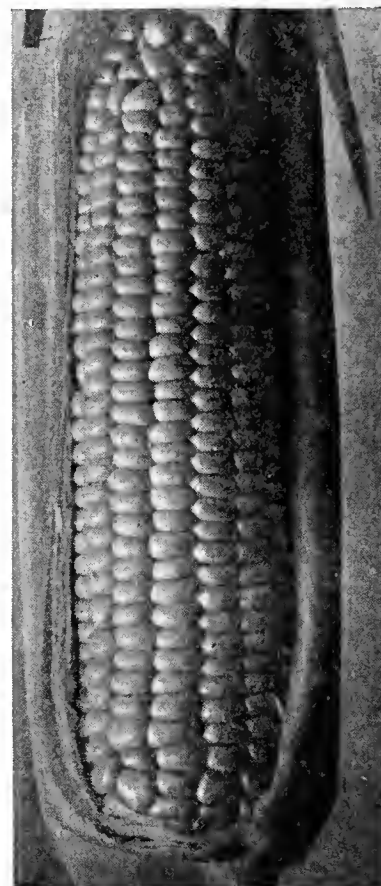
Kendel's Early Giant. A second early variety, several days earlier than Crosby. Ears average seven inches in length, thick through, with ten or more rows of large grains of rich, sugary flavor. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 15c; qt. 30c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.25.

Stowell's Evergreen. Ears 8 to 9 inches long, usually with 16 to 18 rows of long, slender grains, entirely free from glaze. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 15c; qt. 30c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.25.

Golden Bantam. America's favorite Sweet Corn. One of the sweetest Sweet Corns in existence. Has a rich, sweet and buttery flavor. Can be sown a week before any other variety. Ears are 5 to 6 inches long and closely set with deep, broad, luscious, golden yellow kernels. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 15c; qt. 30c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.25.

White Evergreen. This is a splendid white main-crop Sweet Corn for market use and home gardens. The ears are large, closely set with pearly white grains of rich and luscious flavor. It is a heavy yielder. Has larger ears and is earlier maturing than Stowell's Evergreen. Our stock is particularly fine. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 15c; qt. 30c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.25.

Howling Mob. Ears 7 to 9 inches long, closely set with 12 to 14 rows of large, pearly white, very sweet grains. The earliest choice white Corn. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 15c; qt. 30c; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.25.



Golden Sunshine

CELERY

One ounce of seed will sow about 300 feet of row and produce about 5000 plants

A row of celery in the home garden will supply a family with a delicious vegetable until late in the fall. Its hardy qualities and adaptability to various soils and weather conditions make it a very desirable crop to grow.

Excellent results are obtained from constantly moist, rich, well prepared soil. Celery seed will sprout at comparatively low temperatures but requires constant and abundant moisture. It is slow to germinate and even under favorable conditions cannot be expected to start within 2 weeks. For fall and winter use in the North, celery may be planted from March 15th to April 15th. Plantings

in other sections can be governed accordingly. The soil for starting plants should be fine and loose and seed must be covered only ¼ inch deep. Prick out about 3 inches apart each way when seedlings have 3 or 4 leaves started. Keep the soil well moistened at all times and transplant to open ground when plants are 75 to 90 days old. Space the rows according to the methods of blanching. 5 to 7 feet are required for soil blanching and 2 to 4 feet for other methods. Set the plants 8 to 12 inches apart to the row. To avoid pithiness or rotting of the stalk do not cover for blanching during warm weather.



Abel's Wonderful

Abel's Golden Plume. Very early, beautiful golden yellow Celery of most delicious flavor. Its fine appearance, earliness, and high quality have made it most popular for home and market. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 20c; ½ oz. 30c; oz. 55c; ¼ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

Abel's Houser. A superlatively good green Celery of rich nutty flavor with meaty hearts and thick, luscious stems. One of the most popular varieties in the market. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 35c; ½ oz. 50c; oz. \$1.25; ¼ lb. \$5.00.

Abel's Wonderful. An unusually thick-set compact celery which attains exceptional weight. We have seen twelve stalks that weighed 72 pounds. It is a week earlier than Paris Golden, has no soft stalks, is free from strings, and is a perfect shipper. In making our selection, we have not sacrificed the girth in order to lengthen the first joint. For this reason, our Wonderful will yield a heavy crate. Our method of handling seed plants results in producing far fewer seeders than is generally the case, especially when one is trying to grow a late crop. This fact is acknowledged in all the large celery growing centers. The rib is 9 to 10 inches to the first joint, is very hard, and its firmness makes it less susceptible to damage by heat or cold. Pkt. 25c; ½ oz. 75c; oz. \$1.25; ¼ lb. \$4.50; lb. \$15.00.

Columbia. An early maturing sort of most excellent shape and quality for the home market and private garden. It is extensively grown for shipment. The plant is of medium height but very stocky and heavy. The stalks are thick, almost round, resembling in shape those of Giant Pascal. The outer foliage of the plant when growing is rather light green with tinge of yellow, becoming when blanched yellow with tinge of green. The heart when properly blanched changes from yellow with

tinge of green to a light golden yellow—in season it follows in close succession Golden Yellow Self-blanching. We consider it unsurpassed in its rich nutty flavor. Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 15c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.50.

Easy-blanching. A medium-dwarf sort that blanches very easily. Of good flavor and a fine keeper. Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 15c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.50.

Emperor (Fordhook). Dwarf, stocky variety, with large, light yellow heart; very crisp, good keeper. Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$5.50.

Giant Pascal. Stalks solid, crisp with golden yellow heart. Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 10c; ½ oz. 15c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 90c; lb. \$2.40.

Golden Dwarf (Golden Heart). Distinct. Crisp, solid; of fine flavor. Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 10c; ½ oz. 15c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.75.

Golden Self-blanching. Crisp, tender, and of fine flavor. Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$5.50.

Pink Plume. A very solid, crisp, desirable sort with stalks that blanch a beautiful rose-pink. Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.

White Plume. Valuable early variety that requires very little blanching. Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.

Winter Queen (Schumacher). Very large, solid green winter variety that blanches well. Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

CELERIAC (Turnip-rooted Celery)

Giant Prague. Roots of good size, round, smooth, with small tops. Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 10c; ½ oz. 15c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

CUCUMBERS

In all of its various stages of development the cucumber finds a place on our table. Either raw or pickled it serves as an ingredient for salads and constitutes a tasty relish by itself. A fine crop may be easily grown wherever an openly exposed location of fairly rich soil is available. Planting should be delayed until all danger of frost is past. Soil for planting should be warm, fairly moist and loose. Seed must be covered about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep. Plant in hills 3 by 5 feet apart, dropping 6 or 8 seeds to each hill. When 6 inches tall, thin to 3 in a hill.

Abel's Stays Green. This is a dark green, medium-sized Cucumber of the white spine class. The fruits are 7 to 8 inches long, cylindrical in shape, and a fine glossy green in color. They retain their fine color for a remarkably long time and on that account are very well adapted for shipping. The young fruits are desirable for small pickles and the mature fruits are very satisfactory in shape and size for packing. The variety is becoming popular with commercial growers and is proving a good home-garden sort. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00.

Arlington White Spine. The Cucumbers are very regular in outline, averaging 7 to 8 in. long, straight and of a rich green color. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00.

Early Jersey. Fruits are of a rich dark green color and average from 4 to 5 inches long. Fine for producing small pickles. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00.

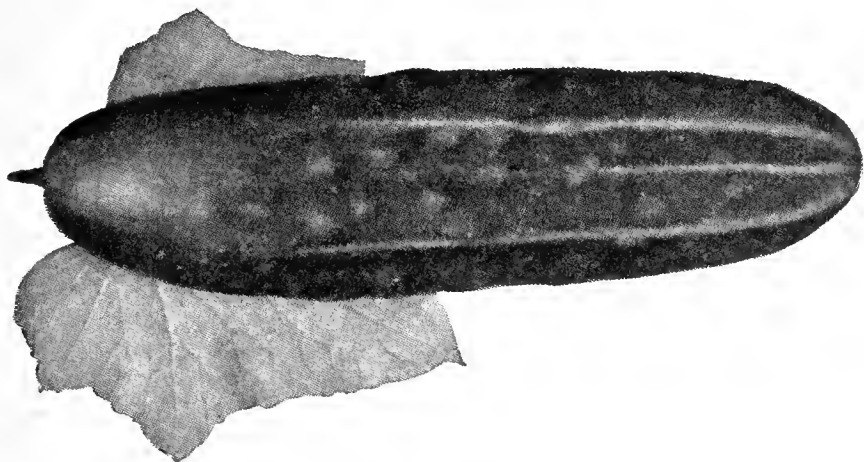
London Long Green. Young fruit makes fine pickles. Skin rich green; flesh solid, crisp and very good quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$2.50.

Davis Perfect. Long, even fruits of fine form with intensely dark, rich green skin. Its solid white flesh is very good for slicing. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00.

Everbearing. Early, prolific variety, with fruits rich dark green, averaging 4 to 5 inches in length by $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00.

Early Green Cluster. Fruits slender and most desirable for pickling. Very prolific and set in clusters of two and three. If fruits are kept gathered the vines will continue long in bearing. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00.

Extra-early Green Prolific (Boston Pickling). Fruits average 4 to 5 inches in length when large enough for slicing and are of excellent quality. Used chiefly for producing medium-sized pickles. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00.



Abel's Banner Hybrid

Abel's Banner Hybrid. We consider this the finest all around cucumber in existence. It has a long and straight, attractive shape, with a very rich green color, a fine lot of showy white spines. The color stays green for a week making it a fine shipper. Many Southern cucumber growers will use no other, which is indeed a fine testimonial for it. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$2.50.

Abel's Early Fortune. A disease-resistant variety of attractive appearance. When fruits are fully grown they measure 9 inches long and $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick. Flesh is pure white and has a firm crisp texture. Juicy and refreshing. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00.

West India Gherkin. Small, suitable for pickling, borne most prolifically on vigorous vines. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00.

CHICORY

Witloof, French Endive. Sow in May or June in drills; thin out or transplant 6 inches apart. Cultivate the same as endive. In the fall, hill up, to blanch the bases of the leaves. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c; lb. \$3.00.

DANDELION

Sow early in spring, in very warm, rich soil, in drills 18 inches apart; thin to 5 inches and cultivate well; they will be fit for cutting the next spring. When grown for the roots, sow in September and cultivate well during the fall and the following summer; the roots will be fit to dig in October.

Improved Broad Leaved. Unsurpassed in thickness of leaf and deep green color. It is compact and forms an upright regular tuft at the center. This cabbaging sort is much superior to the common or uncultivated dandelion. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.40; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$2.60; lb. \$4.75.

ENDIVE

One ounce of seed will sow 150 feet of drill

For early use sow about April 15th; for later supply sow in June or July in rows 14 to 20 inches apart and when well started thin the plants to 1 foot apart. When nearly full-grown tie the outer leaves together over the center in order to blanch the heart of the plant. By covering fresh plants every few days a succession may be maintained. Endive for winter use may be had by making 2 or 3 successive plantings at intervals of a week or 10 days during July. Just before killing frosts are due in the fall dig the plants, taking plenty of soil with the roots. Store in the cellar, packing the plants closely together and keep as dark as practicable. The plants must be harvested very carefully to avoid bruising the leaves and shaking the soil from the roots. When stored this way the plants will be self-blanching and of finer quality than when tied up and blanched out of doors. By arranging the storage space so that the earlier plantings can be used first, a supply can be provided until nearly spring.

Green Curled. Hardv. Leaves dark green, tender. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 65c; lb. \$1.25.

Batavian White Broad Leaf. This is a sort quite identical to the Batavian Broadleaf Green but with a foliage much lighter in color and exceptionally attractive. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 65c; lb. \$1.25.

Batavian Broad-leaved. Leaves long and broad. Chiefly used in soups. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 65c; lb. \$1.25.

EGGPLANT

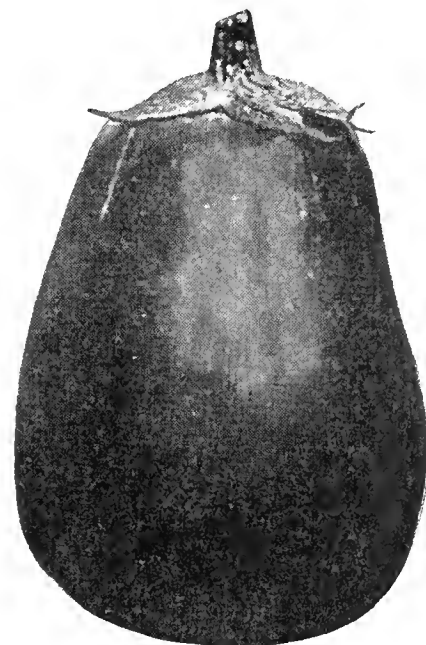
One ounce of seed will produce about 1000 plants

This is a semi-tropical plant which requires continuous warm weather for best results. The seed germinates slowly and should be started in a hot bed. The plants may be set out in the open ground when 2 inches tall if continued warm weather is in prospect. Space the plants $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet apart. Young plants should be shaded from hot sun and sprayed with Paris Green as a protection from potato bugs.

Black Beauty. Fully 10 days earlier than Improved New York Spineless. Healthy grower and large fruit. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.20; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$2.00; lb. \$3.75.

Extra Early Long Purple. A very early and productive variety with fruit eight inches long and about $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick. The color is very dark purple, almost black, and very smooth. It is difficult to find a good strain of this variety, and we have been very fortunate in obtaining our stock. It has pleased the most critical market gardening trade. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.20; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$2.00; lb. \$3.75.

Improved New York Spineless. Quite free from spines. Fruit of large size and perfect form. Two weeks earlier than the old variety. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.20; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$2.00; lb. \$3.75.



Black Beauty Eggplant

KOHL-RABI

The edible part is the turnip-shaped bulb formed above the ground. It is tender and excellent when used before being fully grown, combining somewhat the flavors of cabbage and turnips. Seed should be sown in light, rich soil as early in spring as possible in rows $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and when well established thin to 6 inches apart in the row. Plantings at intervals of 10 days will give a succession until hot weather, when they fail to grow well. Plantings made the latter part of July for fall use.

Early White Vienna. An early, smooth, white, medium-sized variety having few leaves. Ready for use in about 10 weeks. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 4 oz. 65c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 90c; lb. \$1.65.

Early Purple Vienna. Later than Early White Vienna. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 4 oz. 65c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 90c; lb. \$1.65.

KALE or BORECOLE

This is a species of the cabbage family and is extensively grown for greens, especially in the South. Most varieties have heavy, densely curled foliage of beautiful green and the dwarf varieties are desirable for ornamental garden use. The culture is practically the same as that of late cabbage but as the plants will withstand several degrees of frost they can be allowed to grow late into the fall. They are regarded by many as at their best after the first heavy frosts.

Dwarf-curved Scotch Kale. This is the variety usually sown in the fall for spring market. It is low-growing with finely curled leaves of deep green. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 60c; lb. 95c.

LEEK

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill

This is a widely cultivated species of the onion family. It is highly esteemed as a fall and winter substitute for green onions. Also regarded by many as superior in tenderness and flavor when cooked. The leaves are flat and the stems are large, cylindrical and bulbous. Sow early in spring in rows 12 to 15 inches apart, covering ½ inch deep. Thin the plants to 6 inches apart in the row and draw the earth about them when cultivating. If one desires very white and tender leeks, transplant when about 6 inches tall, setting 4 inches apart in trenches about 2 feet apart and gradually earth up like celery.

Large American Flag. The kind mostly grown for market. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; ½ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$2.00.

LETTUCE

One ounce of seed will sow 100 square feet or 120 feet of drill

Lettuce seed germinates quickly and may be planted as soon as the cold wet days of spring are past. The home gardener will find it best to sow seed in rows 15 to 18 inches apart, covering not more than ½ inch deep. The loose leaved type may be thinned to an inch or so apart as soon as a few leaves are formed and when large enough for the table may be thinned as used. In this way space is provided at about the same rate as required for normal growth.

The conditions necessary to grow good head lettuce are rich soil, plenty of moisture, and steady growth from the time the seeds are planted until the heads are ready to use. A check in growth from lack of nourishment or moisture usually means no head.

The most satisfactory results will be obtained from growing lettuce in cool weather; the seed should therefore be sown in boxes indoors or in the hot bed and set out as soon as weather conditions are favorable. If this is not practicable sowing may be made in the open ground as soon as soil and weather conditions permit. The plants should be thinned to 10 inches apart in the row and thorough cultivation given to keep down the weeds and conserve moisture. A light application of fertilizer, such as nitrate of soda, used after the plants have made some growth will be found very beneficial.

Black-seeded Simpson. Quick-growing variety with a mass of light green, curly leaves of finest quality. A most popular Lettuce. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 65c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.50.

Wayhead. Very early; close heading; large; of superior quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 65c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.50.

Iceberg. Solid heads; blanches well. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 65c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.50.

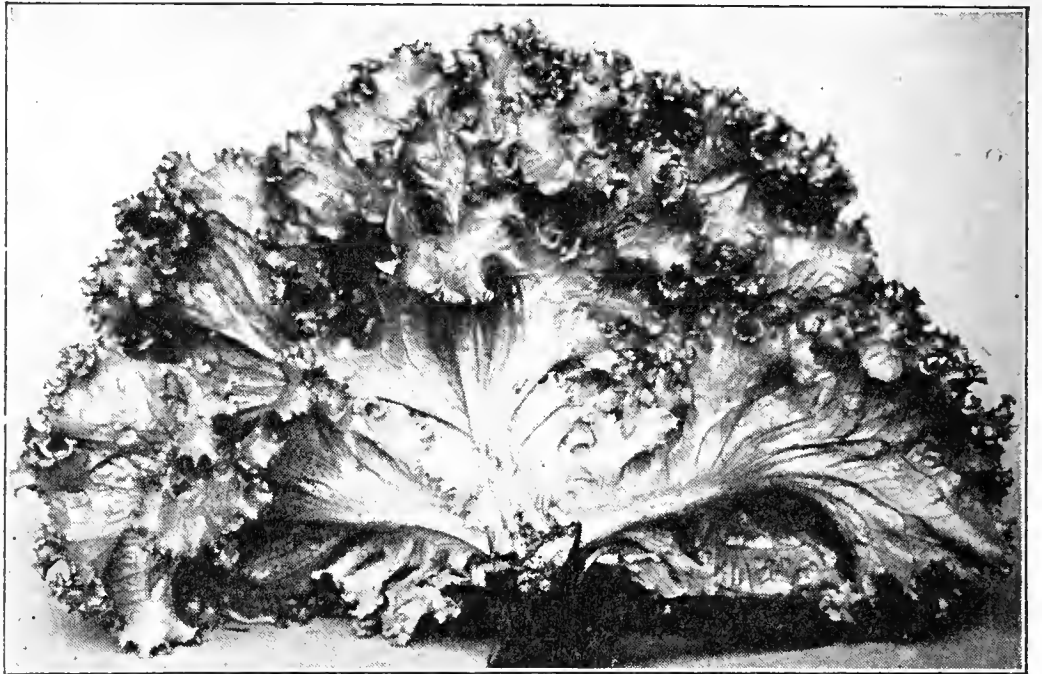
Black-seeded Tennis Ball. Heads close and hard. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 65c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.50.

Improved Salamander. A large, compact variety that withstands hot weather remarkably well. Leaves large, broad, overlapping, with well-blanch heart. One of the best for summer planting. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 65c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.50.

Hanson. A thin-leaved, curled, tight-heading, frilled-edge sort desirable for late summer planting, and remaining in condition a long time. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 65c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.50.

Early Curled Silesia. A favorite curled or loose-leaved sort for the home garden. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 65c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.50.

Grand Rapids. The crumpled leaves do not make a solid head. Forcing sort. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 65c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.50.



Grand Rapids Lettuce

Big Boston. Fine for coldframes or outdoors. Heads large and solid. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 65c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.50.

New York. Also called Los Angeles and Wonderful. Large, compact head with frilled edge and dark green leaves. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 70c; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$1.75.

Abel's Brittle Ice. Fine, quick-growing variety with bright green leaves. Heart extremely tender, juicy and nearly white. Excellent for market gardeners. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 70c; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$1.75.

Abel's Prizehead. Large, loose heads of crimped and fringed leaves, heavily shaded brown. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 65c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.50.

New York No. 12. This is the product of a single plant selection and the result of many year's work. It is a pronounced improvement over other types of New York, as it is earlier, makes large, solid heads of the flat type, and is remarkably uniform in maturity. Several fields have produced a nearly 100 per cent cut of U. S. No. 1 heads in 65 days from sowing. Its sure-heading quality makes it unsurpassed for spring and summer. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 70c; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$1.75.

Abel's All the Year Round. A variety for sowing in the fall for wintering over to have early Head Lettuce the first thing in the spring. Finest quality, solid heads with creamy yellow center. Sow the seed about August 15 to September 10. About the end of October, set the plants to remain permanently in as warm and favorable situation as possible. Protect with straw during frosty weather. Heads begin to form in April. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 70c; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$1.75.

COS or ROMAINE

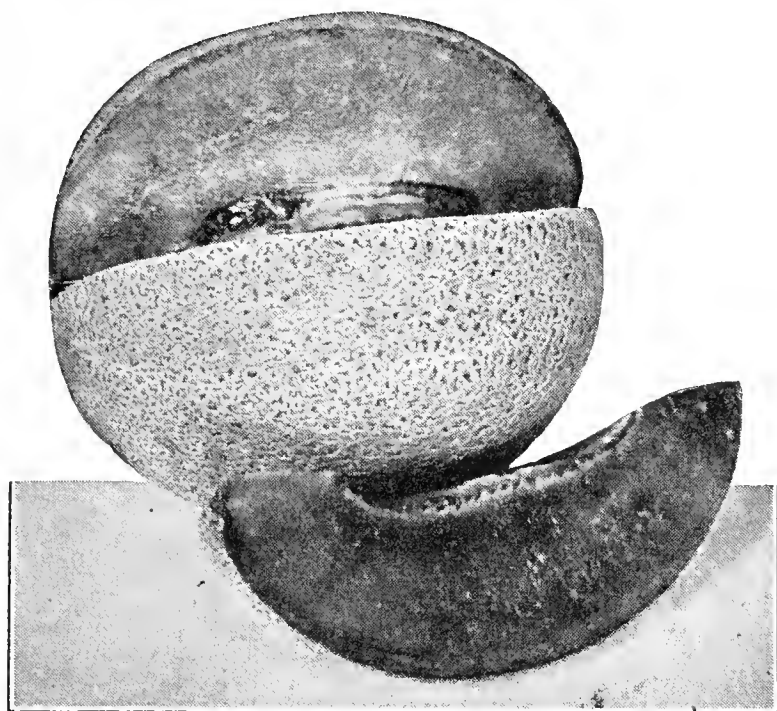
This class is quite distinct from the other classes of lettuce. It is frequently called celery lettuce on account of its erect habit of growth and because it possesses dark colored spatulate leaves with prominent midribs. For best results it should be planted for late summer or early fall use as it does not make solid heads in hot weather. When grown in the home garden each plant should have ample room and should be thinned to about 8 inches apart.

The earliest sowing may be made in February or March under glass, with slight heat. For later supply, sow in the open ground, and as soon as the season permits, thin out rows two feet apart and a foot between the plants. Requires good ground and abundant moisture.

Self-folding Cos or Romaine. Sow early and tie up to blanch. Long-leaved, crisp and tender. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; ½ lb. 75c; lb. \$1.25.



Cos Lettuce



Hale's Best

MUSKMELON

One ounce of seed will sow 80 hills; 2 to 3 pounds an acre

There are few products of the garden that give as much pleasure as ripe sweet melons fresh from the vines. With seedsmen and other plant breeders vying to produce the most delicious varieties it is now comparatively easy for the home gardener to enjoy this luscious garden prize at its best. Our list is made up of the most desirable varieties suited for growing wherever melons can be grown.

In sections where the summer is short, seed can be planted indoors or in hot beds by using small boxes, such as berry boxes. These can be transplanted to the garden when danger of frost is past. If practicable spade in a liberal fork full of well rotted manure at the bottom of each hill. The rows should be at least 6 feet apart and the hills 3 feet apart in the rows. In general the culture is practically the same as for cucumber.

Abel's Perfection. A large, main-crop variety, varying in shape from round to slightly oblong. Pale green skin distinctly ribbed and slightly netted; flesh deep salmon, sweet and spicy. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00.

Banana. Melons 15 to 20 inches long and 4 to 6 inches in diameter. Thick salmon flesh of delicious flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ½ lb. 80c; lb. \$1.50.

Bender's Surprise. Without doubt one of the finest flavored melons we have ever eaten; and we recommend it very strongly. When ripe, the skin is a light greenish yellow, the flesh a very deep salmon. Slightly oval in shape, with coarse netting. The vines are very productive, maturing fruit in about 80 days. Oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25.

Emerald Gem. Early; small; flesh deep orange, very sweet. The best and most popular sort for this section. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 55c; lb. \$1.00.

Extra-early Hackensack. Earlier than Hackensack and not quite so large. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 55c; lb. \$1.00.

Flat Jenny Lind. Heavily netted fruits, 3½ to 4½ inches in diameter, with crisp, light green flesh of rich flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 55c; lb. \$1.00.

Fordhook. Melons grow to a handy size and are very attractive. They are round, flat, and thick, with bright orange-salmon flesh. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 55c; lb. \$1.00.

Hale's Best. Since its introduction this variety has displaced some of the older popular favorites by its outstanding merit. An early melon, ripening in 75 to 80 days. The nearly round fruits are normally 6 to 6½ inches long, densely covered with medium heavy netting and are almost devoid of ribbing. The flesh is very thick and fine grained, deep salmon-pink in color and richly flavored. Oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25.

Hearts of Gold. One of the most popular medium sized melons. It follows the earlier varieties, and it is very fine to plant for succession as it ripens in about 100 days. The fruits are 5 to 6 inches in diameter. The smooth orange-salmon flesh is exceptionally thick and fine flavored. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25.

Rocky Ford. Skin green, turning to a peculiar gray color when the melon is fit for use. It weighs about 1½ pounds. A firm, solid, sweet, tasty variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 55c; lb. \$1.00.

Spicy. Quite uniform fruits, measuring from 8 to 10 inches long and 6 to 7 inches in diameter. Flesh deep rich salmon and tender. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ½ lb. 80c; lb. \$1.50.

MUSTARD

This is a very quick growing foliage plant that is raised principally for greens. It is related to the turnip and the leaves are much like turnip tops in flavor but are more tender and the stems are not so long nor so coarse. Mustard greens have a rich flavor and are fully as healthful and nutritious as spinach.

Seed may be sown from early spring to midsummer in rows 18 inches apart. Thin to 5 or 6 inches apart in the rows. The plants are in condition for use as soon as the leaves are the size of one's hand. Mustard runs to seed quickly, so successive plantings are necessary for a continuous supply.

Fordhook Fancy. The plume-like leaves of this variety are closely curled and finely fringed. The medium yellowish-green color and compact erect habit of growth lends a decorative touch to the garden and the tender quality and fine flavor of this variety render it one of the most desirable for salads and greens. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 80c.

OKRA or GUMBO

This is commonly grown in the South where it is very popular. Seed does not germinate well at cool temperatures and planting should be delayed until the ground is warm. Plant in rows about 2½ feet apart, dropping 4 or 5 seeds to the foot and covering about an inch deep. Thin to about 1½ feet in the row and keep thoroughly cultivated. Okra is raised for the pods which are extensively used in soups, stews, catsup and other relishes. They are at their best when 1 to 3 inches long.

Kleckley's Favorite. The plants grow 2½ to 3 feet high, close-jointed, with ample foliage, and bear smooth white pods of the very finest quality at each leaf-joint. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 90.

ONIONS

One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill; 5 pounds an acre

It is probable that no other garden vegetable is used in so many ways as the onion. Raw or cooked, alone or in combination with other vegetables, it is equally desirable. As an appetizer it has no superior and many of the housewife's cherished recipes would be incomplete without it.

A row or two of onions in the home garden will furnish a supply which will continue from midsummer to the following spring. Onions are very hardy and the seed will germinate in cool weather. It can be planted safely just as soon as the soil can be prepared. Shallow planting is advisable, ¼ to ½ inch being about right. When 2 or 3 inches tall the young plants can be thinned enough to prevent crowding. They may be thinned when 6 or 8 inches in height and the plants which are removed will be ready for use as green onions. From then on they can be used as needed and when fully ripened the unused bulbs can be stored for winter.

Wethersfield Large Red. The standard red market variety. Large, round, somewhat flattened; flesh purplish white; skin deep purplish red. Very productive. The best keeper and one of the most popular for general cultivation. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00.

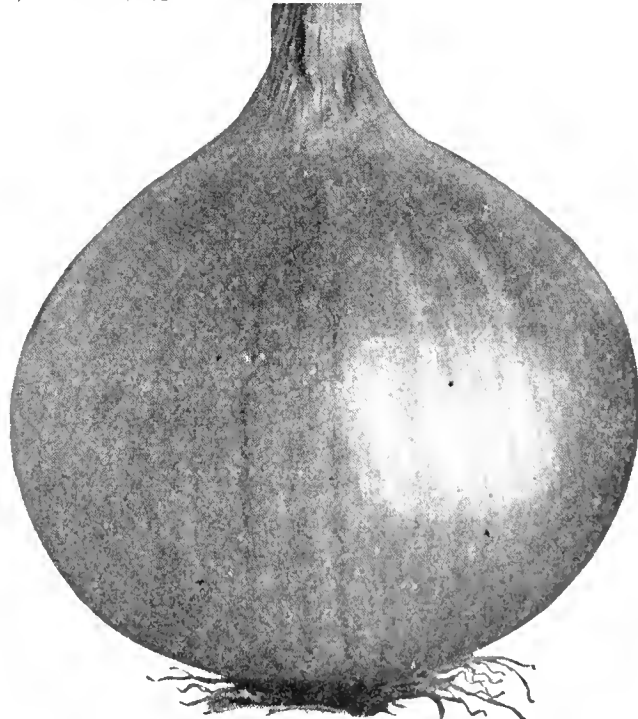
Yellow Globe Danvers. An early and abundant cropper. Large, very thick bulb, flat or slightly convex bottom, full oval top, with small neck, and rich, brownish yellow skin. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.

Mammoth Prizetaker. Enormous bulb, averaging from 10 to 16 inches in circumference. A good winter keeper. The outside skin is of a rich yellow, while the flesh is white, sweet, and tender. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.

Mammoth Silver King. Enormous silvery white Onions of mild flavor. Quickly grows to maturity on rich soil and often attains a weight of 2 to 3 pounds. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.

Southport Yellow Globe. Form nearly ovoid, regular, and symmetrical; mild and pleasant flavor; slightly later than the other yellow sorts. Keeps well. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.

Southport White Globe. Handsome, uniformly globe-shaped bulbs with firm, fine-grained flesh of mild flavor. Yields abundantly. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.



Abel's Prizetaker Onion

ONIONS—(Continued)

Southport Red Globe. The deep color and symmetrical form of this onion make it very attractive. Bulbs reach full size within 110 days, keep well and are of superior quality. Very firm and of strong flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.

White Portugal (Silverskin). Very early; rather flat in shape, mild flavored. Does not keep so well as most other varieties. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Extra-early Barletta. An Italian variety and the very earliest Onion in cultivation. Small, pure white; mild, delicate flavor. Makes a handsome and profitable bunching sort, especially if started indoors and transplanted. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Abel's Bottle Onion. Seed of this variety is very scarce and always in great demand. Bulb long or bottle-shaped; mild, pleasant flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.50.

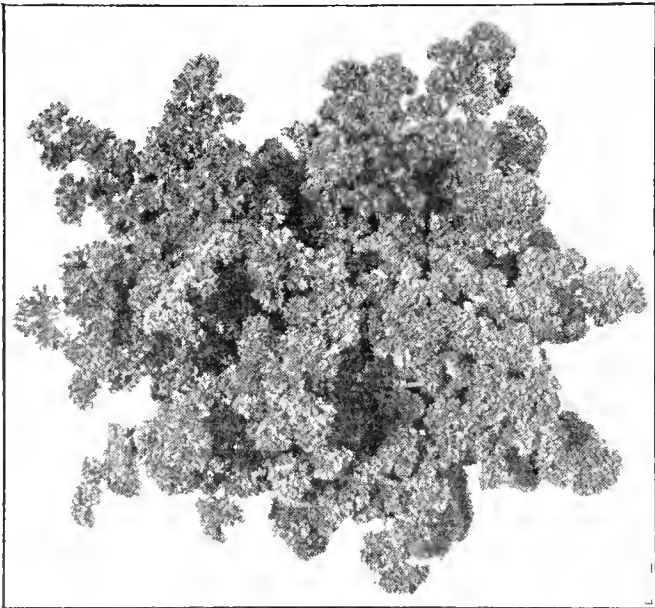
Sweet Spanish (Riverside Strain). This finely bred strain is steadily increasing in popularity due to its large size, attractive yellowish-brown covering and excellent flavor. Under favorable conditions the globe shaped bulbs often weigh 2 pounds and always possess a most delicious mild flavor. It keeps well. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.

Gigantic Gibraltar. Produces perfectly globular Onions of enormous size. The skin is a pleasing light straw color, and extends evenly over the whole Onion. The flesh is white and astonishingly sweet. It is mild and tasty, and the texture is brittle, tender and juicy. These large handsome Onions mature very evenly. Oz. 35c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.

ONION SETS

6 to 12 bushels (according to size) are required to set an acre in drills
Prices vary according to the market. Write for prices and samples.

PARSLEY



Moss Curled Parsley

This well known vegetable is very useful for flavoring soups and for garnishing. The green leaves are used for flavoring or they may be dried crisp, rubbed to powder and kept in bottles until needed.

Parsley succeeds best on rich, mellow soil. The seed is even slower than parsnips in germinating and should be sown as early as possible in the spring, in rows 1 to 2 feet apart, covering not more than ½ inch with fine soil firmly pressed down. When the plants are well up thin 8 to 12 inches apart in the row. When the plants of the curled varieties are about 3 inches high cut off all the leaves; the plant will then start new growth of leaves which will be brighter and better curled. Later, if these turn dull or brown they can be cut in the same way; every cutting will result in improvement of the quality of the leaves.

Plain (Single). Plain leaves of excellent flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. 90c.

Double Curled. Fine, dwarf, crimped leaves. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. 90c.

Dark Moss-curved. The leaves are of an extra-dark green color. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. 90c.

Turnip-rooted (Hamburg). The edible portion is the fleshy root which resembles a small parsnip, and is used for flavoring soups, stews, etc. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. 90c.

PARSNIP

Parsnips grow best in a loose rich sandy loam but will make good roots in any soil, that is reasonably rich and deep. Stony soil and coarse raw manure is apt to produce branched or misshapen roots. The seed requires steady and abundant moisture for germination and should be sown as early as practicable. Sow in rows 2 to 2½ feet apart and when well up, thin to about 5 inches apart in the row. Keep the ground moist if possible. Parsnips are improved rather than injured by freezing, and a portion of the crop can be left in the ground all winter to be used as a spring vegetable when the ground has thawed.

Long Smooth (Hollow Crown). A large cropper that is tender, sugary, and popular for general cultivation, but requires a deep soil. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.

PEPPERS

The garden varieties of pepper are divided into two classes, each of which has its special culinary uses. They generally are classified as "hot" and "sweet" peppers. The hot varieties are nearly all much smaller than the sweet ones and the smallest fruited varieties are usually the hottest. They are mostly used as condiments in various forms. The sweet peppers have thicker flesh, are larger and do not possess the pungent quality of the hot ones. They are becoming more popular for garnishing and in relishes, etc.

The culture is practically the same as that for egg plant and the soil and temperature requirements are about the same. A moderate dressing of guano, poultry manure or complete commercial fertilizer, hoed into the soil after the plants are 6 to 8 inches tall will be very beneficial. If fruits are kept picked, pepper plants will continue to bear all along as the weather is favorable.

California Wonder. This is unquestionably the leader of the sweet Peppers. Vigorous growing plants bear a heavy yield of handsome blocky fruits which reach a size of 5 inches in length and 4 inches across. The thickness of flesh alone, which is often ¾ of an inch, places it above all other Peppers. There is not the least trace of pungency in the flesh, and it is crisp and juicy. In the home garden these are always an object of admiration, and they are equally pleasing when served on the table. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 35c; oz. 55c; ¼ lb. \$1.65; ½ lb. \$3.00.

Harris' Early Giant. This most admirable sort is especially adapted to northern growing because of its early maturity. The Peppers are larger than any other early sort, 3½ inches in diameter and 4½ inches long, while from 6 to 10 are produced on one plant. For unripe picking they are medium dark green and in maturity are bright red. The flesh is moderately thick and of excellent quality. It is a choice home-garden sort. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 45c; ¼ lb. \$1.35; ½ lb. \$2.45.

World Beater. Very large, thick-meated Pepper; mild flavor; bright red. Very productive. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.15; ½ lb. \$1.90.

Ruby King. Fruits about 4 inches long; flesh thick and mild, dark green while young, turning bright red. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.65.

Neapolitan. A variety of sweet Pepper which matures very early. It grows about 3 inches long. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; ob. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.65.

Golden Queen. Mild, sweet, yellow Pepper. Quite attractive. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 45c; ¼ lb. \$1.35; ½ lb. \$2.45.

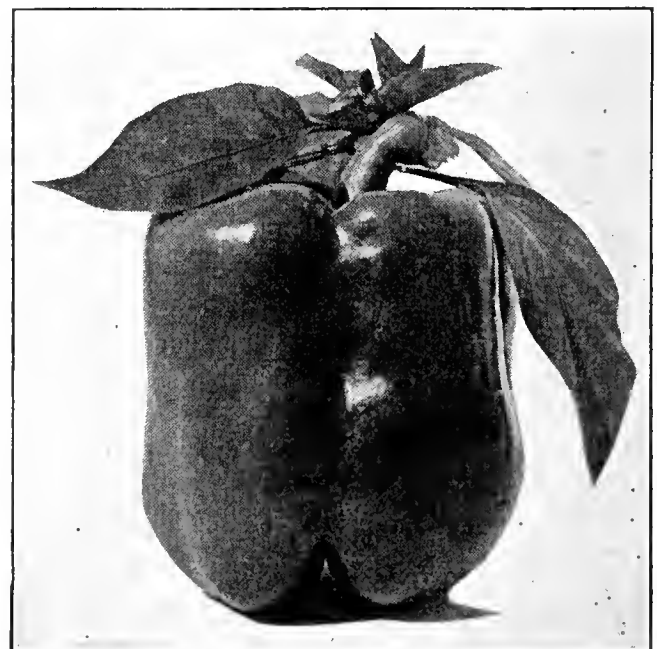
Tobasco. Small and very hot. Used as a condiment either in vinegar or for making sauce. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.50; ½ lb. \$2.75.

Chinese Giant. The largest mild red Pepper; ideal for the home garden. Plants vigorous, of stocky habit, seldom more than 2 feet high. Fruit 4 to 5 inches broad at the top. All are uniformly of enormous size. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 35c; oz. 55c; ¼ lb. \$1.65; ½ lb. \$3.00.

Celestial. Small, upright pods. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.35.

Red Cherry. Very ornamental. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.35.

Large Bell (Bullnose). Large, mild, bright red fruits largely used for pickling. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.65.



California Wonder Pepper

ABEL'S CHOICE PEAS

Peas require moderate temperature, plenty of moisture and increasing daylight for maximum development. They are immune from injury by light frosts and may be planted as early in the Spring as the condition of the soil will permit. The earliest plantings are usually the most successful.



Abel's Wonder Peas

The time needed to reach table condition is so evenly graduated among the varieties that by planting some of the several varieties at the same time a well arranged succession can be obtained extending over a period of 30 days. Successive plantings of a desirable variety will also provide a succession but this cannot be extended over as long a period with as good results.

The seeds should be planted in rows at a depth of 1½ to 2 inches. The rows should be 21 to 28 inches apart for dwarf varieties and about 28 to 42 inches apart for the taller sorts.

Abel's Twentieth Century (Semi-wrinkled Seed). A new pea, introduced in 1933 by Woodruffs. It is of the Superb type, but has very dark green foliage and pods, a vine about two feet tall and matures in about 65 days. It is very hardy and can be planted early. The pods are 3½ to 4 inches long, pointed, somewhat curved and mostly set in pairs. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$2.80; bus. \$10.75.

Abel's Easy Money. One of the greatest peas we have ever offered, as it produces a large, plump, dark green pod similar to Gradus, but is ready five to ten days earlier. The vine is considerably shorter than Gradus. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$2.80; bus. \$10.75.

Abel's Wonder-Wilt Resistant. Vine, 24 to 28 inches; dark green. Pod 5 to 6½ inches; dark green. Maturity about 75 days. Remains tender and sweet a week to 10 days after ready to pick. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 30c; qt. 50c; pk. \$3.50; bus. \$12.75.

Abel's Early Bird. The best-yielding, the hardiest, and the most prolific of the Laxtonian type. It is a semi-round-seeded Pea with a very large dark green pod of wonderful appearance and a very sturdy dwarf vine. Season 58 days. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Buist's Extra-early Morning Star. The earliest Pea in the world. Ready for picking in 58 days. They are much hardier, more productive, and withstand greater changes of weather than any other variety. The largest-podded extra early, and entirely free from runners. So uniformly do they ripen that the entire crop can be taken off in two pickings. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Alaska. Vines 2 to 2½ feet high, unbranched, bearing 4 to 7 long pods, which are filled with medium-sized dark green Peas of excellent flavor. Season 58 days. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 15c; qt. 25c; pk. \$1.90; bus. \$7.50.

American Wonder. The earliest wrinkled Pea. Vines grow 10 to 12 inches high and are very prolific in pods of striking form and size and of the finest flavor. If planted in June they mature in 33 days. Particularly adapted for family use, requiring no brush or other support. Season 60 days. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Nott's Excelsior. A fine, compact, dwarf grower, with pods one-third larger than those of American Wonder, and maturing almost as early (55 days). Pods well filled to the ends with from 7 to 9 Peas, of superior tenderness and flavor. Vines grow about 15 inches high. Season 59 days. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Gradus (Prosperity). An extra-early wrinkled Pea, hardy and very profitable, about 2½ feet high. One of the most widely known varieties in cultivation. The reason is that it produces a Telephone pod nearly as early as Alaska. Ready for market in 60 days. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Extra-early Blue Bantam. The best first-early dwarf wrinkled Pea. The dwarf, vigorous vines average 15 inches high and carry enormous crops of large, deep bluish green pods. Its pointed pods, generally borne singly, measure 4 to 4½ inches long and are tightly packed with 8 to 10 large, deep bluish green Peas. Season 60 days. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Little Marvel. Dwarf variety that resembles in size, quality, and quantity Nott's Excelsior, but has larger pods, which are set heavily on vigorous vines about 15 inches in height. Season 63 days. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Telephone. Medium-late, wrinkled, productive variety growing 4 feet high with long, slightly curved pods. Peas of large size and best quality. Season 72 days. ¼ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Alderman. Large-podded, wrinkled Pea of robust habit. Pods 5 to 6 inches long, well filled with Peas of excellent flavor. Grows 5 to 6 feet tall. Season 72 days. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Dwarf Telephone (Carter's Daisy). Dwarf, stocky, healthy, vigorous plants frequently bearing 5 to 7 pods, often 5 inches long, remarkably well filled, containing as many as 10 delicious Peas. Height 18 inches. Season 75 days. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Laxtonian. A giant-podded dwarf, extra-early wrinkled Pea that grows only 1½ feet high and requires no support. The enormous pods are dark green, well filled with Peas of fine flavor, and measure 4½ inches in length. Season 67 days. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Thomas Laxton. An early, large-podded Pea which is very hardy and a strong grower, producing pods in abundance. The habit and growth of vine resemble Gradus, although the color is darker and pods more blunt. Pods well filled with large, very sweet Peas. Matures as early as many of the smooth extra-early Peas and may be planted at same time. Season 62 days. Height 3 feet. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Laxton's Progress. Season 64 days. Vine 15 inch, dark and heavy. The pods are 4½ inches, dark pointed. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

EDIBLE POD VARIETIES

The pods of this particular class are as easily cooked as snap beans and have all the sweetness and flavor of fresh green peas. Until the pods are partly filled out they are prepared in the same way as snap beans, and after the seeds are developed they are very good as shelled peas. Their excellent qualities are not generally known but wherever tried they become popular on account of their high quality and two-fold usefulness. We suggest that you become acquainted with one of the excellent varieties listed below.

Mammoth Melting Sugar Peas. (White blossom.) A fine new variety that produces an abundance of large, broad pods. Height 4 feet. Season 84 days. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$3.00; bus. \$11.00.

Mammoth Luscious Sugar Peas. (Purple blossom.) Height 3 feet. Season 80 days. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$3.00; bus. \$11.00.

Dwarf Gray Sugar Peas. (Purple blossom.) Height 2 feet. Season 62 days. ½ pt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$2.50; bus. \$9.00.

Dwarf White Blossom. Very sweet, light green pods. Seeds white. Grows about 20 inches. Season 62 days. ½ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c; pk. \$3.50; bus. \$12.00.

PUMPKINS

Pumpkins are less sensitive than melons or cucumbers to unfavorable conditions of soil and weather. Their cultural requirements are, however, much the same. They are raised between hills of corn or in open field, but more properly belong to the farm than the garden as they occupy too much room for the ordinary yard. Wherever room is available a few hills of pumpkins should be planted as they are peculiar to American cookery and constitute one of our most nutritious and pleasing dishes.

Japanese. Similar to the Cushaw, but the skin is a deep green, with dark stripes, turning to a rich golden yellow. Fruits mature early. The large neck is solid and meaty. Flesh deep yellow. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 35c; ½ lb. 60c; lb. 90c.

White Cushaw (Jonathan). A popular crookneck with a hard, creamy white shell. Fruits 2 feet long, with long, solid, meaty neck. Thick flesh of fine quality. Price 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 35c; ½ lb. 60c; lb. 90c.

Yellow Cushaw. A crookneck variety of rich golden color and fine flavor. One of the best varieties for home use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 65c; lb. \$1.00.

Striped Cushaw. Skin is striped with creamy white bands mottled green. Rich, yellow meat, tender, and of fine flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 35c; ½ lb. 60c; lb. 90c.

Genuine Mammoth Jumbo (King of the Mammoths). Fruits grow 2 feet or more in diameter, and from 100 to 200 pounds in weight. Salmon-orange skin; very thick, bright yellow flesh, which is fine grained, tender, and of excellent quality for pies. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c; ½ lb. 70c; lb. \$1.25.

Small Sugar. Fruits average about 10 inches in diameter, of excellent keeping qualities, flattened or slightly ribbed. Skin deep orange-yellow; flesh very sweet. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 35c; ½ lb. 60c; lb. 90c.

Big Tom (Improved Large Field). Vines of strong, vigorous growth and wonderfully prolific. Fruits average 15 to 20 inches in diameter, round or slightly oval in form; reddish orange skin, slightly ribbed; rich orange-yellow flesh. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; ½ lb. 50c; lb. 75c.



Abel's Sparkler White Tip

RADISH

One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill; 8 to 10 pounds an acre

The culture of radishes is so easy and the results so sure that they are probably found in more home gardens than any other vegetable. The varieties of radish differ so distinctly and cover such a wide range of choice that the home gardener is able to obtain almost anything he prefers in the way of shape, color, size and season.

The ground for growing radishes should be finely prepared and as free as possible of small stones and lumps. Plant seed about 1/2 inch deep in rows 12 to 18 inches apart and when up about an inch thin to 1 or 2 inches apart. Radishes are at their best when the growth is quick and steady. A moderate temperature and constant moisture are favorable for best results. Most varieties become pithy soon after reaching full size. In order to maintain a continued supply, successive plantings should be made.

Abel's Sparkler. Small, round roots with bright scarlet top, a clear white base, and small, slender tap-root. Flesh juicy, pure white, of agreeably snappy flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 50c; lb. 90c; 2 lbs. \$1.70; 5 lbs. \$4.05; 10 lbs. \$7.10.

White Icicle. The finest of all long Radishes and quite distinct. Roots of good size, shaped like an icicle, straight, free from any side roots. Flesh crisp and tender, even when fully developed. For either spring or fall sowing. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 45c; lb. 75c; 2 lbs. \$1.25.

New Pearl or Pearl Forcing. A beautiful pearly white, half stump-rooted Radish that is very firm and solid and remains in good condition for two weeks before becoming woody or showing any signs of going to seed. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 45c; lb. 75c; 2 lbs. \$1.25.

Cincinnati Market. Clear bright rose-red counterpart of Icicle. Equally crisp and refreshing. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 45c; lb. 75c; 2 lbs. \$1.25.

French Breakfast. Oval or olive-shaped; clear red, tipped white. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 45c; lb. 75c; 2 lbs. \$1.25.

Abel's Rapid Red. Small, perfectly round, with thin, bright red skin; flesh pure white, crisp. Ready for market in 20 to 25 days. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 45c; lb. 75c; 2 lbs. \$1.25.

White Strasburg. Roots 4 to 5 inches long and 2 inches in diameter; flesh white, mild and crisp. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 45c; lb. 75c; 2 lbs. \$1.25.

Chartiers (Shepherd). Attractive roots of bright crimson, tipped with white; flesh white, crisp, and of fine flavor. Easily grown and very delicious, with agreeably snappy flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 45c; lb. 75c; 2 lbs. \$1.25.

Long White Vienna (Lady Finger). Grows to good size without becoming pithy or tough. Flesh pure white, and juicy. Use rich, moist soil which has been prepared deeply. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 45c; lb. 75c; 2 lbs. \$1.25.

Crimson Giant Globe. Suitable both for forcing or planting outdoors. In shape it is round to oval and very attractive. The flesh is mild and tender. Grows to a larger radish than in its class yet retains its crispness and solidity. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 50c; lb. 90c; 2 lbs. \$1.25.

WINTER RADISHES

One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of row

These require cool weather at the finish of their growing season, though they may be started during hot weather. Make your first planting the middle of June, second middle of July, third middle of August. Sow thinly in rows not less than 15 inches apart; thin out to stand 6 inches apart. Easily stored for winter use.

California Mammoth White Radish. This is an exceptionally fine winter variety. Growing about 8 inches long and is about 2 1/4 inches thick and cylindrical. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 40c; 1/2 lb. 60c; lb. \$1.00.

Chinese Rose (Scarlet China). Roots medium size, 4 to 5 inches long; skin deep rose; flesh white, firm, compact, free from any hard fiber or strings. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 45c; lb. 75c; 2 lbs. \$1.25.

Long Black Spanish. Roots 7 to 10 inches long, 2 to 3 inches thick; skin black; flesh pure white, firm, juicy, and has a good snappy flavor. Will keep in perfect condition all winter long if stored in a frostproof cellar. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 45c; lb. 75c; 2 lbs. \$1.25.

White Chinese (Celestial). Roots cylindric, 12 to 15 inches long, with a diameter of 5 inches; flesh crisp, juicy, tender, agreeably mild in flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 45c; lb. 75c; 2 lbs. \$1.25.

RUTABAGA

Improved Purple-top. This special strain of Rutabaga is remarkable for uniform shape and fine quality, and is also a splendid keeper. The roots grow to large size, skin smooth, and flesh beautiful yellow and fine grained. The flavor is good, being very sweet and tender. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. 80c.

Early Neckless Rutabaga. A new variety of Improved Purple Top Yellow Rutabaga, having no neck at all, and in our opinion, the finest table quality of Rutabaga on the market. It has the added feature that it grows in two to three weeks less time than most standard stocks of rutabaga, and it can therefore be planted two to three weeks later in the fall than the usual type. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; 1/2 lb. 50c; lb. 85c.

RHUBARB

Good plants are easily grown in any good garden soil. Sow seed thinly in shallow drills a foot apart and thin to 4 to 5 inches. Keep soil loose and free from weeds. The plants vary considerably. Pick out the strongest and best. In fall or spring following, transplant to the permanent bed, 4 feet apart each way, in deep warm, rich soil. **Victoria.** The most popular variety. Comes quite true from seed. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

SALSIFY

(Vegetable Oyster Plant)

One of the most desirable winter vegetables. The roots when cooked are very palatable and nutritious and are served in a variety of ways. The flavor is similar to oysters. Salsify succeeds best in a light, well enriched soil, which should be stirred to a good depth. Coarse and fresh manure should be avoided, as it will surely cause the roots to become irregular and much branched. Sow early and quite deep, giving the general culture recommended for parsnip. The roots are perfectly hardy and may remain out all winter, but should be dug early in spring as they deteriorate rapidly after growth commences. Frost does not injure the roots, but before the ground freezes a quantity for winter use may be stored in a pit or in a good cellar.

Mammoth Sandwich Island. Makes fine large roots of delicious flavor. The best variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.

SPINACH

Sow 1 ounce of seed to 100 feet of drill

Sow in rows 16 to 20 inches apart and thin to 6 inches apart in the row when leaves are an inch wide. In the North seed can be planted as soon as the ground can be prepared. In the South spinach will winter over with little or no protection. The soil for spinach should be as rich as practicable. The size and quality of the leaves is much increased by the richness of the soil.

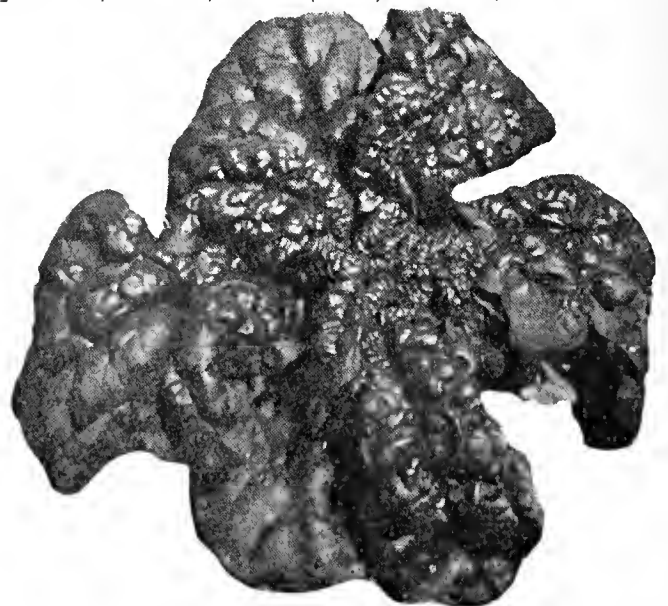
Bloomsdale. Savoy-leaved, very early, and one of the best for fall or early spring planting. Leaves dark green, medium size, and crumpled. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.25; 10 lbs. \$2.00; 50 lbs. \$9.50.

Long Standing Bloomsdale. This rather new variety is becoming more popular each year and is very desirable where a curled, dark leaf spinach is desired; does not lay flat on the ground, for it has an upright compact growth. This variety has been bred to eliminate the early seeding. It will stand ten days longer than most varieties before bolting to seed. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.25; 10 lbs. \$2.00; 50 lbs. \$9.50.

Victoria. Leaves large, thick, dark green. Becomes fit for use early and remains in condition a long time. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 45c; 5 lbs. \$1.50.

New Zealand. Entirely distinct variety. Produces a large quantity of leaves. When cut, branches out and makes new growth, producing until frost. For summer use, sow early in spring. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.00.

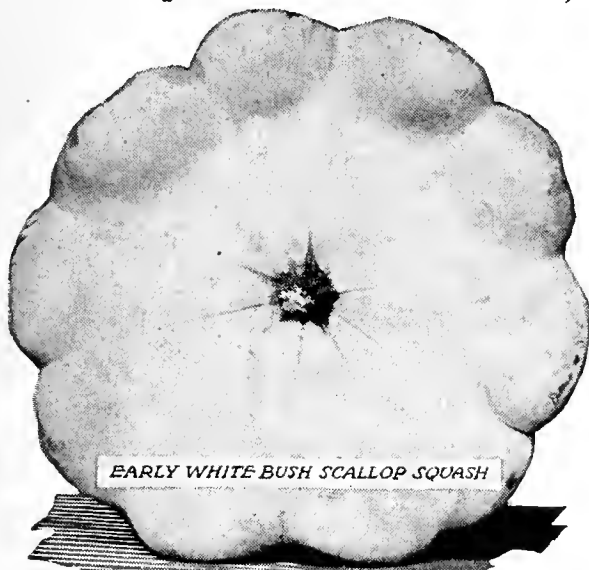
King of Denmark. The leaves are large, rounded somewhat, blistered and deep green in color. A rather slow growing variety but remains in good condition a week after some varieties have shot to seed. The plants resemble long season. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 35c; lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.75.



Bloomsdale Spinach

SQUASH

*Bush sorts: Sow 1 ounce to 50 hills; 6 pounds per acre
Running sorts: Sow 1 ounce to 16 hills; 4 pounds per acre*



EARLY WHITE BUSH SCALLOP SQUASH

Early explorers of North America found squashes growing in widely separated regions. Like maize and potatoes they seem to be natives of this country. For generations squash and its near relative, the pumpkin, have been staple vegetables in the American household and have formed one of our most nutritious and valuable articles of food.

There are two distinct classifications of squash which, owing to their habits of

growth and difference in character, are generally referred to as "Summer" and "Winter" Squashes.

In general the culture of squashes is the same as that of pumpkins and melons, the trailing varieties requiring as much room as pumpkins and the bush varieties take about the same space as cucumbers.

Golden Summer Crookneck. Golden yellow fruit; early and prolific. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25.

White Bush Scallop. Early. A good market sort. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25.

Golden Hubbard. Similar to the standard sort except in color. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50.

Hubbard. The standard winter Squash. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50.

Fordhook's. Most desirable for both summer and winter use. Fruit oblong, 8 to 10 inches in length, slightly ridged; smooth, thin, yellowish skin; flesh very thick and of light straw-yellow. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c.

Italian Vegetable Marrow (Cocozella). Produces a good crop of practically straight squash on a bush similar to Crookneck, but the leaves are somewhat different in appearance. The fruit is mottled dark and light green, later being marbled with yellow. Measure about 15 inches long. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 55c; ½ lb. 75c; lb. \$1.25.

SWISS CHARD or SPINACH BEET

Lucullus. The stalks are as thick and broad as those of rhubarb, being 1½ inches broad, heavily ribbed, and from 10 to 12 inches long below the leaf. The extra-large leaves of thick texture are heavily crumpled or "savoyed" and of fine flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. 90c.

TOMATO

One ounce of seed will produce about 2000 plants

Of all vegetables, the long bearing season and productive capacity of the tomato together with its wide range of usefulness and high vitamin content make it one of the most valuable and helpful of cultivated plants. A portion of the garden devoted to tomatoes will furnish a constant supply of fresh fruit sufficiently for the family over a period of two months or more.

The seed is usually planted indoors about May 1st, using shallow boxes or flats and plant in rows about 2 inches apart. Any small container or pot will do at first for a small quantity. As soon as the seedlings are about an inch high they are "pricked out" into a larger box, spacing them about 4 inches apart; rich, loose soil is very helpful. When the weather has moderated they should be gradually hardened off or acclimated to the outside temperature. A warm, sheltered spot where they can be protected at night or in case of frost is highly desirable. About 6 weeks after seed is sown the plants are ready for setting in their permanent location. By making allowance for differences in climatic conditions, usually based on the probable date of the last killing frost in spring, every gardener can decide the approximate time for planting in his own neighborhood.

To insure early ripening and perfection of fruit it is advisable to train up and trim the vines. Unstaked they require spacing of 4 to 5 feet but staked plants may be set 2½ feet apart, since the growth is all upright.

Abel's Market Champion. This magnificent new main crop tomato possesses all the good qualities to make it the ideal tomato for market and the home garden. The vines are large, hardy and productive. The fruits are bright scarlet, oval and deep, exceptionally smooth, ripening evenly to the stem without cracking. This new introduction of ours is the best of all tomatoes for canning and is unsurpassed as a money-maker for the market gardener. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

Abel's Oxheart. Delicious meaty variety with few seeds. Deep heart shape; smooth; rich pink. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 40c; oz. 70c; ¼ lb. \$2.50.

Beefsteak. Large size, solid and smooth. Similar to Ponderosa except in color. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 90c; ½ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$3.00.

Bonny Best. As early as John Baer. Smooth, uniform fruit. Bears well until frost. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 90c; ½ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$3.00.

Earliana. Earliest large red. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 90c; ½ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$3.00.

Break O' Day. The main feature of this variety is its earliness, earlier than Earliana and resembles Marglobe in shape, being globe shaped. The color is not quite as good as Marglobe nor will it stand hot burning weather as well. For an extra early tomato, however, we have never seen its equal. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.20; ½ lb. \$2.20; lb. \$4.00.

Marglobe. Withstands long periods of wet and unfavorable weather, yet produces a maximum crop of large, well-rounded, scarlet-red fruits. Plants resistant to nail-head rust and fusarium wilt. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.50.

Matchless. A very large sort. Foliage and habit of growth compact and upright. Fruit smooth, early, and purplish red. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 90c; ½ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$3.00.

Burpee's Dwarf Giant. The largest fruited of all dwarf varieties, individual fruits often weighing from 10 to 20 ounces each. Pinkish red flesh, almost seedless, and rich purple-crimson skin. The flesh is "solid as a rock." Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 40c; oz. 65c; ¼ lb. \$1.95; ½ lb. \$3.35; lb. \$5.50.

Stone. A remarkable main-crop variety. Robust, solid, very little seed cavity; extremely productive. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. 95c; ½ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$2.75.

Dwarf Stone. Large, fruited dwarf sort; color bright scarlet. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 45c; ¼ lb. \$1.35; ½ lb. \$2.45; lb. \$4.50.

Ponderosa. The largest Tomato. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 30c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.00.

Golden Queen. A large, smooth yellow variety. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.10; ½ lb. \$2.20; lb. \$4.00.

Trucker's Favorite. Fruit of regular size and form, meaty, very evenly colored deep rich purplish red from stem to blossom end. Matures between the midseason and main-crop varieties. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 90c; ½ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$3.00.

Chalk's Early Jewel. The largest, smoothest, and finest flavored extra-early bright red Tomato. A heavy cropper throughout the season. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 90c; ½ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$3.00.

Abel's Greater Baltimore. A main-crop Tomato with large, scarlet-red fruits not unlike Matchless. Popular with canners because it yields heavily. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. 90c; ½ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60.

John Baer. A few days later than Earliana but more uniform, attractive, and productive. The most profitable extra-early variety. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. 90c; ½ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60.

PRESERVING TOMATOES

The following small-fruited varieties are used for making preserves and are quite ornamental: **Pear-shaped Red, Pear-shaped Yellow, Yellow Plum, Yellow Cherry, Red Cherry, Red Currant, Red Peach, Strawberry or Ground Cherry.** Each, pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$5.00.



Abel's Market Champion

TURNIP

A planting of turnips in the home garden will furnish a supply of nourishing greens during the summer months when the spring greens such as spinach and beets are usually exhausted. Turnips serve the dual purpose of providing quickly grown greens and a subsequent crop of useful roots.

For summer use sow early in spring in rows $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet apart. Plant seed about a half inch deep and press the soil down firmly and smoothly. When the seedlings appear give a liberal application of tobacco dust to prevent injury by flea-beetles and root maggots. As soon as the plants are about an inch tall thinning should be started and carried on as recommended for beets. For fall and winter use the seed may be planted as late as August.



Abel's Purple Top White Globe Turnip

Long White (Cow-Horn). Rather slender, tapering roots, 6 to 8 inches long, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches in diameter at the shoulder and usually slightly curved in form. The roots grow half their length above the surface, and are pure white, with crisp, sweet flesh. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c.

Orange Jelly or Golden Ball. This is the best and most deliciously flavored of the yellow-fleshed Turnips. It is small topped, of rapid growth, and keeps exceptionally well. The roots are of medium size, very smooth, and deep yellow skinned. Flesh is firm, crisp and of excellent quality. At a diameter of 3 inches the roots are prime for table use. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 50c; lb. 90c.

Seven Top Turnip. A turnip that produces an abundance of spreading foliage, and is widely used in the South for the production of turnip greens, and also as stock feed. Though it produces a moderate sized bulb, it is more particularly used for its abundant foliage. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35c; lb. 50.

Red or Purple-Top Flat Strap-leaved. Does well sown either broadcast or in drills, and will form good-sized bulbs. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c.

Red or Purple-Top White Globe. Grows very quickly to large size, measuring 6 inches and more in diameter, and of perfect globe form, the upper portion rich purplish red, and the lower half clear creamy white. Flesh white, firm and crisp, of mild flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c.

White Egg. A splendid table variety, growing to a good size. Skin clear white, tender, and most ornamental in appearance when washed for market. Flesh fine grained, of mild, sweet flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 50c; lb. 90c.

Large Yellow (Amber Globe). An excellent Turnip with smooth, oval roots, thick and broad at the shoulder. Skin smooth, pale amber; flesh, rich creamy yellow of excellent flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c.

ABEL'S NORTHERN GROWN SEED POTATOES

Seed Potato Buyers Please Note.—At the time of going to press with this Catalogue the Potato Market is so unsettled that we are unable to name prices. Please write stating kind and quantity wanted and we will quote by letter.

Pure Early Rose, Bliss Early Triumph, Irish Cobbler, Green Mountain or Improved State of Maine, Spaulding Rose No. 4, Vermont Gold Coin, and Dibble's Russet.

WATERMELON

Sow 1 ounce of seed to 30 hills; 4 to 5 pounds per acre

The requirements for raising watermelons are practically the same as for muskmelon except that the vines are more spreading and require considerably more room.

If the hills are liberally manured and cultivation is careful and thorough any home gardener can have these delicious fruits fresh from his own patch.

Plant in hills as directed for muskmelon and treat the same in all respects except that the hills should be about 8 feet apart.

Cut-Red Watson. There has never been, so far, a Watermelon introduced that became as popular as the Watson. It will be planted commercially for a long time yet,—provided the seed planted are of known quality. Some complaint has been in evidence about the Watson variety cutting with hard centers and almost worthless for market, which caused me to work on this melon with the view of breeding up a type that eliminates the strain that produces hard white centers. I have been very successful in this work and have perfected a strain of Watson that cuts red and sweet and grows big, glossy green melons, frequently growing 50 to 60 pounds in weight; produces melons 18 to 24 inches long by 10 to 12 inches in diameter; seeds light brown smeared with darker brown; time for ripening, 95 days. Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 80c; lb. \$1.50.

Dark Icing. Fruits are oval in form with dark green skin, flesh deep pink, sweet; rind thin and brittle; not a good shipper. Seeds white; time for ripening 85 days. Average weight 25 pounds. Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 80c; lb. \$1.50.

Stone Mountain. The originator of this outstanding variety combined extra-large size with earliness. In addition it combines nearly round, symmetrical shape with a very pleasing green color and produces a melon of unexcelled succulence and sweetness. Fruits weighing 60 to 80 pounds are produced in the South, and the 95 days required for maturity make it easily possible to produce correspondingly large fruits in the North. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 80c; lb. \$1.50.

Georgia Rattlesnake (Gypsy). This old southern favorite is one of the largest and best adapted for the home-garden. It has the most conspicuous striping of the oblong types. The rind is moderately thick and strong and the flesh is juicy and sweet. A very desirable white-seeded variety but useful only where summers are short. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 45c; lb. 75c.

Improved Kleckley's Sweet. Vines vigorous and productive. Flesh bright red and exceedingly sweet. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 45c; lb. 75c.



Stone Mountain

Abel's Sugar Stick. Vines strong, vigorous, setting many melons measuring from 20 to 24 inches in length, with an average weight of 30 pounds. Rind thin and tough; skin light grayish green with narrow darker green lines, giving a mottled effect of small half-inch squares; flesh deep, rich red, with broad, solid heart, crisp and sugary. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 55c; lb. \$1.00.

Sweetheart. Large, heavy, oval or round fruit; skin very pale green, with distinct netted lines of slightly darker shade; flesh solid, deep red. Bears shipping well. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 55c; lb. \$1.00.

Halbert Honey. Very large, long fruits, having blunt ends and often weighing 50 pounds. The dark green rind is very thin, while the flesh is a rich crimson. Very prolific. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 45c; lb. 75c.

Dixie. Large, oblong melons; skin dark green, with a remarkably thin rind; flesh intense deep bright scarlet, very sweet, tender and juicy. Quite early. Very productive. A fine shipper. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 45c; lb. 75c. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 80c; lb. \$1.50.

Flower Seeds Require Ideal Conditions for Germination

The amateur gardener is frequently confronted with the fact that the flower seeds planted did not germinate and is unable to understand why. Many times the Seed House is condemned, but is this fair?

If the gardener will visit the Seed House and present the true situation, proper information will be given so there will not be a repetition of flower seeds not germinating. Why not ask for this information when first purchasing flower seeds?

Many flower seeds are exceedingly small and as they germinate slender shoots come forth which require delicate and gentle treatment.

SNAPDRAGONS, for instance, in the cultural directions, require that "the seed should be pressed firmly into the

top of well prepared soil and then covered with a cloth or burlap kept damp until the seed germinates."

Many people are so enthusiastic about getting the seed into the ground that they fail to carefully consider these instructions. When a good stand of plants fail to appear they are very much disappointed, and frequently condemn the seeds without considering the planting instructions.

The fact that the seeds have been properly planted is no guarantee that the gardener will be assured of a goodly supply of plants. The elements must be considered. A sudden heavy thunder storm with its accompanying downpour of rain may tear the young tender plants to pieces, and they will not have a chance of becoming established. Next, the soil must be considered. Usually the

soil is very hard and the effect of the rays from the hot sun tend to make it harder. This condition must be corrected by carefully loosening the soil and gently watering the plants, otherwise the tender surviving plants will burn off.

Since so many factors enter into the successful growing of plants, the gardener, who has carefully observed and applied all the rules, will be best rewarded.

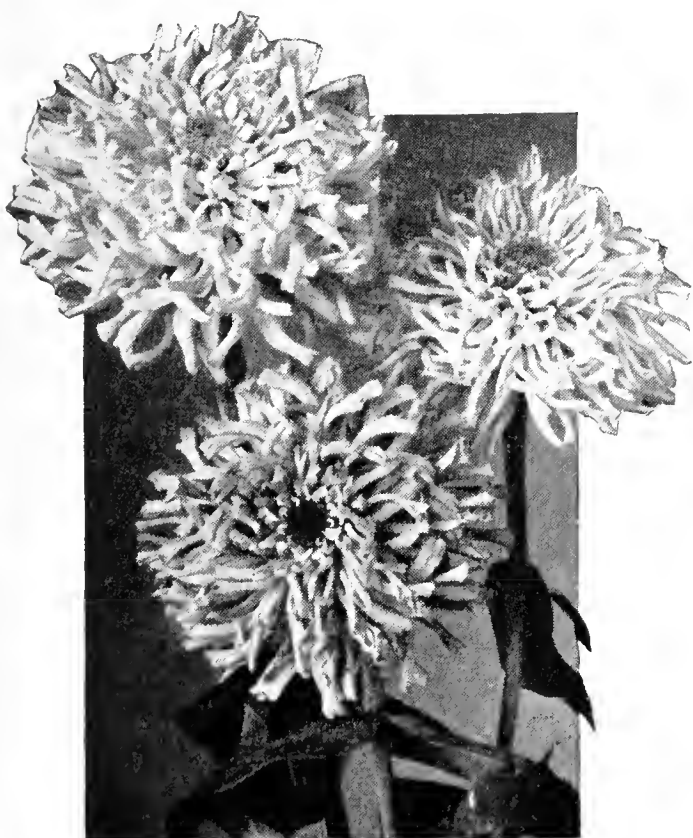
Abel's Seed House offers you the benefit of its experience in the planting of flower seeds. This service is free—ask for it when buying seeds.

The above suggestions also apply in a general way to the planting of vegetable seeds. However, as vegetable seeds are more sturdy less difficulty will be encountered.

Abel's New Flower Seed Novelties for 1936

Fantasy Finest Mixed Zinnias

Acknowledged the most distinctive new Zinnia on the market, as different from the ordinary stiff formal Zinnias as one could imagine, the delicate lacy petaled flowers lend an air of friendly informality to the garden or flower arrangement. The round medium sized shaggy flowers are borne profusely on two and one-half to three foot plants in a wide and varied color range which includes the brightest shades of red, yellow and orange as well as the popular pastel pinks and cream. Pkt. 15c; 1/8 oz. 70c; 1/4 oz. \$1.25.



Fantasy Zinnias

Tithonia Speciosa (Golden Flower of The Incas)

Not new but very popular. Orange, vermillion, resembling single African marigolds. Foliage and habit of growth like Dahlias. Early flowering. An excellent cut flower. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 40c.

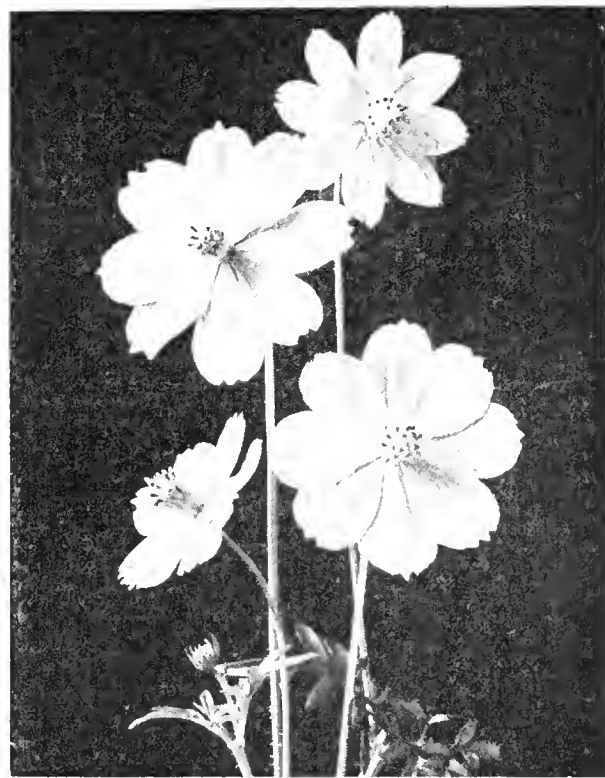
New Double Sweet Scented Nasturtium

Glorious Gleam Hybrids (Chosen for trial at Wisley)

We offer you Gleam Hybrids, a mixture of colors which have scientifically developed through line breeding and selection, using the results of our growers' original crosses as a starting point, but they are not hybrids in the sense of unproven first generation crosses. The flowers are uniformly double, large, well formed and delightfully sweet scented, while the stems are long and wiry, bearing the numerous flowers well above the foliage. The color range is wide and well balanced, including glorious shades of salmon, golden yellow, orange scarlet, cerise, cream yellow, maroon, orange, crimson, and gold flushed scarlet. Natural color illustration on back cover. Pkt. 10; 1/4 oz. 40c; 1/2 oz. 75c; 1 oz. \$1.25.

Cosmos Early Klondyke Orange Flare

Granted the highest honor that can be bestowed on a new flower variety in the United States. Orange Flare has proven itself worthy of this honor. The long stemmed flowers of bright vivid orange are freely borne on two to three



Cosmos Orange Flare

foot, well shaped plants which have a sparse growth of light green foliage. Early blooming flowering less than four months from the time of planting, and when forced in the greenhouse can be flowered in sixty to seventy days. Pkt. 15c; 1/8 oz. 70c; 1/4 oz. \$1.25.

Larkspur Giant Imperial Blue Bell

Blue bell is a fine medium blue larkspur, deeper than sky blue, yet much lighter than lilac, a color up to this time lacking in the giant imperial type. The type is decidedly upright, with long basal branched flowering spikes, well adapted for cutting. Pkt. 15c; 1/16 oz. 65c; 1/8 oz. 1.00; 1/4 oz. \$1.50; 1/2 oz. \$2.50; oz. \$4.00.

Abel's New Flower Seed Novelties---Continued

Marigold Guinea Gold

Guinea Gold!—bringing thoughts of Spanish doubloons and buried riches, a treasure chest for your garden!—and what a prize we have in this Marigold. Brighter than any treasure the pirates ever dreamed of, the masses of lovely blossoms cascade down the sides of the plant in a pyramid of flowing gold. Arranged in a jet black or cobalt blue bowl, Guinea Gold can scarcely be surpassed for decorative effect in any part of the house, especially as the characteristic marigold odor has almost entirely disappeared. Pkt. 15c; ½ oz. \$1.25; oz. \$2.00.

Larkspur Stock Flowered Rosamond

Rosamond is a pure rose color, a shade which has been entirely lacking in larkspurs up to this time. All other rose varieties have faded badly, but this one has that rare quality of holding the pure rose color until out of flower. It is very uniform in height, and comes into flower two weeks earlier than other stock flowered varieties. Pkt. 15c; 1/16 oz. 65c; ⅛ oz. \$1.00; ¼ oz. \$1.50; ½ oz. \$2.50; oz. \$4.00.



Tithonia Speciosa

Pansy Engelmann's Strains

Nowhere are pansies more loved or better understood than in England, the home of Mr. Engelmann. In the Engelmann establishment an infinite amount of care is taken to produce nothing but the finest types of extra large pansies in a great variety of shades. The Special Strain is the old Scottish Show type, reselected to a strain of immense flowers, in the bronze and reddish shades. The Giant strain has a wide range of colors, both dark and light. Both strains are compact and early flowering. Pkt. 25c; 1/16 oz. 65c; ⅛ oz. \$1.00; ¼ oz. \$1.75; ½ oz. \$3.00; oz. \$5.00.

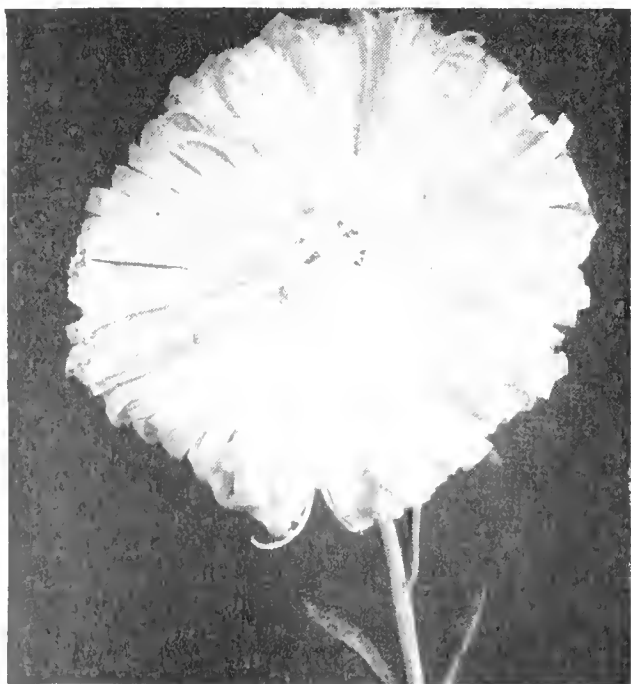
Larkspur Giant Imperial Los Angeles Improved

This is the same color as that popular stock flowered variety, Los Angeles, but in the vastly improved giant imperial type. It is the best of this type on the market. For greenhouse use, or where a tall, compact growing strain is wanted in the garden, this variety is preferable. The spikes are long and without side branches, making it an excellent kind for cutting. The color is a brilliant rose on salmon. Pkt. 15c; 1/16 oz. 65c; ⅛ oz. \$1.00; ¼ oz. \$1.50; ½ oz. \$2.50; oz. \$4.00.

Annual and Perennial Flower Seeds

Among the flowers listed on the following pages will be found many annuals that bloom the first year from seed, but have to be resown the following year; some perennials that bloom the first year; and others that require a year's growth before bloom-

ing. These are indicated in all instances. All three classes are needed to make up the attractive garden or border and help prolong the blooming season. The perennials increase in size and beauty from year to year and require but little attention.



Giant Crego Aster

Abel's Glorious Asters

AMERICAN BEAUTY ASTERS. Large Double Blooms—Long Stems. The earlier-flowering strain of the American Beauty type comes into bloom a little before the American Late Branching. Plants are of branching habit and very vigorous. They grow 2 to 2½ ft. tall, spread 2½ ft. wide, and bloom profusely. The flowers are globular, fully double, with incurved petals, and very large, 4 inches or more in diameter. Strong stems 15 to 20 inches long make them especially desirable for cutting. The flowers come in a wide range of lovely colors. Carmine Rose, Charm-Lavender, Crimson, Famous-Rose, Peach Blossom, Shell-Pink, Purple, Snowball-White. Any of these separate colors: Pkt. 15c; ⅛ oz. 40c; ¼ oz. 70c; oz. \$2.00.

American Beauty, Mixed Colors. A splendid mixture of all the bright and showy colors listed above. It will give a wonderful display. Pkt. 10c; ⅛ oz. 35c; ¼ oz. 60c.

AMERICAN OR VICK'S LATE BRANCHING ASTERS. From mid-season until frost these Asters will produce a profusion of beautiful flowers. The blooms are immense, 3½ to 4 inches across, and fully double. The petals are incurved and so closely massed as to form a solid, globular, Peony-like flower. The plants grow 2 to 3 ft. tall and branch freely. The stems, frequently 2 ft. long, make this class especially good for cutting. Azure Blue, Blackish Blue, Crimson, Lavendar, Peach Blossom, Lavendar-Pink, Shell-Pink (Mary Semple), Purple, Deep Rose, White. Any of these separate colors: Pkt. 10c; ⅛ oz. 30c; ¼ oz. 50c; oz. \$1.50.

American Late Branching, Mixed Colors. A favorite mixture containing all colors offered above. Pkt. 10c; ⅛ oz. 25c; ¼ oz. 40c; oz. \$1.25.

CALIFORNIA GIANT ASTERS. California Giants combine the Crego or feathered type of flower with the long, straight stems of the Beauty class. The flowers with long, attractively curled petals, rivaling Giant Chrysanthemums, are large and grow 5 inches and more in diameter, on stems 1½ to 2 ft. long. Vigorous plants 2 to 3 ft. tall. Blooms in midseason just after the Royals have reached their prime. Peach Blossom—opens white, flushed peach-blossom pink when in full bloom. Light Blue, Dark Purple, Light Purple, Deep Rose, White. Any of these separate colors: Pkt. 20c; ¼ oz. 50c; ½ oz. 90c; oz. \$2.75.

California Giants, Mixed Colors. All the above beautiful colors in mixture. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 45c; ½ oz. 80c; oz. \$2.50.

CALIFORNIA SUNSHINE or Improved Anemone-Flowered. Flowers of unusual beauty, 3 inches across, with a single outer row of petals and Anemone-like center of short tubular florets. The outer petals are of a contrasting color to the center. The branching plants grow 1½ ft. tall and bloom in midseason. Mixed colors: Different shades of carmine, lavender, pink, violet and white in a well-balanced mixture. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 40c; ½ oz. 70c; oz. \$2.00.

GIANT CREGO ASTERS OR BRANCHING COMET. The very large fully double flowers, 4 to 5 inches across, are made up of long, ribbon-like, loose petals gracefully curled and twisted, giving them a lovely fluffy appearance. The plants are strong growing, of the branching type, about 2 ft. tall and spreading fully as much. They bloom for several weeks in midseason. Long stems make the Giant Crego a fine cutting flower. Azure-Blue, Crimson, Lavendar, Shell-Pink, Purple or Dark Blue, Deep Rose, Violet or Royal Purple, White. Any of these separate colors: Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 35c; ½ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.75.

Giant Crego, Mixed Colors. A wonderful mixture containing all the colors listed here. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c; oz. \$1.50.

QUEEN OF THE MARKET ASTERS. The Earliest Flowering Aster. The first of our Asters to come in bloom. The flowers can be had in late May or June by sowing the seed indoors in February or March. The plants grow 15 to 18 inches tall. The flowers are nearly round, fully double, and measure 3 inches across. Dark Blue, Light Blue, Crimson, Lavendar, Shell-Pink, Purple, Deep Rose, Scarlet, White. Any of these separate colors: Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c; oz. \$1.50.

ABRONIA. Sand Verbena. Umbellata Grandiflora—A quick-growing, trailing annual, excellent for growing in baskets, in the rockery, or in the open border. The trailing stems often reach a length of 3 to 5 ft. They carry an abundance of rosy lilac, Verbena-like flowers during the summer and fall. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c.

AGERATUM. Floss Flower. One of the best plants for bedding, being literally covered with a mass of blooms from early summer until frost. The dwarf varieties are unsurpassed for porch boxes, potting and the rock garden.

Imperial Dwarf Blue. Compact plants, 7 in. tall, covered with blue flowers. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c; ½ oz. 35c.

AMARANTHUS. Summer Poinsettia. Combustion—Originated by Luther Burbank, who described it as surprisingly brilliant, iridescent, fiery rosy crimson. Poinsettia-like tufts of flaming fire; 4 ft. tall. Showy from midsummer until frost. Pkt. 35c; 1/16 oz. 75c; ¼ oz. \$1.25.

AQUILEGIA—Columbine. Coerulea (The Rocky Mountain Columbine). Blue sepals, white corolla. Very beautiful. April to July; 1½ ft. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 50c; ½ oz. 85c.

Long Spurred Hybrids. Many beautiful colors. Long-Spurred flowers. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 50c; ½ oz. 85c.

Mrs. Scott Elliott Hybrids. This strain has achieved the enviable reputation of being the finest strain of Columbine ever offered. The plants are all vigorous and strong growing. They are 3 ft. tall and bear a profusion of large blooms exhibiting a marvelous range of splendid colors. Pkt. 25c 1/16 oz. 70c; ¼ oz. \$1.25.

ALYSSUM—Rock Madwort—Gold Dust. Saxatile Compactum (Basket of Gold). Brilliant golden yellow flowers borne profusely early in the spring on neat, rounded plants 9 to 12 in. tall. Very showy. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 40c; ½ oz. 70c.

Sweet—Annual. An excellent low-growing, spreading border plant with pure white flowers in profusion from early spring till late fall. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 40c; oz. 75c.

Little Gem—Annual. Grows only 4 inches high and is covered with small white flowers from early spring till late fall. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c; ½ oz. 40c; oz. 75c.

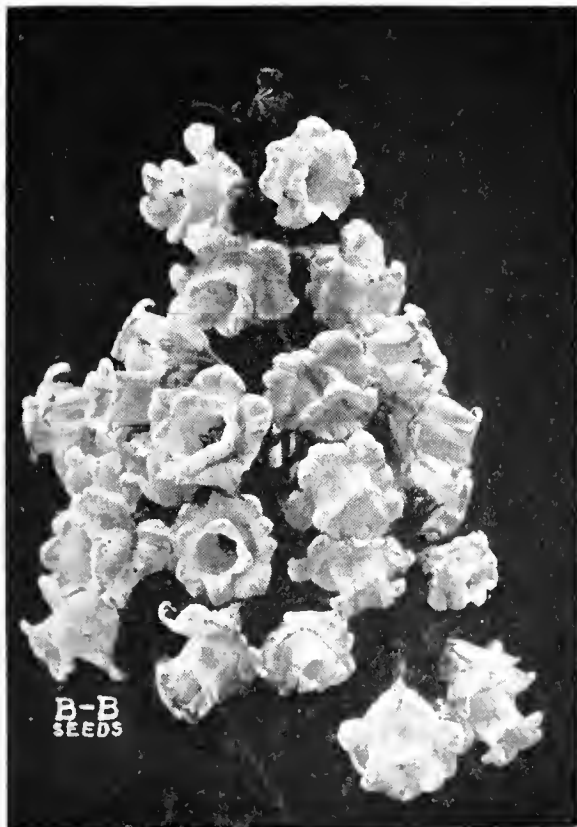
Lilac Queen Improved—Lilac blooms changing to white on plants 6 to 8 in. tall. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c; ½ oz. 40c; oz. 75c.

ACHILLEA—Milfoil. Ptarmica fl. pl. The Pearl—Bears a profusion of small, double, white flowers on plants 2 feet tall. Blooms during summer. Pkt. 20c; 1/16 oz. 50c; ¼ oz. 85c.

ANEMONE—Windflower. Coronaria St. Brigid—An excellent early spring-blooming perennial, 12 inches tall, with large double and semi-double blooms in a wonderful array of bright colors. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 60c; ½ oz. \$1.00.

ANCHUSA—Bugloss. Italica Dropmore Variety—A showy, tall-growing perennial, 5 feet in height. The plants bear a profusion of rich deep sky-blue blooms from June until August. Good for the back of the border. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 35c; ½ oz. 60c.

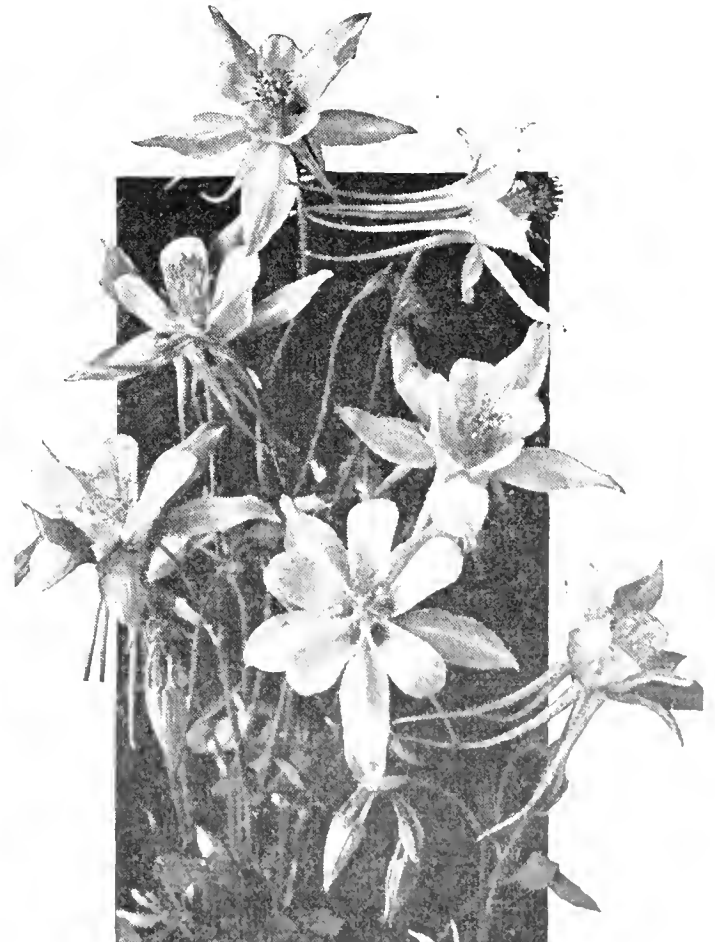
Italica Lissadell. Beautiful, large, clear gentian-blue flowers. Blooms profusely during the summer. Pkt. 20c; ¼ oz. 45c; ½ oz. 75c.



Canterbury Bells



Balsam



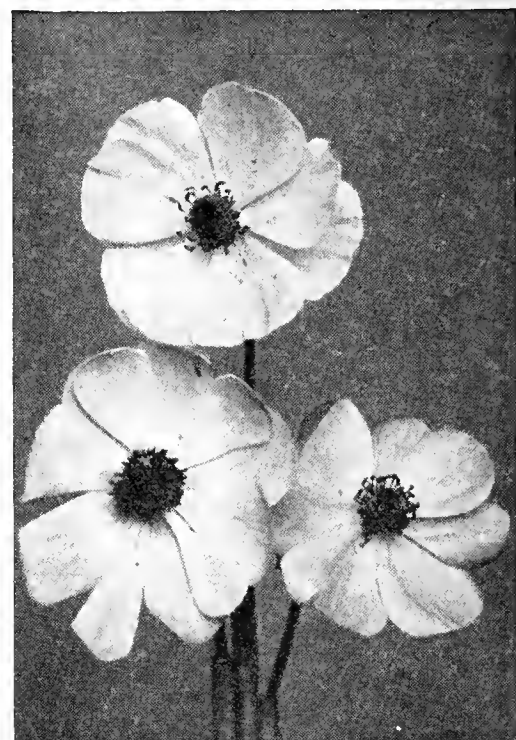
Aquilegia (Columbine)



Gomphrena



Ageratum



Anemone

ARCTOTIS HYBRIDS. Another of the lovely flowers which have come to us lately from Africa. The hybrids come in a brilliant assortment of snowy daisy-like flowers predominating in orange and bronzy red shades, but also comprising many lovely shades of rose, cream, yellow and salmon. In the milder climates they may be classed as a perennial, but in the northern latitudes they are better treated as an annual. They flower within six months from seed, and bloom profusely through the hot summer season. Pkt. 25c; 1/16 oz. 90c; 1/8 oz. \$1.50.

BALSAM—Lady Slipper. Bushy plants 2 to 3 ft. tall, carrying fine double blooms measuring 2½ inches across nestled among the rich green foliage. Easy to grow. Mixed Defiance—A remarkable mixture of colors. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 40c; oz. 70c.

BLUE LACE FLOWER. *Didicus Coeruleus*—Large, lace-like, delicate lavender-blue flower-heads, 2½ inches across. Blooms all summer long; 1½ ft. Pkt. 15c; 1/8 oz. 30c; 1/4 oz. 50c.

BRACHYCOME—Swan River Daisy. *Iberidifolia*, Mixed—Daisy-like blooms in many colors on compact plants growing about a foot tall. Blooms profusely throughout the summer. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 40c; 1/2 oz. 70c.

BABY'S BREATH. (*Gypsophila Elegans Grandiflora*). Annual. A rapid growing plant with small white flowers in profusion as long as the weather is cool. Fine to mix in bouquets. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 25c.

BALLOON FLOWER. (*Platycodon Grandiflorum Mariesi*). Perennial. Often called Chinese Bellflower. Large, open, bell-shaped flowers of rich violet-blue. Dwarf, compact plant. Height 1½ ft. Pkt. 15c; 1/16 oz. 60c; 1/8 oz. \$1.10.

BELLIS PERENNIS FL. PL.—Double Giant English Daisy. This dwarf early flowering semi-hardy perennial will bloom for years if protected during the winter. They like a moist soil and are splendid for beds and borders.

Double Mixed. White and various shades of rose and red. Pkt. 10c; 1/8 oz. 40c; 1/4 oz. 70c.

Double Quilled Mixed. In this strain the individual flowers have quilled petals. Many shades of rose, red and white. Pkt. 15c; 1/8 oz. 60c; 1/4 oz. \$1.00.

CALENDULA—Scotch Marigold. Calendulas are very important and popular flowers for a garden display from early summer until frost. Even though the plants prefer a sunny location and rather dry soil, they will do well under widely different conditions, requiring little care to grow to perfection. They are also valuable for winter growing in the greenhouse.

Orange King (Select). Outstanding rich orange flowers of fully double, well-rounded form carried on long stems; 20 inches. Pkt. 10c; 1/2 oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00.

Ball's Supreme. A beautiful light orange with brown center. Of quite large size; 20 inches tall. Pkt. 20c; 1/4 oz. 75c; 1/2 oz. \$1.35; oz. \$2.50.

Golden Ball (Ball's Gold). Deep golden yellow of extra large size. Has remarkably long stems; 20 inches tall. Pkt. 20c; 1/4 oz. 75c; 1/2 oz. \$1.35; oz. \$2.50.

Lemon Queen. A rich lemon-yellow color with regularly placed, shingle-like petals. Massive, and carried on long stems. Pkt. 10c; 1/2 oz. 30c; oz. \$50.

Mixed. This mixture includes the very best varieties properly blended to get a fine display in the garden. Pkt. 10c; 1/2 oz. 25c; oz. 40c; 2 ozs. 70c; 4 ozs. \$1.25.

CAMPANULA

CANTERBURY BELLS AND BELLFLOWERS—Single Canterbury Bells (*Campanula Medium*). Large, bell-shaped blooms during May and June. Grown as a biennial. Very showy; 2 to 3 ft. tall. Dark Blue, Light Blue, Rose, White. Any of the above. Pkt. 10c; 1/8 oz. 25c; 1/4 oz. 40c.

Single Mixed. Includes all the fine colors of the Medium, Single type. Give a fine showy bed. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 35c; 1/2 oz. 60c.

Double Canterbury Bells (*Campanula Medium Flore Pleno*). Fully double blooms in white and shades of blue and rose; 2 ft. tall. Blooms most profusely. Pkt. 10c; 1/8 oz. 30c; 1/4 oz. 50c.

CUP-AND-SAUCER CANTERBURY BELLS—(Campanula Calycanthema). A very popular type of Campanula, blooming from June until August; 2½ ft. tall. Dark Blue, Light Blue, Rose, White. Any of these: Pkt. 15c; 1/8 oz. 40c; 1/4 oz. 75c.

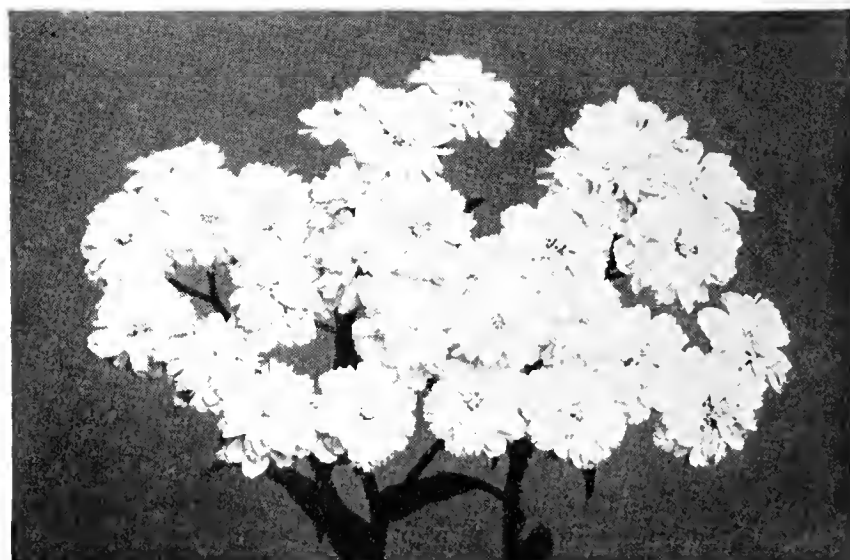
Mixed. All colors. Pkt. 10c; 1/8 oz. 35c; 1/4 oz. 60c; oz. \$2.00.

ANNUAL CANTERBURY BELLS. Few flowers are more popular in the spring garden than Canterbury Bells, and we have always wished we might have them over a longer season. This is now possible, and without waiting a whole year for the first flowers from seed. The new Annual Canterbury Bells make a plant that is loaded with flowers less than five months after the seed is sown, and by making successive plantings all through the early spring we can have these lovely flowers all through the summer and early fall. The colors are the same as in the perennial type, including the various shades of blue, pink, rose and white. Pkt. 25c; 1/16 oz. 60c; 1/8 oz. \$1.00; 1/4 oz. \$1.75.

CALLIOPSIS—Tickseed. Easily grown and exceedingly showy annuals which do well in almost any location. They bloom continuously from early summer until frost. The tall varieties are fine for cutting and the dwarf ones give splendid beds or borders.

Tall Mixed. Contains large and small-flowered varieties in many colors. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 25c; 1/2 oz. 40c.

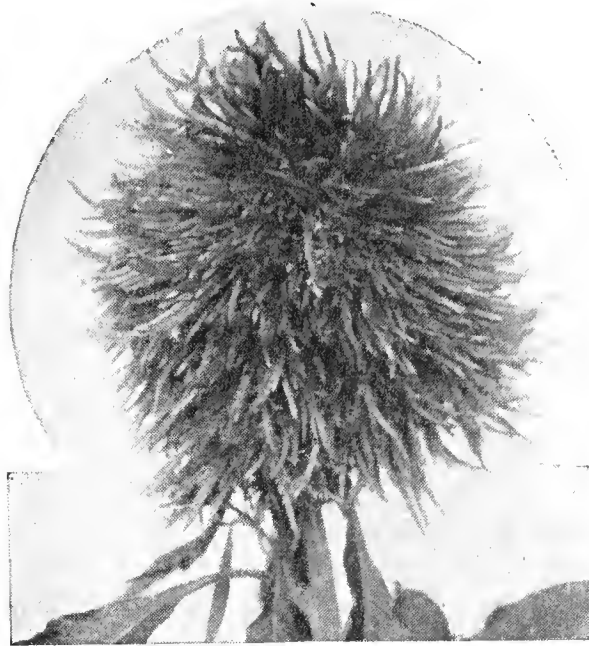
Dwarf Mixed. Yellow, orange mahogany and tigered flowers; 10 inches tall. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 30c; 1/2 oz. 50c.



Achillea, Ptarmica



Blue Lace



Chinese Woolflower



Myosotis (Forget-Me-Not)

CANDYTUFT—Iberis. The six colors that follow belong to the Umbellata type. They bloom continuously until frost. Fine for garden display and cutting; 1 ft. tall. Carmine, Dark Crimson, Flesh-Pink, Lilac, Rose-Cardinal, White. Any of these: Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c; ½ oz. 40c; oz. 70c.

All Colors Mixed. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 40c.

Giant Hyacinth—Flowered. Beautiful, large, long and thick, pure white flower-heads not unlike those of Hyacinths. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c; ½ oz. 40c; oz. 75c.

GIANT PLUMED CELOSIAS—Magnificent Plumed or Feathered Celosias. These make a splendid display in any garden. They are easy to grow and yield lots of cut-flowers. The plumed Celosias grow 3 to 4 ft. tall and each one of the many branches is covered by large, pointed, silky flower-heads.

Plumosa, Mixed. All colors belonging to this class. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 35c; ½ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00.

CHINESE WOOLFLOWER—Celosia Childsii. A charming type of Celosia with large rounded wooly flower-heads borne on strong stems from midsummer until frost. The plants grow 2 ft. tall, and are completely covered with flowers. Splendid for garden display and highly valuable for cutting.

Woolflower, Mixed. A well balanced mixture of Crimson, Pink and Yellow. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c; ¾ oz. 85c; oz. \$1.50.



Clarkia

CARNATION—Chabaud Mixed. All colors belonging to this showy type of mixture. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 40c; ½ oz. 70c.

Perpetual or Tree Mixed. Immense flowers in many lovely shades are borne on long stems. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 50c; ½ oz. 85c.

CHINESE LANTERN PLANT. (Physalis Francheti). Perennial. Blooms first year if seed is sown early. White flowers in June and July, followed by showy scarlet seed pods which retain their color when dried; used in winter bouquets. Height 2 feet. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 40c; ½ oz. 70c.

CHRYSANTHEMUM. Early-flowering mixed. Annual. An excellent mixture of single, semi-double and double varieties 3 inches in diameter, and in many attractive colors. Bloom profusely from late August to October. Height 2 to 3 ft. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c.

COREOPSIS. (Coreopsis Grandiflora). Perennial. Deep yellow cup-shaped flowers on long stems all summer. Height 2 ft. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c; ½ oz. 40c.

COCKSCOMB—Celosia Cristata. Tremendous showy flower-heads or combs of a velvety finish but strawy of texture. The heads often measure a foot in diameter or more.

Tall Mixed. A mixture of yellow, red, orange and purple. The plants grow 15 to 18 inches tall. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c.

Dwarf Mixed. Yellow, crimson, scarlet and orange blended. Height 10 inches. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 35c; ½ oz. 60c.

CLARKIA. Finest Double Mixed. Of easy culture, growing into graceful bushy plants 18 to 24 inches tall. The individual double flowers resemble a small carnation in general appearance. Our mixture includes a splendid assortment of colors, pink, salmon, rose, rosy-purple and white. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c.

COLEUS—Burpee's Sunset (Fordhook Special). Beautiful plants of remarkable decorative value for beds and borders or as pot-plants. When planted in full sun the coloring is developed to perfection. This strain has a wonderful variety of shades and color combinations. The well-rounded plants grow 20 inches tall. Pkt. 35c; 1/32 oz. \$1.00; 1/16 oz. \$1.75; ½ oz. \$3.00.

Fine Mixed. A fine mixture, seed of which was saved from selected plants of good coloring, though it does not compare with Burpee's Sunset. Pkt. 20c; 1/32 oz. 75c; 1/16 oz. \$1.25; ½ oz. \$2.25.

CENTAUREA—Cornflowers—Sweet Sultans—Dusty Millers. These annuals are extremely popular for garden decoration and for cutting. The class of Centaureas includes a number of distinct types. Both the Double Cornflowers and the Sweet Sultans are great favorites with gardeners everywhere. The large showy colorful blooms of these two types are carried on long stems and are highly valued for cutting. They are easy to grow and never fail to attract attention with their loveliness. Centaurea Americana is by far the largest of the annual Cornflowers. The Dusty Millers, with their silvery white foliage, are excellent for use in borders and for edging.

Double Mixed Cornflowers (Centaurea Cyanus). This mixture is most desirable in every way. A splendid selection of colors. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 20c; ½ oz. 35c; oz. 60c.

Gymnocarpa—Dusty Miller Centaureas. Finely divided, silvery white leaves of a soft wooly texture. Grows 8 to 12 inches tall and bears light lavender blooms during the late summer and fall. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c; oz. 85c.

Giant Mixed Sweet Sultans (Centaurea Imperialis). A mixture including all the lovely colors belonging to this splendid large-flowered type. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c; oz. 85c.

Sweet Sultans Mixed (Moschata). Somewhat smaller than the Giant Sweet Sultans. Includes many colors. Sweet scented. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c; ½ oz. 40c.

COSMOS. No garden is complete without Cosmos. These old favorites supply a gorgeous, colorful effect during late summer and fall. Cosmos is easy to grow.

Early Double Crested. Showy plants 3 to 4 ft. tall, covered with a mass of lovely crested flowers. Particularly fine for cutting because the flowers last extra long. Our strain produces a large percentage of double blooms.

Early Double, Mixed. Contains all colors. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.25; oz. \$2.25.

Early Single. Grows 5 ft. tall and blooms several weeks before the late-flowering varieties. Especially valuable in cooler sections with a short growing season.

Mixed, All Colors. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35c; oz. 60c.

Late Double Crested. Our strain of the Double Crested Cosmos produces a large percentage of double flowers, some with broad outer or guard petals, others round as a ball. Contains a wide variance of shapes, all very pretty, including even the large singles.

Late Double Crested, Mixed. A well-balanced blend, including Pink, Crimson and White. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 85c.

Late Single. Handsome cosmos with blooms measuring 4 inches across, opening 2 to 4 weeks after the early varieties have started to bloom. Where the season is long enough they will make a marvelous display. The plants grow 6 ft. tall and flower most profusely.

Late Single, Mixed. The three splendid showy colors, Crimson, Pink and White. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c; oz. 70c.

DELPHINIUM—Hardy Larkspur. No other plant has obtained so prominent a place in the border or met with such universal approval as Delphinium. They are hardy and easy to grow.

Choicest Mixed, Gold Medal. Single flowers in many fine colors. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.

Floradale Hybrids. This is a glorious mixture with colors running from sky-blue through Cornflower-blue, mauve, heliotrope, to deep Pansy-purple, with many opaline variations and crested centers in white, cream and black. Spikes 4 to 6 ft. tall. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.

DIANTHUS—Annual Garden Pinks. Pinks are as popular today as they were in the garden of our grandparents, yet there is a decided difference between the old-fashioned Pinks and our improved modern varieties. Those we offer have large blooms, are more floriferous, and include many colors unknown to gardeners years ago, yet our modern Garden Pinks retain all the loveliness of the old fashioned kinds. They grow about 1 ft. tall and bloom all during the summer.

Chinensis, Double Mixed. A showy class with fine double blooms borne mostly in clusters on upright, strong stems. White, pink, scarlet, rose, crimson, as well as edged and bordered color combinations. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c; oz. 70c.

Fordhook Favorites. A charming mixture of both single and double-flowered Annual Garden Pinks. It includes only the best colors and types, giving a display that is unsurpassed all during the summer. Easy to grow and very showy. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50c; oz. 85c.

DIANTHUS—Hardy Garden Pinks. These are popular perennials, blooming during the spring and summer.

Plumarius Nanus, Double Dwarf Mixed. Many fine colors. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 85c.

Plumarius, Single Mixed. Large single blooms in showy colors. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50c.

Plumarius, Double Mixed. Brilliant double blooms with spicy fragrance. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35c.

DAISY—African, Hybrids (Dimorphotheca Aurantiaca Hybrida) Annual. These hybrids come in a wide range of colors, including pure white, sulphur-yellow, lemon-yellow, golden yellow, light salmon, salmon-rose, ecru and apricot shades. Plants produce the large flowers very freely. Height 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40c.

EUPHORBIA. Marginata (Snow-on-the-Mountain). A splendid showy plant for beds and borders. From midsummer on the top leaves of every branch are attractively marked with white. 2 ft. tall. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA—California Poppies. Sunset Mixture. A bed of this mixture, which includes all the lovely colors described here, gives a sight that will last for months, as the plant will bloom profusely from midsummer until frost. They are splendid in beds, borders and in larger rock gardens. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c; oz. 70c.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA RAMONA—(Frilled California Poppies). Ramona type California Poppies are beautifully frilled and fluted, in the russett and pinkish shades, on neat growing plants which form a compact mass of flowers. They are very effective when used as a border or as a ground cover in the rose garden. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 55c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.

FOXGLOVE—Digitalis. Biennial. Towering spikes of lovely bell-shaped flowers. Blooms early in summer from seed shown the previous spring or summer. Height 3 to 4 ft. Colors: White, Yellow, Rose or Mixed (all colors). Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40c.

GODETIA—Satin Flower. Mixed. Beautiful silk-finished flowers in rose, carmine, pink, Cattleya-blue, and pure white. Blooms profusely during the summer and fall. 12 inches. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.

GAILLARDIA—Blanket Flower. Here is an annual which has been greatly neglected for no just reason. It is one of the most easily grown and colorful annuals which will stand hot weather better than most others. The plants grow 15 inches tall and bloom from July until frost.

Double Mixed (Picta Lorenziana). Yellow, red and white in mixture. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50c.

Picta, Single Mixed. These single-flowered annual Gaillardias are particularly bright and showy. They bloom profusely and continuously until frost. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.



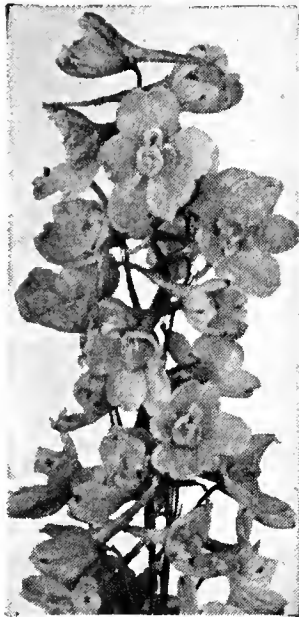
Campanula, Annual Canterbury Bells



Lupines-Hartwegii Giants



Gaillardia



Delphinium



Foxglove



Dianthus (Hardy Pinks)



Coreopsis

GAILLARDIA—Blanket Flower. A very showy perennial growing 2 ft. tall. During the summer and fall the plants bear a profusion of long-stemmed flowers combining yellow and scarlet in good contrast.

Grandiflora Hybrids. Many showy combinations of yellow and scarlet. Very free blooming. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50c.

GOMPHRENA—Globe Amaranth. Mixed. Attractive, clover-like strawy flower-heads in white, red and orange tones. Blooms profusely from midsummer until frost. Grows 2 ft. tall and is splendid for garden display, for cutting, and for drying. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.

GOURDS—Ornamental. Spoon—Small, slender-necked green fruits marked with orange, white and light green. Pkt. 10c.

Nest-Egg. White, egg-shaped fruits. Easily dried. Pkt. 10c.

Sugar Trough. Bottle-shaped fruits with thick, durable skin. Easily dried. Pkt. 10c.

Dishcloth or Luffa. Fruits have sponge-like fibrous skeleton which may be used as a sponge. Let the fruits mature fully. Pkt. 10c.

Dipper. Will hold about one quart of water. Pkt. 10c.

Fine Mixed. All varieties in mixture. Pkt. 10c.

GYPSOPHILA PACIFICA—Paniculata. Pacifica is a good rose colored perennial baby's breath, coming into flower after the paniculata varieties have passed. Flowers are produced the first season from seed and it is perfectly hardy. The plant reaches a height of 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet, and is a veritable cloud of the numerous rose colored flowers, which are excellent in bouquets for a filler. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 70c.

GEUM—Boresii. Orange scarlet flowers from June until frost; 15 inches tall. Pkt. 35c; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 75c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.25.

HELICHRYSUM—Strawflowers. This is one of the most widely grown of all Everlastings. It will make a wonderful display in the garden, blooming profusely from midsummer until late fall. For drying cut the blooms before they have fully opened, choosing preferably the early morning hours, while they are still moist with dew, and hang them head down in a cool, shady and airy place until they are thoroughly dried. The plants grow 2 to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. tall and will give a splendid display in beds or tall borders. They do best where they get full sunlight all day.

Mixed Double. This mixture is truly wonderful. It has been carefully blended from eight colors in order to give a beautiful effect in the garden and yield lots of flowers for cutting and for winter bouquets. Every garden should include some of these wonderful large Strawflowers because they are so easy to grow, so free blooming, and serve so many different purposes. Our strain has been carefully selected for size and doubleness. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50c; oz. 85c.

HELIOTROPE. Lemoine's Giant Hybrids, Mixed. Half-hardy Perennial. Immense heads of lovely, very fragrant, little flowers that range in color from white through shades of blue and violet. Sow indoors in February if a long season of bloom is desired. Height 2 ft. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 85c.

HIBISCUS. Mallow Marvels. Perennial; blooms first year from seed if planted early. A very hardy plant growing 4 to 6 feet tall, with immense flowers in various shades of pink, rose and crimson all summer. Pkt. 10c.

HEUCHERA—Coral Belle. Sanguinea Hybrids—Dwarf compact plants with numerous flower-spikes in white, pink, rose and crimson. Grows 12 to 18 inches tall. Blooms from June until September. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 85c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.50.

HOLLYHOCKS. (Althaea Rosea). Perennial. Showy plants, 6 to 8 feet tall, blooming during June and July. Excellent as a background for other lower-growing plants. The colors vary from white to the deepest maroon and from cream to deep yellow. We have Single Mixed and Double Mixed. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50c.

HUNNEMANNIA—Santa Barbara Poppy. Fumariaefolia. Magnificent golden yellow, Poppy-like flowers borne erect on stiff stems 2 ft. tall. Easy to grow in well-limed soil, particularly if it is rather sandy. The plants bloom from July until frost. This is also known as Giant Yellow Tulip Poppy. Sow the seed where it is to bloom as they cannot stand transplanting. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.

HUNNEMANNIA—Sunlite. Sunlite is a double flowered poppy which is different. Its extra band of petals is produced on the outside, rather than the inside of the tulip shaped flowers, giving the impression of being open, even after the cuplike blossoms have closed for the night. The flowers are bright canary yellow, and the foliage of the two foot bush is a light gray-green. They like a sunny position in a well drained border and flower freely in late summer. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 70c.

IBERIS—Perennial Candytuft. Sempervirens—A favorite perennial for edging or rock gardens. Blooms from April to June and makes a wonderful show, with its white flowers borne profusely on plants 10 inches tall. An old-fashioned favorite. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.

IVY—Kenilworth (Linaria Cymbalaria). Perennial. A fine trailing cover plant with small, bright green leaves and attractive little lilac-blue flowers. Forms a solid mass and is excellent for rock gardens. Pkt. 15c.

KOCHIA—Burning Bush. Giant Christmas. Symmetrical plants 3 ft. tall, resembling an ornamental Evergreen. Fine for hedges. Turns deep crimson-purple in late fall. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c.

LAVENDER—True (Lavandula Vera). Perennial. The lovely, sweet-scented, blue flowers are often dried for use in the linen-closet. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c.

LIATRIS—Kansas Gay Feather—Spicata. Elegant, fluffy, purplish rose flowers on long spikes. Blooms from July to September. 2 to 4 ft. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 70c.

LINUM—Perennial Flax—Perenne, Blue. Beautiful light blue flowers borne profusely from May until August, on graceful plants 2 ft. tall. Every day a new set of flowers opens up. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50c.

LANTANA—Finest Mixed. Verbena-like flowers from midsummer until frost. Yellow, orange, red and pink shades. Height 18 inches. Slow germinating. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50c.

LAVATERA—Annual Mallow—Loveliness. A splendid free-flowering annual, growing 2 ft. tall. Large, soft pink flowers shaded carmine. Blooms from midsummer until frost. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.

LOBELIA—For beds, borders, porch boxes, etc. The compact varieties are splendid for beds and borders. The spreading or hanging varieties cannot be surpassed for growing in porch or window boxes.

Erinus, Finest Mixed. All are of compact habit. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60c.

LINUM—Crimson Flax—Grandiflorum Rubrum. An old favorite with large, rich crimson blooms borne profusely on plants growing 18 to 24 inches tall. Though the flowers last only one day, new ones appear every morning. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.

ABEL'S ANNUAL LARKSPUR—Tall Branching Double Stock-Flowered. A magnificent type of larkspur growing 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. tall and producing throughout the summer a glorious display of long-stemmed flower-spikes closely set with large double blooms. The plants are of branching habit and are splendid for the mixed border, for large beds, and for cutting.

Mixed. A blend of all the Tall Branching Double Stock-Flowered varieties including Flesh Pink, Orchid, Carmine, Sky-Blue, Rose White, Striped Light Blue and others belonging to this type. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c; oz. 70c.



Everlastings



Heliotrope



Hunnemannia—Sunlight

GIANT IMPERIAL LARKSPUR—Upright Delphinium Form. This is the greatest improvement ever made in Larkspur. The plants are of an upright growth, as found in the perennial Delphinium. Each branch—and there are many to a plant—produces a solid spike of color. 3 to 4 ft. tall.

Giant Imperial Mixed. A well-balanced mixture of all the colors belonging to this glorious new large-flowered type of Larkspur. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50c; oz. 85c.

LUNARIA—Honesty or Money Wort—Biennis. These biennial plants will bloom the first year if sown early. Has beautiful, stock-like, sweet scented, light purple flowers followed by large round seed-pods, with a thin, silvery paper-like partition, which are splendid for winter bouquets. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50c.

LUPINES—Mixed—Annual. Free-flowering, easily grown plants with long, graceful spikes of rich, vari-colored, pea-shaped blooms. Height 2 ft. Our mixture includes Blue, White and Rose. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.

LUPINS HARTWEGI GIANTS MIXED. Annual Lupins are favorite garden flowers in almost all parts of the country, flowering freely without any special care. This improved new giant strain is over a foot taller than the ordinary strain, reaching a height of three or four feet. There are five or six long basal branched spikes to each plant, bearing closely placed giant blooms, in a color range including dark blue, sky blue, rose and white. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 70c. Picture on page 20.

MARVEL-OF-PERU—Four-O'Clock. A favorite showy annual for beds and borders. Excellent for planting in front of the porch or alongside the house. The plants bloom freely from July until frost.

Tom Thumb Mixed. Compact plants 18 inches tall, having showy, variegated golden foliage and fine large blooms in many bright colors, including some beautifully striped blooms combining two or more colors. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 4 ozs. 90c.

MARIGOLDS. No garden is complete without Marigolds. They are easy to grow and bloom profusely from midsummer until after the first light frost.

French Double Mixed. Dwarf varieties in shades of yellow, orange, and brown. Blooms freely from July until frost. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.

Legion of Honor (Little Brownie). A charming variety for dwarf beds or borders; 1 ft. tall. Single yellow flowers with brown center. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.

Tall Josephine. Single, golden yellow flowers with maroon center. Grows 2 ft. tall and blooms profusely until late fall. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.

Dwarf Orange Ball. Small, perfectly round flowers of glistening orange color. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.

Double Mixed. Well-balanced mixture of large-flowering Marigolds. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.

Orange King. Blooms very double, well rounded, carried on fine long stems. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 85c.

New Guinea Gold Marigold. A distinct type of graceful, pyramidal habit, growing 2 to 2½ ft. high, and producing flowers 2 to 2½ inches across, of a brilliant orange with double ruffled, loose-leaf petals. This variety has been accepted as a valuable cut flower for florists' use and is now in great demand. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 85c.

African Orange Ball. Enormous, double flowers of rich orange from July until frost. Height 2½ feet. Pkt. 10c.

Ball's Orange (Ball's Special Strain). Similar to Orange King. Selected for indoor blooming. Pkt. 25c.

Lemon Queen. Very double, well rounded blooms of rich lemon-yellow on good long stems. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 85c.

Double Mixed. Includes the very finest colors and varieties. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 85c.

MIGNONETTE—Finest Mixed—Annual. This mixture includes those varieties with long, heavy spikes set closely with fine fragrant blooms in spring and fall. Plant in sandy soil to secure most fragrant flowers. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.

MYOSOTIS—Forget-Me-Not. Succeeds best in cool moist soils, blooming profusely during spring and summer. Excellent for edgings, borders, or plantings in semi-shaded places. The Alpestris varieties grow 12 inches tall and do best if grown like annuals. Palustris will live over winter.

Alpestris Mixed. Blue, White and Rose in mixture. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c.

NASTURTIUMS—Tall Mixed—Annual. These free-flowering plants grow and bloom in quite poor soils. They come in a great variety of colors and with many types of foliage. Fine for verandas, trellises, etc., reaching a height of 6 to 10 feet, or may be used to trail over the ground. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Dwarf, Gorgeous Mixed. A mixture of the most showy of the dwarf Nasturtiums, with both light and dark foliage, and extremely large flowers. Compact, bushy plants that bloom freely from June till frost. Height 1 ft. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

NIGELLA—Double Mixed. A mixture of rich cornflower—blue and pure white flowers. Easily grown and sure to bloom anywhere. Always admired. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c; oz. 50c.

NICOTIANA—Flowering Tobacco. Stately plants for background planting or for large beds. They range from 15 inches to 5 ft. tall and produce an abundance of large, sweet-scented blooms from midsummer until frost. Early sowing indoors insures a fine display of blooms. Do best in rich soil.

Crimson Bedder. Rich deep crimson blooms borne profusely on plants growing only 15 inches tall. A new variety. Pkt. 35c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 55c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.

Affinis, New Hybrids. Fragrant large blooms in shades of rose, red, crimson and creamy white. 2½ ft. tall. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c.

Crimson King. Elegant, large, dark velvety crimson flowers borne profusely atop showy plants. Grows 2½ ft. tall. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 70c.

OXALIS—Tropaeoloides—Annual. Good dwarf bedding plant with dark brown, clover-like foliage forming a dense mat, the small yellow flowers being inconspicuous. Height 4 inches. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 70c.

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES—Beautiful in the Garden—Lovely for Winter Bouquets. With the renewed interest shown by gardeners in the Everlasting flowers, the Ornamental Grasses have again become fashionable. The effects that can be obtained with them as borders to the garden beds are by far too little appreciated by most gardeners. In addition to this, they are easily dried for winter bouquets, but should be cut early in the morning while they are still wet with dew and hung up to dry in a cool airy place. All of them are easy to grow in any garden soil.

Hardy Pampas Grass. A beautiful hardy grass with long purplish violet blooms turning to silky gray; 6 ft. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c.

Plume Grass. Lovely pale pink blooms, excellent for borders and winter bouquets. The plants grow 2 ft. tall. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50c.

PANSIES—Annual. Easily grown plants that bloom profusely for many months. Sow seeds indoors early in March or outdoors as early as the ground can be prepared into a fine loose condition; if sown in August the plants will begin blooming very early in spring. Height 10 inches.

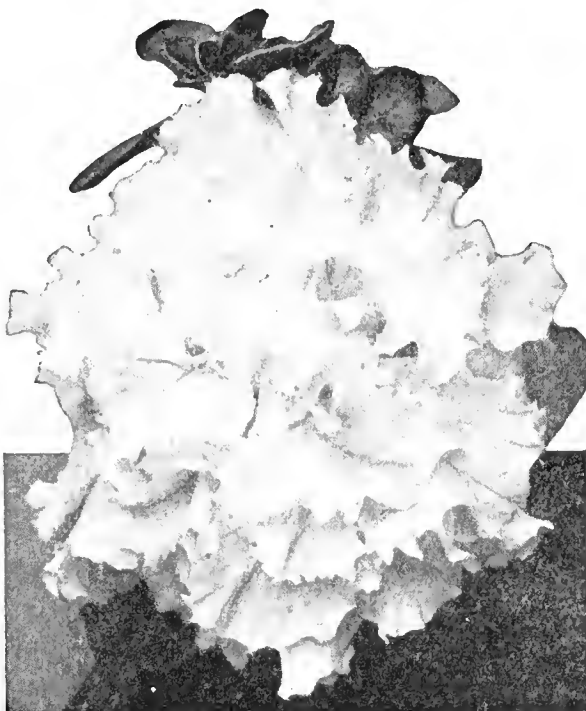
Giant Ruffled Masterpiece. Very large, ruffled flowers in many rich dark shades, bordered, blotched or marked in ray-like veinings with contrasting colors. Bloom freely and continuously. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 85c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.50.

Abel's Large Mixed. These are improved types of the old-fashioned Pansies. The size of the flowers is notable. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.00.

Trimardeau or Giant Mixed. An excellent mixture of all the giant-flowering varieties we offer. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 85c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.50.



Oriental Poppies



Petunia



Phlox

St. Kund Giants. This magnificent strain of Giant Pansies is outstanding for its range of colors, compact growth, and free blooming character. The flowers contain an unusual amount of petal substance, so that the petals are not only thick but waved and frilled to the extreme. This gives the blooms a decidedly double appearance. The range of color combinations and markings are unlimited. Pkt. 40c; 1/16 oz. \$1.00; 1/8 oz. \$1.85; 1/4 oz. \$3.50; 1/2 oz. \$6.50; oz. \$12.00.

PETUNIAS—Balcony or Large-Flowered. A beautiful type of Petunias with large flowers. They are useful for planting in porch boxes, beds, terraces or among rock work, where the long slender branches can spread out and display their multitude of flowers. They can be depended upon to give a magnificent display throughout the summer and fall. Crimson, Rose and White. Any of the three: Pkt. 15c; 1/32 oz. 35c; 1/16 oz. 60c; 1/8 oz. \$1.00.

Star of California. A newer Balcony Petunia with velvety violet blooms shaded crimson and enhanced with white blotches. They present a charming effect. Pkt. 15c; 1/32 oz. 45c; 1/16 oz. 75c.

Berolina. Magnificent clear ultramarine-blue flowers of a color that attracts immediate attention. Pkt. 25c; 1/128 oz. 70c; 1/64 oz. \$1.25.

Balcony Mixed. A carefully compounded blend of all the above Balcony Petunias to give a showy, well-balanced color effect from midsummer until frost. Pkt. 15c; 1/16 oz. 60c; 1/8 oz. \$1.10.

BEDDING PETUNIAS—Hybrida or Spreading Varieties. A charming type for outdoor beds or borders where the plants have room enough to spread out and display their colorful blooms.

General Dodds. Crimson flowers of unusual vivacity, larger than most others. Pkt. 10c; 1/16 oz. 30c; 1/8 oz. 50c.

Golden Rose. Brilliant pink blooms with yellow throat. Very free blooming. Pkt. 15c; 1/16 oz. 30c; 1/8 oz. 50c.

Rosy Morn. Lovely flowers of a delicate rose-pink with white throat. Pkt. 15c; 1/16 oz. 40c; 1/8 oz. 70c.

Howard's Star Improved. Shows a five-pointed white star on purple ground. Pkt. 15c; 1/16 oz. 30c; 1/8 oz. 50c.

Viola. Deep violet blooms set against a background of rich green foliage. Pkt. 15c; 1/16 oz. 35c; 1/8 oz. 60c.

NANA COMPACTA VARIETIES. In contrast to the bedding Petunias, the nana compacta variety forms round, compact bushes growing about 8 inches tall and measuring 1 ft. across. They bloom profusely from midsummer until late fall.

Snowball. Lovely pure white flowers that cover the compact plants completely. Pkt. 10c; 1/16 oz. 30c; 1/8 oz. 50c.

Rose of Heaven. Excels by its marvelous color-rich brilliant rose, white throat. Pkt. 15c; 1/16 oz. 30c; 1/8 oz. 50c.

Enchantress Mixture. A splendid mixture of the nana compacta Petunias. Pkt. 10c; 1/8 oz. 50c; 1/4 oz. 85c.

Burpee's Blue. The finest blue Petunia we have ever grown. Very profuse. Pkt. 25c; 1/32 oz. 50c; 1/16 oz. 85c.

Large Single Flowered Mixed. Fine large blooms in many brilliant colors. Blooms profusely from midsummer until frost. Pkt. 25c; 1/32 oz. 75c; 1/16 oz. \$1.35.

GIANT DOUBLE PETUNIAS. These Giant Double Petunias are exceedingly showy. They have been produced from hand-pollinated seed and give a high percentage of double blooms. As the seeds are small and expensive, care should be taken in sowing. Start them in a box or pan filled with good fine loose soil. Press them into the surface rather than covering them with soil and place a pane of glass over the box to retain the moisture. The slow-growing plants with crumpled foliage are the ones that usually give the finest flowers.

Fordhook Fancy Fringed Double. The beauty of our Fordhook Fancy Fringed Double Petunias is intriguing. To know that they have been produced from carefully hand-pollinated seeds adds to the interest in these gorgeous, colorful blooms. The color range is remarkable and varied. Pkt. 25c; 1/128 oz. \$2.50; 1/64 oz. \$4.75.

PHLOX—Tall Finest Mixed—Annual. An excellent mixture of the very best varieties. It will produce a fine display of brilliant-colored, well-rounded, closely formed flower-heads on long stems. Height 15 inches. Pkt. 10c; 1/8 oz. 25c; 1/4 oz. 40c; 1/2 oz. 70c.

Dwarf Mixed—Annual. Compact plants in many lovely colors. Fine for the front of the border. Height 5 inches. Pkt. 15c; 1/8 oz. 45c; 1/4 oz. 85c; 1/2 oz. \$1.50.

Starred and Fringed—Annual. Flowers starred or fantastically fringed. They come in pink, rose, deep red and scarlet, all more or less bordered or edged white. Height 1 ft. Pkt. 15c; 1/8 oz. 45c; 1/4 oz. 85c; 1/2 oz. \$1.50.

PINKS—Double Chinese Mixed—Annual. The flowers are borne in clusters on fine, upright, strong stems, and in addition to whites, pinks, rose, scarlet, crimson and maroon, many are attractively bordered with a narrow or broad white edge. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 25c; 1/2 oz. 40c; oz. 70c.

Old Fashioned Mixed—Annual. An especially fine mixture of single and double varieties in an extra-good selection of colors. They are easily grown and the gay flowers form a beauty-spot in the garden all season. Height 1 ft. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 30c; 1/2 oz. 50c; oz. 85c.

ABEL'S POPPIES—Papaver. The annual poppies are very easy to grow. All that is needed is to sow the seed thinly outdoors as soon as the ground has thawed out. They produce their gorgeous blooms for many weeks during the summer.

Fordhook Hybrids Mixed. You will agree with us that these are the most gorgeous of all Poppies with single, semi-double and double flowers in a truly riotous range of colors. Grows 18 inches tall. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 30c; 1/2 oz. 50c; oz. 85c.

Dazzler. Brilliant double orange-scarlet blooms. Grows 18 inches tall. It will stand transplanting. Pkt. 25c; 1/4 oz. 60c; 1/2 oz. \$1.00; oz. \$1.75.

Double Carnation—Flowered. Large carnation-like blooms in many colors. Three ft. tall. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 15c; 1/2 oz. 25c; oz. 40c.

Double Peony—Flowered Mixed. Elegant large double Peony-like flowers in many bright colors. Three ft. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 15c; 1/2 oz. 25c; oz. 40c.

CALIFORNIA POPPIES—Eschscholtzia. Charming annuals for beds, borders and rock gardens, blooming from early summer until frost. The plants are of strong growth, about 12 inches tall. They include both single and double flowers in showy colors.

Sunset Mixture. A bed of this mixture, which includes all the lovely colors gives a sight that will last for months, as the plant will bloom profusely from midsummer until frost. They are splendid in beds, borders and in larger rock gardens. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 25c; 1/2 oz. 40c; oz. 70c.

PERENNIAL POPPIES—Papaver Orientale—Oriental Poppies. Huge, brightly colored flowers borne profusely during May and June. They grow 3 ft. tall. Sow where to bloom or transplant in August or September only.

Orientale—Orange-scarlet with brilliant purplish black blotch at base. Pkt. 10c; 1/8 oz. 30c; 1/4 oz. 50c.

Choicest Mixed. Fiery red, scarlet, orange-scarlet, salmon and others. Pkt. 10c; 1/8 oz. 30c; 1/4 oz. 50c.

PAPAVER NUDICAULE—Iceland Poppies. Graceful, light green tufts of leaves and gaily colored. Large blooms borne profusely through the summer. Grows 1 ft. tall and gives a splendid display in rockeries.

Yellow. Pkt. 10c; 1/8 oz. 30c; 1/4 oz. 50c.

Mixed. Pkt. 10c; 1/8 oz. 25c; 1/4 oz. 40c.

Double Mixed. Contains all colors. Pkt. 10c; 1/8 oz. 40c 1/4 oz. 70c.

Fakenham Hybrids. Special colors. Pkt. 25c; 1/16 oz. 65c; 1/8 oz. \$1.20.

PORTULACA—Rose Moss. A beautiful hardy flower; unsurpassed in brilliancy by any other annual in cultivation. The plants are low-growing and creep all over the ground. They thrive well in almost any location, even in any sunny place among stones, and can withstand the hottest summer weather. They

like the full sunlight, but the finest flowers are produced the latter part of August and in September, when there are heavy dews at night. This is particularly true of the double varieties. **Single Mixed.** Large single blooms, including orange, white, red, buff, salmon and other fine colors. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c; oz. 85c.

Giant-Flowered Parana. Very large, single, bright tyrian-rose flowers. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 35c; ½ oz. 60c; ¾ oz. \$1.10; oz. \$2.00. **Double Mixed.** The effect that this well-balanced mixture will give is charming and colorful. Sow it liberally. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 50c; ½ oz. 85c; ¾ oz. \$1.50.

PRIMULA—Hardy Primroses—Auricula Many bright colors including soft orange, copper-brown, and other pastel shades. Well adapted for naturalizing in the rock garden. The plants grow 6 in. tall and bloom during April and May. Pkt. 25c; 1/16 oz. 60c; ¼ oz. \$1.00.

PRIMULA—Auricula. Half-hardy perennial. Flowers in copper, brown, orange and other pastel shades. Height 6 inches. Pkt. 15c; 1/16 oz. 50c; ¼ oz. 85c.

Vulgaris (English Primrose). Large, rich yellow flowers in early spring. Height 6 to 8 inches. Pkt. 15c; 1/16 oz. 50c; ¼ oz. 85c.

PYRETHRUM—Roseum Mixed—Perennial. Large, daisy-like flowers in lovely shades of rose, pink, red and white during May and June. Height 2 ft. Pkt. 25c; 1/16 oz. 70c; ¼ oz. \$1.25.

Aureum—(Golden Feather). Half-hardy perennial. Rich yellow spring. Height 6 to 8 inches. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c.

RED-HOT POKER PLANT—Early Hybrid (Tritoma Hybrida) Half-hardy perennial. Massive orange-scarlet flower-spikes in August on plants 3 ft. tall. Needs winter protection against frost. Pkt. 20c; 1/16 oz. 50c; ¼ oz. 90c.

RICINUS—Castor Oil Bean. Showy ornamental plants doing well in a rich soil and a warm sunny location. The plants are of considerable height and of a beautiful tropical appearance.

Red Spire. Large palmate leaves of a purplish color when young, but changing to a bronzy green when older. The stems, stalks and veins are rich red. The seed spikes and seed-pods are a brilliant rosy crimson. A very showy variety. The plant grows from 3 to 4 ft. tall. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 4 oz. \$1.25.

Mixed. This includes a wide range of varieties with beautiful large leaves in green, red and bronze. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 4 oz. 60c.

SALVIA—Scarlet Sage. Everybody knows Scarlet Sage, with its brilliant rich red blooms. Gives a wonderful color accent to any garden during the summer and fall, but there are also lovely blue-flowered Sages which are far too little known. In order to have Salvia in bloom early the seeds should be sown indoors during late February and March.

Splendens (Large-Flowered Scarlet Sage). Scorching scarlet-red flower trusses borne profusely on plants growing 3 to 4 ft. tall. The most popular of all Scarlet Sages. Of unsurpassed brilliancy. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 55c; ½ oz. \$1.00; ¾ oz. \$1.75.

Bonfire or Clara Bedman. Erect plants, 2 ft. tall, with massive scarlet-red flower-spikes completely covering the sturdy plants. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 55c; ½ oz. \$1.00.

America or Globe of Fire. Each spike is closely set with mammoth-size blooms of a scorching scarlet-red; 1½ ft. tall. Pkt. 20c; ½ oz. 75c; ¾ oz. \$1.35.

SALPIGLOSSIS—Painted Tongue—Velvet Flower. Exceedingly showy plants, growing 2½ ft. tall and blooming continuously throughout the summer and fall. The large trumpet-shaped blooms come in a number of rich velvety colors.

Large-Flowered Mixed. A complete mixture of many fine colors. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c; ½ oz. 40c.

SCABIOSA—Mourning Bride—Pin-Cushion Flower. Caucasic—Perennial. Pleasing light blue flowers. The plants increase in beauty from year to year. Height 2 ft. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 60c; ½ oz. \$1.00.

Large-Flowered Double Mixed. A mixture of all of the finest colors. Tall growing and free flowering. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c; ½ oz. 40c; oz. 70c.

Dwarf Double Mixed. Dwarf plants bearing a wealth of brightly colored flowers. Excellent for beds and borders. Height 1 ft. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c; oz. 85c.

SNAPDRAGONS—Antirrhinum—Giant Tall or Maximum (4 ft.). A beautiful strain of tall-growing Snapdragons with elegant large blooms closely set on a spike 4 ft. in height. The plants are a wonderful mass of color during July and August. Under shelter of glass they often grow 5 to 7 ft. tall. Besides their attractiveness in the garden, they are valued for winter blooming in the greenhouse.

Giant Mixed. A splendid mixture of all the tall-growing giant varieties. It will give a splendid garden display and cut-flowers. Pkt. 15c; 1/16 oz. 35c; ¼ oz. 60c; ½ oz. \$1.00.

NEW MAJESTIC—Semi-Tall Snapdragons. A giant flowering semi-tall strain with stocky flower-spikes 18 inches tall. Blooms profusely during July and August. Showy, well-rounded, symmetrical bushes. Fine for beds, borders and for cutting.

Avalanche. Beautiful pure white flowers. Pkt. 25c; 1/16 oz. 75c; ¼ oz. \$1.25.

Delight. Salmon-pink shaded with Apricot. Very fine. Pkt. 20c; 1/16 oz. 60c; ¼ oz. \$1.00.

Eldorado. Beautiful deep rich crimson flowers. Pkt. 25c; 1/16 oz. 75c; ¼ oz. \$1.25.

Orange King. Terra cotta, shaded with orange. Pkt. 20c; 1/16 oz. 60c; ¼ oz. \$1.00.

Red Chief. Scintillating deep scarlet blooms. Pkt. 25c; 1/16 oz. 60c; ¼ oz. \$1.00.

Rose Beauty. Beautiful bright rose-pink flowers. Pkt. 35c; 1/16 oz. 90c; ¼ oz. \$1.50.

Rose Marie. Salmon-rose with gold in center. Pkt. 30c; 1/16 oz. 90c; ¼ oz. \$1.50.

Twilight. Delicate apricot shaded with salmon. Pkt. 25c; 1/16 oz. 60c; ¼ oz. \$1.00.

Majestic Mixed. A blend of all colors. Pkt. 15c; 1/16 oz. 35c.

SEDUM—Stonecrop. Coerulea. A lovely annual Sedum with large, dainty, pale blue flowers. The plants grow about 8 inches tall and are exceedingly pretty in the rock garden and as pot plants. Pkt. 25c; 1/32 oz. 60c; 1/16 oz. \$1.10.

SHASTA DAISY—Alaska. Our Floradale-grown seed produces immense white blooms in great profusion throughout the summer. Extremely hardy and of the easiest culture growing 2 to 3 ft. tall. Fine for garden display and for cutting. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 40c; ½ oz. 70c.

STATICE—Latifolia (Sea Lavender). Perennial. A quaint plant with masses of lavender blue flowers; attractive when dried for winter use. Height 15 in. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 35c; ½ oz. 60c.

STEVIA—Serrata. Perennial. The small white flowers, in well-shaped heads, are borne very freely in the fall, and are agreeably fragrant. Height 2 ft. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 40c; ½ oz. 70c.

STOCKS—Ten Weeks. Bushy plants, 15 to 18 inches tall, suitable for borders, florists, designs and pot culture. The sweet-scented double flowers are borne profusely on strong, stocky spikes. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 50c; ½ oz. 85c; ¾ oz. \$1.50.

STOKESIA—Cyanea (Cornflower Aster). Perennial. Handsome cornflower-like, azure-blue flowers from July to frost. Height 2 ft. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 40c; ½ oz. 70c.

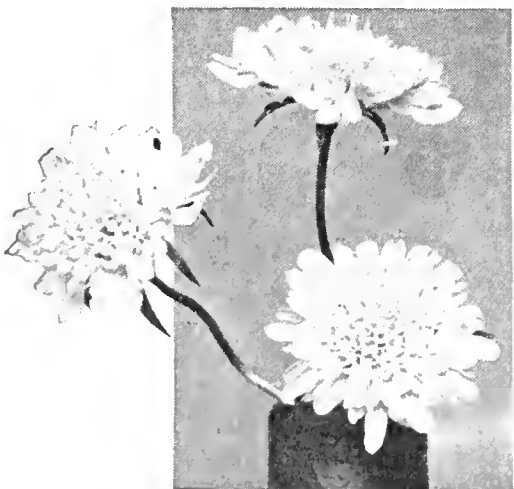
SUNFLOWER. Perennial (*Helianthus Rigidus*). The immense blooms vary in color from primrose-yellow to deep old-gold. Because of their great height they should be planted in the back of the border. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 60c; ½ oz. \$1.00.

SWEET ROCKET. Mixed. Perennial. Erect-growing plants with clusters of white or purple flowers, sweetly fragrant. Height 2 ft. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 20c; ½ oz. 30c.

SWEET PEAS. Sweet Peas do best during cool weather and for that reason, sow the seed as early in the spring as the ground can be prepared. Cover the seed with 2 inches of fine soil, and when the plants begin to vine, supply supports for them to climb upon. Deep preparation of the soil is a great advantage, though not necessary where the soil is naturally fertile and well drained. Water freely during dry spells. One ounce of seed will give a row about 15 ft. long.

Twenty Popular Sweet Peas

Barbara—Glistening Salmon; Burpee's Lilac Pink—Lilac-Pink and cream; Burpee's Sunshine—Hermosa-pink; Charity—Crimson; Cherub—Cream, edged rose; Commander Goddall—Dark blue; Fordhook Blue—Light violet-blue; George Herbert—Rosy Carmine; George Shawyer—Orange-pink; Hawlmark Cerise—Light



Scabiosa



Salpiglossis





Abel's Sweet Peas

cerise; **Hawlmork Salmon-Pink**—Very fine Salmon-pink; **Improved Margaret Atlee**—Pink and Cream; **King White, Improved**—White; **Matchless**—A rich cream; **Orchid Improved**—Lavender; **Pimpernel**—Scarlet; **Royal Purple**—A rich color; **Sky**—Silvery blue; **Supreme**—Light pink; **Warrior**—Reddish maroon.

One pkt. each of above (value \$2.15) enough for 40 ft. row \$1.00.
 ½ oz. pkt. each of above (value \$4.50) enough for 250 ft. row \$2.75.
 1 oz. pkt. each of above (value \$6.90) enough for 500 ft. row \$4.75.

Abel's Novelty Mixture. Composed of the latest and very finest varieties. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.40.

Spencer Mixture. The best mixture on the market today. Many bright, showy colors. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Perennial Sweet Peas (Lathyrus Latifolius). An excellent vining plant with stems 8 to 10 ft. long. Blooms very freely throughout the summer. Mixed (all colors). Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c; ½ oz. 40c.

SWEET WILLIAM. Double Mixed (*Dianthus Barbatus*). Usually grown as biennials. Their showy heads of vari-colored bloom add much to the flower garden in May and June. Height 1½ ft. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; ¼ oz. 40c.

Annual Mixed. An entirely new type of this popular flower. It blooms freely the first year from seed and dies down with the first frost. The range of colors included in our mixture is attractive, and includes self-colors, starred, mottled and eyed varieties. Height 15 inches. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; ¼ oz. 40c.

THUNBERGIA—(*Black-eyer Susan Vine*). An elegant, graceful and slender climber, producing bright cadmium-yellow blooms. Excellent for hanging-baskets and ground-covers. Of quick growth; blooming profusely from June until October. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 40c; ½ oz. 70c; oz. \$1.15.

VENIDIUM—*Monarch of the Veldt*. *Fastuosum*. Large, brilliant orange flowers, 3 inches across, with a black-purple zone at the base of the ray-petals and a dark center with a gray-green, wool-like tuft. The plants grow 2 to 3 ft. tall and bloom from midsummer until frost. The foliage is a soft gray and forms a splendid background. Fine for garden display and for growing under glass. It is one of the most outstanding new flowers of recent introduction. Pkt. 35c; 1/16 oz. 90c; ½ oz. \$1.50; ¼ oz. \$2.75.

VERBENAS—*New Giant Verbenas*. This glorious new type of Verbenas has become a great favorite because the flowers are of truly giant size. They combine into magnificent heads carried in great profusion on strong, vigorous plants. The individual blooms measure over an inch in diameter and the plants grow about 1 ft. tall. They are splendid for beds, borders and rock gardens, or in window boxes, blooming profusely from midsummer until late fall.

Giant Mixed. There are many gardeners who will want a bed of these new Giant Verbenas with all the colors found in this type and we are sure this mixture will please them immensely. Pkt. 15c; ½ oz. 50c; ¼ oz. 85c; ½ oz. \$1.50; oz. \$2.50.

HARDY GARDEN VERBENAS—*Venosa*. A hardy garden Verbena of spreading habit, covered with large purplish blue flowers borne throughout the summer and fall. Grows 1 ft. tall. Quite hardy. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c; ¼ oz. 50c.

VINCA—(*Periwinkle*). Mixed—Annual. Dark glossy green leaves and large, showy flowers 1½ inches across during summer and fall. It comes in shades of rose and pink, also white. Height 15 inches. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 40c; ½ oz. 70c.

WALLFLOWER. Fine Double Mixed. Annual. Spikes of closely set flowers in chocolate, orange, crimson and bright red shades. Very showy. Height 2 ft. Pkt. 15c; ½ oz. 40c; ¼ oz. 70c.

ZINNIAS. Zinnias are one of the most universally planted of all annuals. They are hardy and so easy to grow, doing well almost anywhere with little care. They offer many lovely colors, and their various types meet every garden need for beds, borders and cut-flowers. Zinnias flower profusely and continuously from midsummer until late fall. The foliage is substantial and decorative. For the finest double flowers, plant in a sunny location with good soil and plenty of water. Early blooms can be had by sowing the seed indoors about six weeks before outdoor planting time. Regular sowings should be made outdoors as soon as the soil is dry enough to be worked and all danger of frost has passed. Thin out the seedlings or transplant, allowing 18 to 24 inches between plants.

New Dahlia-Flowered

Buttercup. Well-formed, double flowers of deep creamy yellow.

Canary Bird. Bright primrose-yellow.

Crimson Monarch. Rich crimson-scarlet.

Dream. Distinct shade of deep lavender changing to a purple tint as the flower age.

Exquisite. Pleasing rose shade with deeper center.

Giant Attraction. Bright spectrum red.

Golden State. Rich golden yellow, shading to bright orange when the flowers reach their full size.

Illumination. Deep Tyrian-rose.

Old Rose. Lovely shade of old-rose.

Oriole. Bright glistening orange, shaded with liquid gold showing a coppery cast as the flowers age.

Polar Bear. Decidedly the best white Zinnia.

Scarlet Flame. Rich orange-scarlet of dazzling brightness.

(Any of the above Zinnias—Pkt. 10c.)

Abel's New Dahlia-flowered Mixed. An excellent mixture of giant-flowering Zinnias in a great variety of colors, so proportioned as to make a beautiful show. Seed saved from extra-fine plants. Pkt. 10c.

Curled and Crested—Mixed. The flowers produced by this mixture have elegantly curled and twisted petals and range in color from white through many shades of yellow, rose-pink, and salmon, to deepest crimson. Blooms all summer till frost. Height 1½ ft. Pkt. 10c.

Cut-and-Come-Again. A dwarf-growing type of Zinnias forming bushy, compact plants not over 2 ft. tall, with an abundance of well-rounded, double blooms 2½ inches across. Especially recommended for bedding, and of great value for cutting. Golden Orange, Flesh-pink, Salmon-rose, Bright scarlet, White and Canary-yellow. Any of these varieties: Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c; 1 oz. 70c.

Mixed Colors—Includes all the colors offered above in proper proportion. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c; oz. 70c.

Mexicana or Miniature. Mexicana, Double Mixed Colors. Flowers are 1 to 1½ inches across and come in the most unique colors, many being two-toned. Extremely free flowering. Plants grow about one foot tall. Shades of yellow and orange. Our strain produces a high percentage of double flowers, the balance being semi-double, with a few singles. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 50c; ½ oz. 85c; oz. \$1.50.

Giant Mammoth. Our special strain of Giant Mammoth Zinnias has superb, massive flowers in many rich colors. The blooms are well formed, very double, 4 inches and more across, with petals thickly set in a shingle-like arrangement. The plants grow 2½ to 3 ft. tall and are well branched, with long flower-stems.

Mixed Colors. A well balanced and complete mixture of showy colors that will delight you. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 35c; ½ oz. 85c; oz. \$1.50.

ZINNIA LILLIPUT TOM THUMB MIXTURE. Tom Thumb is without exception the very dwarfest zinnia known. The plants are rounded and compact, 4 to 6 inches high, literally covered with well formed flowers of the lilliput type. The color mixture includes red, orange, yellow, pink, rose and other pastel shades. It is a fine border plant, especially for the hot dry sections of the country, and is the best zinnia to use in pots or window boxes. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 35c; ½ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00.

ABEL'S BEAUTIFUL LILIES. Lilies are of the easiest culture, and those listed below are perfectly hardy. After once being planted, they will increase in beauty and size with each succeeding year. Lilies do best on a well-drained, sandy soil, which should be fairly rich, and the plants should be given plenty of water during periods of drought. In order to grow Lilies to large size, the bulbs should be planted deeply.

Golden-banded Lily of Japan (Lilium Auratum). Write for prices.

Regal Lily (L. Regale). Write for prices.

Yellow Japanese Lily (L. Hansonii). Write for prices.

Show Lily (L. Speciosum Rubrum). Write for prices.

Turk's-Cap Lily (L. Batemanniae). Write for prices.

Giant Tiger Lily (L. Tigrinum Fortunei Giganteum). Write for prices.

PEONIES.—One of the most popular hardy plants in cultivation today. Double White, Double Pink and Double Red. Write for prices.

DAHLIAS. You will find a very large collection of Dahlias at our store. Write for prices.

CLIMBING FLOWERS. Climbers are indispensable. They give to the garden a touch that cannot be achieved by any other plants. Furthermore they are useful in providing shade to porches and garden-houses. They are planted extensively as screens to hide unsightly buildings or views. Among the Climbers you will find plenty that have gaily colored blooms and there are others that are grown for their ornamental foliage. We offer the best and most popular varieties.

MOONFLOWERS. These beautiful annual climbers grow rapidly to a height of 20 to 30 ft. For quick results, start the seed indoors during mid-April.

Early Blooming Heavenly Blue (Rubro-coerulea Praecox). Sky blue with white throat. Very large and showy. Pkt. 20c; ¼ oz. 70c; ½ oz. \$1.25.

Giant Pink Hybrids. Beautiful large lavender-pink blooms. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 35c; oz. 60c.

New Cross-Bred. Large white flowers blooming very early. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 35c; oz. 60c.

Sky Blue. Large sky-blue flowers borne profusely during late September and October. Very showy. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 60c; ½ oz. \$1.00.

Giant White. Large white blooms opening evenings. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c; oz. 50c.

Moonflowers Mixed. A fine mixture of all large varieties. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c; oz. 50c.

MORNING GLORIES. Colorful, quick-growing annual climbers reaching a height of 15 ft. Very showy during the summer and fall.

Fine Mixed. Produces thousands of large flowers in many gay colors. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 30c.

Brazilian. A strong growing variety with rich rose blooms 3 inches across. Particularly showy. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c; oz. 50c.

Rochester. The large, light blue flowers have an exquisite broad edge of silvery white. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c; oz. 50c.

Japanese Mixed. Elegant blooms larger than those of the ordinary Morning Glories. Excellent colors. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 40c.

AMPELOPSIS—Boston Ivy. Veitchii. A hardy climber clinging to brick and stone. Dark green, three-lobed leaves, slow germinating. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c; oz. 50c.

BALLOON VINE—Cardiospermum Halicacabum. A rapid growing annual climber with small white flowers followed by attractive balloon-shaped seed-pods an inch or more in diameter. Grows 5 to 10 ft. tall. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 35c.

BIGNONIA—Trumpet Vine. Radicans. A hardy perennial climber with brilliant orange-scarlet trumpet-shaped blooms in July and August. Free from insect and disease troubles. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c.

BITTERSWEET—Celastrus. Scandens. A hardy climber grown for the bright orange seed-pods containing scarlet seeds. Splendid for winter decoration. Difficult to germinate. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 40c; ½ oz. 70c.

CANARY BIRD FLOWER—Tropaeolum Peregrinum. An attractive annual climber, 10 to 15 ft. tall. Finely fringed, Nasturtium-like flowers. For fences, hanging baskets, etc. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c; oz. 50c.

CARDINAL CLIMBER—Ipomoea Cardinalis. An attractive, graceful annual climber with cardinal-scarlet blooms 1 to 1½ inches in diameter. Rich glossy dark green foliage. Grows 15 ft. tall. Pkt. 15c; ½ oz. 35c; ¼ oz. 60c.

CYPRESS VINE—Ipomoea Quamoclit. A splendid, quick-growing annual vine with small feathery, rich green leaves starred with showy flowers. Scarlet, White and Mixed. Any of the three: Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 20c; ½ oz. 35c.

DOLICHOS—Hyacinth Bean. An elegant, quick-growing annual climber reaching a height of 8 to 10 ft. by fall. Showy flower-clusters.

Darkness. Claret-red flowers followed by rich purple seed-pods. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 2 ozs. 40c.

Daylight. Pure white flowers and large greenish white seed-pods. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 2 ozs. 40c.

ORNAMENTAL GOURDS. These are very interesting annual climbers grown for their attractive fruits which are always admired in the garden or if dried and displayed indoors during the winter.

Dipper or Siphon. The ripened fruits of this well-known variety holds about 1 qt. each. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 40c.

Discloth—(Luffa). Has a fibrous sponge-like interior when ripe. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 40c.

Nest Egg. White fruits, the size and shape of an egg. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 40c.

Sugar Trough. Large, bottle-shaped fruits with a thick durable skin. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 40c.

Spoon Gourd. Small, slender-necked, green fruits attractively marked with orange, white and light green. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 35c; oz. 60c.

Fine Mixed. A wide assortment. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 40c.

HOP—Japanese Variegated. Humulus Japonicus Variegatus. Attractive, quick-growing annual climber with yellow, white and green variegated foliage. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c.

JAPANESE KUDZU VINE—Pueraria Thunbergiana. A perennial climber forming yearly new shoots from the crown; 40 ft. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c.

THUNBERGIA—Black-Eyed Susan Vine. Alata Mixed. A splendid annual climber for hanging baskets and ground covers. Showy, yellow and orange flowers, some with velvety black center. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c; oz. 85c.

HOUSE-PLANT SEEDS

ASPARAGUS plumosus nanus. A pretty foliage plant often called Asparagus Fern. Grows freely and quickly in any sunny window. Its rich green, fern-like, divided leaves make it an excellent sort for cutting greens. Pkt. 20c.

BEGONIAS, Tuberous-rooted. Much prized for their gigantic blooms which often measure six inches across and come in a wide range of lovely colors—white, cream, pink, salmon, orange, scarlet, and crimson.

Single Mixed. Pkt. 25c. **Double Mixed.** Pkt. 35c.

CALCEOLARIA Hybrids. Large, pocket-shaped flowers of rich and varied hues, including self colors, spotted, blotched, and laced, are borne in large sprays. Pkt. 30c.

CARNATION. Perpetual or Tree, Mixed. Lovely double-flowered variety in a mixture of attractive colors. Pkt. 15c.

CINERARIA hybrida grandiflora. A large-flowered strain that is unsurpassed in size of flower and range of color. Blooms freely. Pkt. 35c.

hybrida grandiflora. Dwarf Mixed. A dwarf-growing variety of above. Pkt. 35c.

multiflora nana. Masses of star-shaped blooms, in a wide range of colors, completely cover the compact plant. Pkt. 35c.

CYCLAMEN. Ours is the celebrated Wandsbek strain, considered the best in existence. The plants are strong growers, bushy and produce a profusion of large, well-formed flowers.

Bright Rose. Beautiful variety.

Glory of Wandsbek. Bright salmon-red flowers. Distinct.

Pearl of Zehlendorf. Rich salmon red. Showy.

Rose of Marienthal. Lovely rose-color, shaded salmon.

Giant White, with Carmine Eye. Extremely large sort.

Salmon-Scarlet. Very attractive blooms of large size.

DRACAENA indivisa. An excellent house-plant with long, slender green leaves. Can be set in garden in summer and fall. Seeds germinate very irregularly, some sprouting quickly, others remaining dormant for weeks. Pkt. 10c.

FUCHSIA, Single and Double, Mixed. Also called Ladies' Eardrops. Excellent house-plants that come in a variety of color combinations. Pkt. (20 seeds) 30c.

PRIMROSE, Chinese (Primula chinensis). Extremely free-flowering and showy pot-plants that can be grown indoors with ordinary care.

Alba Magnifica. White. **Rosy Morn.** Fringed carmine-rose.



Cyclamen

Giant Pure White. Immense blooms.

Giant Dark Blood-Red. Large flowers on very bushy plants.

Any of the above Cyclamen, pkt. 30c.

Blue. Rich lavender-blue. **Bright Red.** Brilliant

Crimson Velvet. Showy.

Any of the above Chinese Primroses, pkt. 30c.

Large-flowering Fringed, Mixed. All colors. Pkt. 25c.

Filicifolia, Mixed. Fern-leaved foliage. All colors. Pkt. 25c.

Baby (P. malacoides). Very popular pot-plant with small lavender-pink flowers. Free bloomers. Pkt. 25c.

Large-flowering, Mixed (P. obconica grandiflora). Particularly fine strain with extremely large flowers, mostly in shades of rose, purple, and crimson. Pkt. 25c.



Rock Garden

SEEDS FOR ROCK PLANTS

ALYSSUM saxatile compactum. An indispensable plant for the rockery or border, growing 1 foot high and producing in May masses of broad flat heads of bright yellow flowers. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 40c.

AQUILEGIA caerulea. Violet-blue and white. Height 2 feet. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 50c.

CAMPANULAS, or Bellflowers, carpatica. Blue. Free-flowering hardy perennial, continuing in bloom the whole season. Color clear blue. Grows 8 inches high. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 50c.

DIANTHUS plumarius, Double Mixed. Very beautiful, sweet-scented, double, semi-double, and single flowers in great diversity of color. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 75c.

LINUM perenne (Flax). Bright blue flowers. Grows 2 feet high. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 40c.

HEUCHERA sanguinea (Coral Bells or Alum Root). Flowers of a rich, bright coral-red color. Leaves light green and slightly hairy. Grows 2½ feet tall. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 75c.

POLEMONIUM (Jacob's Ladder). Popular hardy perennial border plant with bell-shaped, bluish purple flowers, nearly 1 inch across, from May to July. Grows 2 feet tall. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c.

SEDUM or Stonecrop. One of the prettiest erect-growing species, 1½ feet high, with broad, light green foliage and immense heads of handsome, showy rose-colored flowers. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 50c.

VERBENA venosa (Hardy Garden Verbena). Covered from early summer until late fall with bright heliotrope-purple flowers. Grows 1 foot high. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 40c.

ABEL'S FERTILIZERS

Acid or Rock Phosphate (16%). Apply 1000 lbs. per acre. Used for mixing with other fertilizers to increase the phosphoric acid analysis. 5 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. 60c; 25 lbs. \$1.00; 200 lbs. \$3.00; ½ ton \$12.00; ton \$22.00.

Adco. A bacterial food for making artificial manure, by mixing it with leaves, grass cuttings, green weeds or, in fact all the many wastes that accumulate during the garden year and applying water, the product is a clean manure. 25 lb. bag sufficient to make one-half ton of manure, \$2.00; 150 lb. bag sufficient to make 3 tons of manure, \$10.50; 600 lbs. \$42.00; 2100 lbs. \$145.00.

Ashes, Hard Wood. Apply 1000 lbs. per acre. Indispensable for all crops requiring potash; excellent for mixing with potting soil. For top dressing lawns and grass fields it is applied to best advantage either in very early spring or late fall. 25 lbs. 85c; 50 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$2.50; 200 lbs. \$4.00; 1000 lbs. \$18.00; per ton \$35.00.

Blood (Dried). For indoor culture of flowering plants, like roses, carnations, etc., its chief element being nitrogen. One of the quickest acting fertilizers. 5 lbs. 50c; 10 lbs. 85c; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$4.50; 200 lbs. \$8.50; 500 lbs. \$20.00.

Bloomaid. For flowers, shrubs, vegetables. If you want your flowers to bloom earlier and longer, your shrubs and hedges to be greener, thriftier, we recommend that you use Bloomaid. Brings blooms ten days to two weeks earlier—makes plants double the size of those not treated. Use it in the vegetable garden, around shrubs and to enrich the soil in window boxes and flower pots. 25 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

Bone Meal. Unusually rich in nitrogen and phosphoric acid, the two principal plant foods. We recommend this especially for lawns, gardens and greenhouses, or any purpose where a high class fertilizer counts. Apply 800 to 1000 lbs. per acre. 5 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. 50c; 25 lbs. \$1.00; 50 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$3.00; per ton, \$40.00.

BOVUNG

A rich manure from cows—the ideal fertilizer for New Lawns and for restoring the worn-out grass plot to its original vigor.

Through a special process practically all moisture is removed from Bovung soon after it has been taken from the barns.

Bovung is absolutely free of all live weed seeds, it can not bring plant diseases to your garden, and while a little goes far, no harm will occur through fertilizing your lawn or garden freely.

Bovung broadcasts as readily as grass seed and we suggest three applications upon your lawn throughout the year, in the early spring, again in midsummer, and finally early in the autumn.

Bovung, too, is an excellent fertilizer for the flower and vegetable garden, being of an organic nature it brings to the soil just those materials in which the average garden soil is lacking. 5 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. 45c; 25 lbs. \$1.00; 50 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$2.75; 500 lbs. \$12.50; 1,000 lbs. \$23.50; ton, \$42.50, not prepaid.

Clay's Fertilizer. An English chemical fertilizer, for forcing greenhouse plants and vegetables. It can be used in either dry or liquid form. 28 lbs. \$3.75; 56 lbs. \$6.25; 112 lbs. \$12.00.

Cow or Cattle Manure (Shredded). One sack of this is equal to one carload of cow manure in regular form. Convenient to handle, making it possible for everyone to get this usually scarce article at all times. Especially suited for soil mixing, mulching and liquid manuring. Apply 1000 lbs. per acre. 100 lbs. \$3.00; 500 lbs. \$11.25; 1000 lbs. \$22.50; 2000 lbs. \$45.00.

Driconure. This contains just two ingredients—cow manure and peat moss, so treated as to be free of weed seeds and practically odorless; a real soil conditioner for the lawn and garden. Per bag of 50 lbs. \$2.50; per 5 bags \$11.50; 10 bags \$22.00.

Ferogen. A spring and summer ground dressing; reinforces any manure fertilizers you may use. Lb. 75c; 2 lbs. \$1.25; 5 lbs. \$2.75; 10 lbs. \$4.75; 25 lbs. \$11.00; 100 lbs. \$40.00.

Genuine Venezuelan Goat Manure. Pure animal manure, long recognized as the most valuable aid to plant-life under the control of man. It is gathered from the corrals in Venezuela, carried to the seacoast, and shipped to the factory. Litter is unknown in Venezuela, hence the absence of straw or other trash, usually found mixed with domestic animal manures. Coming from the hot, dry climate of Venezuela, this material is absolutely free from weed seeds of any sort. The readily available organic nitrogen will give your plants a good start, and the slower-acting elements will feed them throughout their growing season. 100 lbs. \$3.00; 500 lbs. \$11.50; 1,000 lbs. \$22.50; 2,000 lbs. \$45.00.

Horn Shavings. Used principally for mixing in potted soil; rich in ammonia, especially valuable in chrysanthemum growing. 5 lbs. 70c; 10 lbs. \$1.25; 25 lbs. \$2.00; 50 lbs. \$3.75; 100 lbs. \$7.00.

Hyper-Humus. An excellent article to incorporate with poor soil in the garden, greenhouse or in potting plants. When used in garden work, the ground should be covered with one-half to two inches of Humus and spaded in. 5 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. 45c; 25 lbs. 85c; 50 lbs. \$1.35; 100 lbs. \$2.50; 500 lbs. \$11.25; 1000 lbs. \$18.00; 2000 lbs. \$30.00.



Lime (Hydrated or Powdered). This is a very fine article for distributing on grass. Promotes growth, gives the grass a rich color and has a tendency to prevent the growth of weeds. Apply one ton per acre. 10 lbs. 25c; 50 lbs. 60c; 500 lbs. \$7.00; 1000 lbs. \$12.00; ton \$22.00.

Muriate of Potash. Apply 100 to 150 lbs. per acre, usually with other fertilizers. Excellent for potatoes, corn and other grains. Analysis, equal to 50 per cent actual potash. 5 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. 60c; 25 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$3.75; ton \$60.00.

Nitrate of Soda. Apply 100 to 150 lbs. per acre, mixing with land plaster or other fertilizers to render application more easy. Use only after plants are above ground. If used in liquid form dilute 2 ozs. to 1 gal. of water and do not apply oftener than twice a week. 5 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. 60c; 25 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$3.50; ton \$60.00.

Phosphate. For all vegetable crops, grains, grass, etc. Apply 800 to 1000 lbs. per acre broadcast. 5 lbs. 30c; 10 lbs. 55c; 25 lbs. \$1.00; 50 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$3.00; 200 lbs. \$5.50; ½ ton \$21.00; ton \$40.00.

Sheep Manure. Apply 1000 lbs. per acre. One of the most extensively used of animal manures. The analysis shows it to be a perfectly balanced plant food. For garden, lawn or greenhouse use, nothing surpasses sheep manure; it is clean and easily handled, besides giving immediate results. 100 lbs. \$3.00; 500 lbs. \$11.25; 1000 lbs. \$22.50; 2000 lbs. \$45.00.

Soot (Scotch Imported). This is used principally for bringing a good healthy color into foliage of chrysanthemum and other greenhouse plants. Also destroys insects and grubs that work on top of and underneath the surface. 5 lbs. 60c; 10 lbs. \$1.00; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$5.00.

Sutton's Clensward.

Sutton's Original Lawn Sand. Most weeds are amenable to treatment with one or other Sutton's Clensward Lawn sands, which preparations are unrivalled for the destruction of these troublesome plants. Where weeds are very abundant it is advisable to dress the entire area at the rate of four ounces per square yard, equal to about 10 cwt. per acre. Choose a dry day for the work. Clensward is most effective when the application is followed by 24 to 48 hours of dry weather. Individual weeds may be destroyed by lightly covering the plant, and in the case of very large specimens the crowd of the weed should be pierced vertically. Lb. 20c; 5 lbs. 90c; 10 lbs. \$1.70; 25 lbs. \$4.00; 50 lbs. \$7.50; 100 lbs. \$13.50.

Sulphate of Aluminum. Especially adapted for fertilizing Rhododendrons, and other plants requiring an acid soil. 5 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. 70c; 25 lbs. \$1.25; 100 lbs. \$4.00; 200 lbs. \$7.50.

Sulphate of Ammonia. Apply 75 to 100 lbs. per acre only with other fertilizers deficient in nitrogen. A valuable fertilizer for all plants in which a large leaf development or rapid growth is desired; will stimulate growth almost immediately. Analysis equal to 25% of ammonia. 2 lbs. 25c; 5 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. 60c; 25 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$3.50; ton \$60.00.

Sulphate of Potash. Apply 100 to 125 lbs. per acre, usually with other fertilizers. On account of its great strength it must be used judiciously. Valuable for roots and grain crops. Analysis equal to 50% of actual potash. 5 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. 70c; 25 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$2.25; 100 lbs. \$4.00; 200 lbs. \$7.50.

Tobacco Stems. For fumigating, mulching and fertilizing, these are invaluable. The chief fertilizing element in them is the potash. 5 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. 50c; 50 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$3.00.

Vigoro. A specially prepared plant food for lawns, vegetable and flower gardens, shrubbery, trees, etc. 5 lbs. 50c; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

V-C Fairway Fertilizer. For lawns and grass. To have a lawn of closer, faster-growing grass that resists drought, stays greener—constantly thickens and spreads—use V-C Fairway Fertilizer. This is the treatment now used on the lawns of country estates, polo fields and on the most famous golf courses. Fifteen times as rich as manure; costs not more than 10 cents for each 100 square feet to be treated. Practically no odor. 100-lb. bag (enough for 5,000 sq. ft.) \$4.00; 50-lb. bag (enough for 2,500 sq. ft.) \$2.50; 25-lb. bag (enough for 1,250 sq. ft.) \$1.50. Convenient, easy to handle. Complete directions for lawn treatment on every bag.



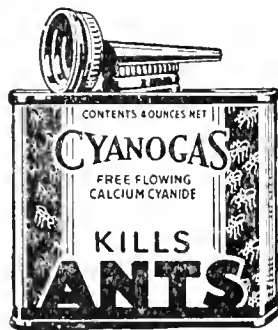
WONDERGRO

New life TABLETS for plants

"Wondergro" is the new and better Plant Fertilizer sent postpaid with a little FREE BOOKLET on "How to Make a Success of the Window Garden."

WONDERGRO is water-soluble and Odorless and may be used in tablet or liquid form. Per box of 40 tablets 25c (postpaid 30c); per can of 40 tablets 25c (postpaid 30c); per can of 100 tablets 50c (postpaid 65c); 1000 tablets \$3.25 (postpaid \$3.40).

ABEL'S INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES



ANT DESTROYER. A non-poisonous powder which, sprinkled around their haunts, will drive ants from lawns, etc. Can 40c.

ANT KILLER CYANOGLAS, 30c. Simply enlarge entrances of nest with pointed stick or long-shank screw driver. Adjust spout on can, allow small amount of CYANOGLAS to flow into the hole. The Queen and worker ants are killed in a few minutes.

ANSUL FORMALDEHYDE DUST. Eliminate losses and poor stands of flowers and vegetables. Most soils contain the "damping-off" and root rotting germs. The best seeds planted in soil containing an abundance of these germs will germinate poorly and show poor stands. Treat with Ansul Formaldehyde Dust. It is safe, economical and easy to apply. Steam sterilization or seed treatment unnecessary. 1 lb. can 75c; 5 lb. can \$2.00; 25 lbs. \$5.50; 50 lbs. \$9.00.



APHISTROGEN should be used whenever aphids appear—two ounces to the gallon of water. Spray with pressure so that it may reach the lower parts of the foliage as well as the entire plant. Wet the insects. Two to three sprayings a day or two apart should eliminate the aphids. Aphistrogen is a contact spray. 2 oz. 50c; 1/2 lb. \$1.25; 1 lb. \$2.25; 2 lbs. \$3.50; 4 lbs. \$6.50; 12 lbs. \$15.00.

ARSENATE OF LEAD (Dry). Will destroy leaf-eating insects. Mix 2 pounds to 50 gallons water. Lb. 29c; 4 lbs. 80c.

ARSENATE OF LEAD (Coated). Especially valuable for protecting foliage against the Japanese Beetle. Per lb. 50c; \$1.00 per 2 1/2 lbs.; 10 lbs. \$3.00; \$6.50 per 25 lbs.; \$18.00 per 100 lbs.

BARKA. A super corn-seed disinfectant for seed corn. 4 ozs. 50c; lb. \$1.75; 5 lbs. \$8.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE (Dry). For all fungoid diseases, mildew, and various rots of grape, etc. 4 lbs. 96c.

BLACK-LEAF 40 (Nicotine Sulphate). Destroys aphids, thrips, etc. 1-oz. bottle 35c; 5 oz. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$2.10; 2-lb. can \$3.10; 10 lbs. \$10.15.

CALCIUM ARSENATE. For spraying to kill potato beetles and cabbage worms, and for use on plants having hardy foliage, use 1 1/2 to 2 pounds to 50 gallons water or 2 tablespoons to 1 gallon water. For dusting, dilute with an equal amount of hydrated lime and apply with duster. 1-lb. pack 25c; 4-lb. pack 59c.

C. P. O. (INSECTICIDAL SOAP SPREADER). Odorless, non-poisonous, liquid form. Dilute 1 to 80 to make nicotine, pyrethrum and other insecticidal poisons more effective. Can also be used without insecticidal poisons for control of JUNIPER SCALE, many forms of aphids and certain other insects infesting evergreens, flowering shrubs, fruits and vegetables. 3 ozs. 20c; pt. 60c; qt. \$1.00; 1 gal. \$2.00; 5 gals. \$6.25; 10 gals. \$10.00; 30 gals. \$27.00; 55 gals. \$44.00.

COPPER SOLUTION. The original ammoniated copper so highly recommended by Department of Agriculture as the most effective preventative for mildew, black spot, rust, etc., on roses, and other plants. Highly concentrated—stands dilution 80 to 1. Invisible on foliage or blooms. 1/2 pt. 50c; pt. 85c; qt. \$1.50; gal. \$4.60; 5 gals. \$20.00.

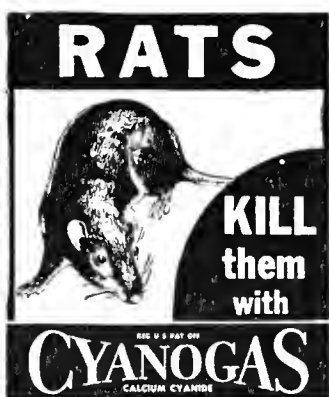


GREENHOUSES



CYANOGLAS. Valuable for greenhouse fumigation for destroying aphids, white fly, thrips, etc. Price 5 lbs. \$2.95.

DOG SKAT. Keeps dogs, cats and other animals away from trees, evergreens, roses, shrubbery, etc. Tube releases vapor offensive to animals, but not noticeable to humans. One large tube lasts a year. Large tube 30c.



EVER GREEN. Kills most plant insects, including lice, melon beetles, cabbage worms, mealy bugs, mites, etc. 1-oz. bottle 35c.

FISH-OIL SOAP. Commonly known as "Whale-oil Soap." Makes an excellent wash for trees and plants. Lb. 35c.

FLOWERS OF SULPHUR. A staple preventive for mildew on grapes, roses, etc. Lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 50c; 10 lbs. 75c.

FUNGITROGEN, the spray for controlling mildew and black spot. It is well to spray regularly about every five days with this preparation in order to prevent mildew and black spot from getting control of your Roses. Use two ounces to the gallon of water. It is necessary to control mildew and black spot, as they will eventually destroy the plant, and when **Fungitrogen** is used, not only does it act as a preventive and remedy, but each time you spray with this material the plants are stimulated to better growth and foliage and consequently unusually fine blooms. 1/2 pt. 75c; pt. \$1.25; qt. \$2; 1/2 gal. \$3.50; gal. \$6.

GRAPE DUST. To kill mildew of grape vines; also on other plants or trees affected with mold, mildew, and rust-mites. 5 lbs. \$1.50.

INSECTROGEN is intended for leaf-eating insects of all kinds, including caterpillars, beetles, worms, etc. Use two ounces to the gallon of water. **Insectrogen** stays on the foliage a long time and is not washed off after rains, placing a protective film on the foliage. **Insectrogen** is not only a destroyer of the leaf-eating type of insects, but is also a repellent. 4 ozs. 50c; 1/2 pt. \$1; pt. \$1.75; qt. \$2.75; 1/2 gal. \$4.50; gal. \$8.

LIME-SULPHUR (Dry). Widely recommended and known as one of the best preparations for San Jose scale, oyster-shell scale, etc. 1-lb. can 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.35; 12 1/2-lb. bag \$2; 25 lbs. \$3.75.

LUCKY STRIKE kills all plant insects on your flowers and vegetables. **Lucky Strike** is the revolutionary spray that has created a tremendous sensation among entomologists, florists, gardeners. In the opinion of many, it represents the greatest advance that has been made in an insecticide. **Lucky Strike** is the kind of spray you have long wanted. It contains a substance more deadly to insects than anything else ever discovered... yet it does not harm children, animals, or the plants and the delicate flowers on which it is sprayed. 1 oz. 35c makes 4-8 gals.; 1/4 pt. 75c makes 15-30 gals.; 1/2 pt. \$1.25 makes 35-70 gals.; 1 pt. \$2.00 makes 70-140 gals.; 1 qt. \$3.75 makes 140-280 gals.; 1 gal. \$12.00 makes 500-1,000 gals.

LUCKY STRIKE—Concentrated treatment for Roses, Delphiniums, Hollyhocks, etc. Kills chewing and sucking insects both by contact and through stomach. Controls mildew, black spot and certain fungous diseases. Does not discolor or injure tender foliage and blooms. Simply mix with required amount of water and spray. Kit No. 1 makes 16 qts. finished spray 75c; Kit No. 2 makes 64 qts. of finished spray \$2.00.

MAGNESIUM ARSENATE. For dusting for control of Mexican bean beetle and for use on plants having tender foliage. Either as wet spray or dust should be applied to under side of leaves. Wet spray, use 4 pounds to 50 gallons water, 4 tablespoons per gallon; when applied as dust, about 12 to 15 pounds to acre. 1-lb. pack 25c; 4-lb. pack 80c.

NO-CROW. Crow repellent. Birds and animals will not bother seed corn or other grain treated with **No-Crow**. Protects corn and seeds from rot. Does not hinder germination. Not poisonous. One-half pint treats 1 bushel, pint treats 2 bushels, quart treats 4 bushels. 1/2 pt. 50c; qt. 85c; pt. \$1.25; gal. \$3.50.

NICO-FUME LIQUID. A highly refined solution of free nicotine guaranteed to contain fully 40 per cent nicotine. Used for destroying aphids, thrips, etc. Lb. \$2.25; 8 lbs. \$10.00.

NICO-FUME POWDER. For fumigating in greenhouses to destroy aphids, thrips, etc. 1 lb. can \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$3.35; 10 lbs. \$5.85.

PARIS GREEN. Superior quality. Lb. 45c; 5 lbs. \$2.

PARA-DICHLOROBENZINE (P. T. B.) For peach-tree borers. Lb. 45c; 5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.50.

ABEL'S SPECIAL SWEDISH PEAT MOSS (Torf Mull). Granulated Peat Moss should be used liberally about the garden or greenhouse, for pot-plants, window boxes, growing bulbs, etc. It is also useful for mulching perennial beds, lawns, roses, etc., and mixing with sandy or clayey soils. Large bale (13 cu. ft.) covers 240 sq. ft. 1 inch deep, \$2.50; 5 bale lots, \$2.25 each.

PYROX insecticide and fungicide for all leaf-eating insects. Lb. 45c; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3; 25 lbs. \$6.25.

NICOTINE PYROX. The new Improved **Pyrox**. For the first time a spray that kills all garden bugs—both sucking and chewing insects. Controls diseases such as blight and other plant diseases. Just mix with water and spray. 10-oz. jars 50c; 40-oz. drum \$1.75.

SCALECIDE. Used for the destruction of the San Jose scale. Dilute at the rate of 1 gallon Scalecide to 20 gallons water. Scalecide does not clog nozzles, hose, or pump, and is pleasant to use. Spray during the winter or early spring when the trees are dormant. Qt. 70c; gal. \$1.60; 5 gals. \$6.00; 10 gals. \$10.00; 30 gals. \$22.50; 50 gals. \$28.00.



PYROX



RED ARROW INSECT SPRAY (Pyrethrum Soap). A non-poisonous, efficient insecticide for use against sucking and chewing insects, such as Mexican bean beetles, Japanese beetles, rose-chafers, aphids (plant lice), leaf-hoppers, etc. Oz. 35c; 4 ozs. \$1.00; pt. \$2.00; qt. \$3.70; gal. \$9.50.

SLUG SHOT DUST. The safe, non-poisonous, dusting insecticide. Kills chewing insects and controls fungus. Harmless to humans, plants and vegetables. Kills Mexican bean beetle, cabbage worms, beetles, potato bugs, green flies, slugs, etc. 1 lb. 25c; 5 lbs. \$1.00; 25 lbs. \$4.00; 125 lbs. \$18.00; 250 lbs. \$34.00.

SUNOCO SPRAY OIL. For the control of scale insects, red spider, aphids, thrip, etc. Cheap, effective, and pleasant to handle. Gal. \$1.20; 5 gals. \$5.00; 15 gals. \$8.25; 30 gals. \$13.80; 50 gals. \$19.00.

TOBACCO DUST. If dusted on while the foliage is moist, it destroys rose-lice, cabbage and turnip fleas, etc. Also used as a fertilizer. Lb. 10c; 5 lbs. 35c; 100 lbs. \$4.

TRI-GEN. Combined Spray Treatment. Fungicide, insecticide. Plant Stimulant. Complete protection against Plant Insects and Diseases. In the past, Mildew and Black Spot have been most difficult to combat. However, these diseases are now easily controlled with the Tri-gen Spray Treatment, which gives COMPLETE protection against all diseases and insect pests. Prices—A. Small Kit (makes 16 quarts) \$1.50; B. Medium Kit (makes 64 quarts) \$4.00; C. Large Kit (makes 32 gallons), \$6.00; D. Estate Kit (makes 128 gallons), \$20.00.

TREE TANGLEFOOT. The best remedy against caterpillars and all tree-crawling insects. 1 lb. 58c; 5 lbs. \$2.75.

VOLCK. A powerful spray, effective on all ornamental and flowering plants for control of red spider, aphids, scale, etc. ½ pt. can 50c; pt. 75c; qt. \$1; gal. \$3.

WILSON'S O. K. PLANT SPRAY. For inside and outside spraying. For aphids, thrip, mealy bug, scale, rose-bugs, and many other insects. The only insecticide recommended by the officers of the Garden Club of America. ½ pt. 40c; qt. \$1; gal. \$3; 5 gals. \$12; 10 gals. \$22; 25 gals. \$50.

WHALE-OR FISH-OIL SOAP. Used during the summer as a wash, thus preventing the spread of scale. Lb. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.50. Special prices on large quantities.

WEED-KILLER. Used only on paths, drives, gutters, and places where no growth is wanted. Dilute 1 gallon with 40 gallons of water. Qt. 60c; gal. \$1.75; 5 gals. \$7.



MISCELLANEOUS GARDEN TOOLS



National Eezy Wear Garden Gloves

All-Leather—DIRT-PROOF
SOFT AS KID—Extra Pliable



Ideal gloves for men and women, made from select imported leather processed to render it amazingly soft and pliable, as well as durable. Permit almost barehand freedom with perfect comfort, yet insure complete protection from dirt, scratches, bruises, stains. Economical—outwear 6 pairs of fabric gloves and are useful the year round for Garden, Housework, Painting, Yard, Furnace, Garage, etc.

DIBBLES, Iron. 55c.

WASHABLE!

Sizes for women: "Small," "Medium," "Large"—for men: "Medium," and "Large." Price 75c a pair (2 pairs, \$1.40), postpaid.

CULTIVATORS, Hand. 5-tooth. \$1.25 to \$1.50.

FORKS. 4 tines; regular. \$1.50 to \$1.75.

FRUIT-PICKER. Wire, 50c each.

GARDEN HOES. 5-in. 80c:

Heavy Half-Moon. \$1.

Onion. 2-prong. 60c and \$1.25.

Scuffle. (Large assortment.) 4-in., 85c.

GLAZING MATERIALS, Permanite (Black). A glazing compound, composed of asbestos fiber and special long-life weather-resisting non-drying oils. Gal. \$2.50.

White Garlanite. The improved corking and glazing compound. Per gal. \$2.75.

Permanite Gun. This Gun makes application easy. \$6 each.

Glazing Points, Peerless. Box (1000) 75c.

GRAFTING WAX. ¼ lb. 20c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. 55c.

HOE HANDLES. 35c.

HOSE, Clamps. 8c each; 75c per doz.

Couplers, Brass. ¾ in. 30c per pair; \$3 per doz. pairs.

Menders, Iron. 10c each; \$1.25 per doz.

Cooper's, Brass. 15c each; \$1.25 per doz.

Perfection. 15c each; \$1.35 per doz.

Nozzles, Peerless. ¾ in.; cast brass. 75c each.

Reels, Easy-Reel. Carries 100 ft. \$2.

Rubber, Red, Goodyear. Extra-fine grade. 14c per ft.

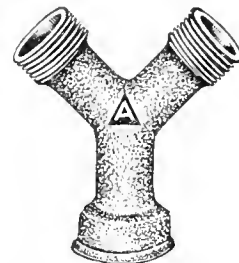
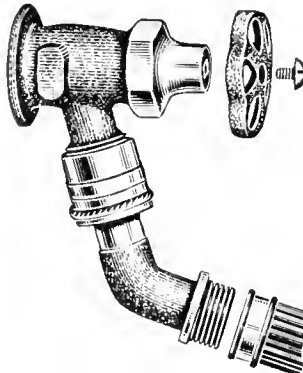
Black. 12c per ft.

Washers. 5c per doz.

JUTE TWINE. For tying plants and vegetables. We can furnish 2-, 3-, and 5-ply. Ball 15c, 2 for 25c.

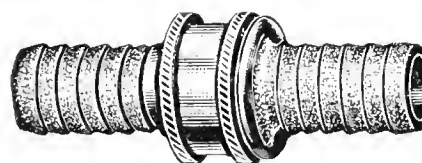
Garden Hose Siamese

The use of this device permits two sprinklers to be run from one line of hose. Hose thread only. Price 75c.



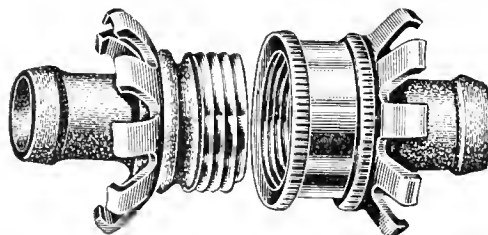
Goose Neck Connection

A device which prevents the hose from kinking when attached to the sill cock or where a street washer is used. Price 75c.



Brass Hose Couplings

½ in., ¾ in., 5/8 in. 25c complete set; 15c per section.



Brass Clinching Hose Coupling

A self fastening coupling that does not require extra bands, bolts or wire. Slip in the hose and hammer down. Price 35c.



HOTKAPS protect plants against birds, insects, rain, frost, hail or wind. They force growth and bring maturity 2 to 3 weeks sooner. Yield is increased 10 to 25 per cent. Each HOTKAP is a miniature hot-house for the plant underneath.

Prices: 1,000 for \$10.25; 250 package with setter and tamper, \$3.75; 100 package with setter and tamper, \$2.50; steel setter and tamper, \$1.50. Garden setter 50c. Postage extra.

LABELS, Painted.

	100	1000		100	1000
4-in.....	\$.40	\$2.25	6-in.....	\$.60	\$3.50
4 ½-in.....	.45	2.75	8-in.....	1.70	9.00
5-in.....	.50	3.00	10-in.....	1.60	10.00
			12-in.....	2.00	12.50

Tree, Wire. 50c per 100; \$3.25 per 1000.

LAWN ROLLERS, Buch's Water-Ballast. Fill with water or sand for weight. Adapted for rolling lawns, golf courses and tennis courts.

No. 601. Diam. 14 in.; length 24 in. Weight, empty, 70 lbs.; filled with water, 175 lbs.; with sand, 400 lbs. \$15.25.

No. 602. Diam. 18 in.; length 24 in. Weight, empty, 85 lbs.; filled with water, 265 lbs.; with sand, 475 lbs. \$18.

No. 603. Diam. 34 in.; length 24 in. Weight, empty, 110 lbs.; filled with water, 420 lbs.; with sand, 630 lbs. \$20.50.

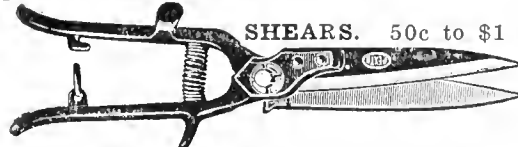
MOLE TRAP, Out-o-Sight. \$1.75.

RAFFIA. Natural color, lb. 50c; dyed, lb. \$1.50.

SCYTHES, English Lawn. Riveted back. 30- and 32-in., \$1.50;

SCYTHE STONES, English style, 30c; **Darby,** 20c; **Carborundum,** 35c.

Snath. Improved pattern. \$1.50.



SHEARS. 50c to \$1 each.

SPRINKLER, Rubber Plant. Pt. 85c; qt. \$1.25. Straight or crooked neck.

TROWELS, Florists', Ladies' and Market-gardeners' styles. Large assortment. 10c to \$1.50.

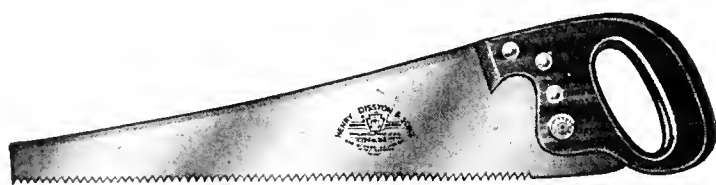
WATERING CANS, Galvanized Oval. For florists. Two copper-faced roses, one fine and one coarse, with each pot. 6-qt. \$5.50; 8-qt. \$5.75; 10-qt. \$6.25; 12-qt. \$6.75.

WIRED TOOTH PICKS

3-in. white wired tooth picks—per bundle (250) 15c; per 1000 50c; per 10,000 \$3.50.

4-in. green wired tooth picks—per bundle (250) 25c; per 1000 95c; per 4500 \$4.00.

6-in. wired tooth picks—per bundle (250) 30c; per 1000 \$1.15; per 3000 \$3.25.



D127



No. 22



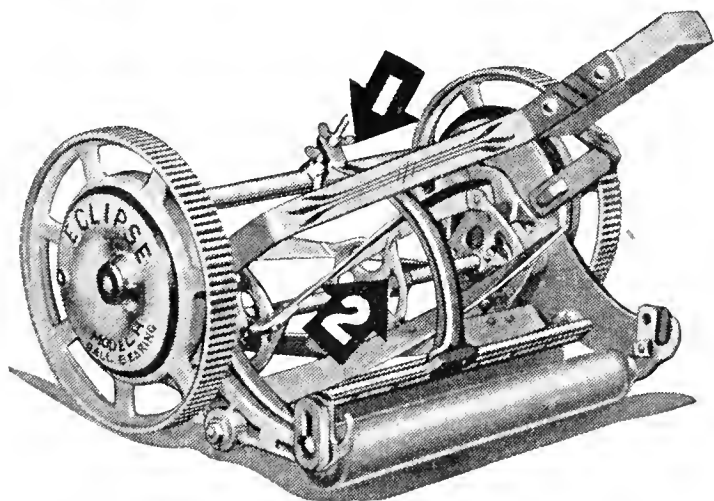
No. 40

PRUNING SAWS. D127. Beech handle, varnished edges, brass screws, narrow crucible steel blade, blued. Length of blade 26 in.; 6 in. wide at butt; 1 1/4 in. at point. Toothed 7 points to in. \$4.50.

No. 22. Narrow point crucible steel blade, copper handle and beechwood grip. 20 in. \$1.75.

No. 40. Cherry handle, carved and polished, crucible steel blade, double edge, adjustable lever tightener. 20 in. \$1.75.

Eclipse THE WORLD'S BEST LAWN MOWER



1 The Eclipse is always in perfect adjustment — no tinkering — no expense.



2 The Eclipse is always sharp. No expense — no attachments — no disassembly.

1 Eliminates the old screw driver method—easy finger-tip adjustment assures proper set of knives for sure cutting.

2 Eliminates that yearly sharpening cost—only Eclipse provides you automatic self-sharpening without use of tools, or disassembly.

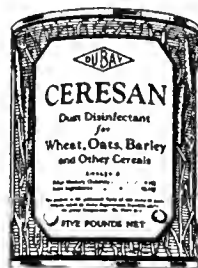
Stakes

HYACINTH STAKES. Used for staking hyacinths, tulips and slender plants. Wood (dyed green). 12 in. doz. 7c; 100 30c; 1000 \$1.50; 18 in. doz. 10c; 100 40c; 1000 \$2.25.

JAPANESE CANE STAKES. 6 ft. These are very attractive for all purposes of plant staking, thin and strong; used a lot for spray making. 1 bale of 2000 \$16; 1 bale of 1000 \$10; bundle of 250 \$3.25; bundle of 100 \$1.75. 10 ft. 15c each, 2 for 25c; \$1.50 per doz.; 25 to 100 @ 10c each.

CHINESE TONKIN BAMBOO STAKES. A heavy substantial stake for Dahlias, ivy, young trees, etc. 4 ft. high, 3/8 in. diameter, 12 for 45c; 100 for \$2.50. 6 ft. high, 5/8 to 3/4 in. diameter, 12 for \$1; 100 for \$6.00.

BAMBOO CANE STAKES. 3 1/2 ft. Used for spray making and staking. Dyed green. Hot water treated. 1 bale of 2000 \$10; 1000 \$6; 500 \$4; 250 \$2.50; 100 \$1.50.



IMPROVED CERESAN for seed treatment of small grains. Ceresan has proved effective in controlling such seed-borne diseases as bunt or stinking smut of wheat, stripe disease of barley, loose and covered smuts of barley and oats, and covered kernel smut of sorghum. It is the only dust treatment which has successfully controlled these destructive grain diseases. Ceresan does not injure the seed nor the grain-drill. Only 2 ounces of Ceresan required per bushel of wheat, rye or sorghum and 3 ounces for barley and oats. Easy to apply, economical to use.

PRICES	
1 lb.	\$.75
5 lbs.	3.00
25 lbs.	12.50
100 lbs.	\$49.00
300 lbs.	144.00

TREAT BEFORE PLANTING WITH SEMESAN FOR DISEASE PROTECTION

POTATOES—2c a bushel now pays for easy Dip Treatment of Seed Potatoes with New Improved SEMESAN BEL.

Seed potato treatment will bring you more profit than ever before. New Improved Semesan Bel—the quick dip treatment—has cut treating costs to 1 1/2c to 3c per bushel of seed and gives equal or better control of seed-borne Rhizoctonia and scab than the old soak treatments. It protects seed pieces against rotting, insuring maximum stands; gives more consistent increases in yield and consequently larger profits. New Improved Semesan Bel costs less in time and labor than the old treatments. It is easily and quickly applied. Just mix one pound of Improved Semesan Bel with 7 1/2 gallons of water, dip your seed potatoes, drain, and plant. One pound of New Improved Semesan Bel treats 60-80 bushels of seed potatoes.

Prices: 4 oz. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.75; 5 lbs. \$8; 25 lbs. \$31.25; 100 lbs. \$120. Free pamphlet.

TREAT BEFORE PLANTING WITH SEMESAN FOR DISEASE PROTECTION

CORN—Increase your Corn Yields 3 bushels an acre with SEMESAN JR.

Three bushels more corn can reasonably be expected by any farmer who treats seed corn before planting, Illinois Experiment Station tests show. Field or sweet seed corn dusted with Semesan Jr. is protected from the destructive Diplodia, Gibberella, and Basiporiom root rots carried by the seed and from rotting in cold, wet soil, consequently better germination, stands, and yields of improved quality are obtained. Treatment with Semesan Jr. costs less than 3c per acre and pays a splendid profit on the cost. Easily and quickly applied as a dust at the rate of 2 ounces per bushel of seed.

Prices: 4 oz. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.75; 5 lbs. \$8; 25 lbs. \$31.25. Free pamphlet.

TREAT BEFORE PLANTING WITH SEMESAN FOR DISEASE PROTECTION

VEGETABLES, FLOWERS—More Vegetables and better Flowers through controlling diseases with SEMESAN.

Prevent the many damaging diseases of flowers and vegetables that are carried on the seed, by disinfection of the seed with Semesan. It destroys the destructive diseases on the seed and protects them from the rots in the soil, which results in increased stands of more vigorous, healthy plants that yield larger, quality crops. Sprinkling of the seedling beds with Semesan solution effectively prevents damping-off. Recommended especially for seeds, bulbs, gladiolus corms, dahlia tubers, and rose bushes. Easily applied as a liquid or dust. One ounce treats 15 to 30 pounds of seed. Directions in every can.

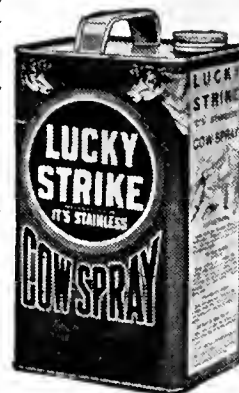
Prices: 2 oz. 50c; 1 lb. \$2.75; 5 lbs. \$13; 25 lbs. \$56.25. Free pamphlet.



LUCKY STRIKE STAINLESS COW SPRAY—For general Farm and Dairy use. ODORLESS. \$1.25 per gal.; 30 gals. \$1.00 per gal.; 50 gals. 95c per gal.

ODOR \$1.00 per gal.; 30 gals. at 75c; 50 gals. 70c.

LUCKY STRIKE HIGH POWER HOUSEHOLD SPRAY Kills Flies, Mosquitoes, Moths, Bedbugs, Roaches, Wasps, Ants and many other household insects and their eggs. 1/2 pt. 24c; pt. 39c; qt. 75c; gal. \$1.98.



THE B-B IMPROVED CELERY BLEACHER.
Saves Labor—Eliminates Waste—Insures a Better Product—Increases Volume.
The B-B Celery Bleachers Are Made in Three Sizes

List Prices on B-B Celery Bleachers



		per doz.	per 100	per 500
B-1	6" x12"	\$.40	\$2.75	\$12.75
B-2	6 1/2" x13"	.45	3.10	13.90
B-3	7" x14"	.50	3.45	15.00

Write for special market gardeners prices on larger quantities.

It must be remembered that each tube will bleach at least ten stalks per season, and will last at least two seasons. This makes the cost very low indeed.

The B-1 size is usually used on medium or average size celery. The B-2 is for larger stalks; the B-3 is for very large stalks, especially the green varieties which usually grow much larger than the self-bleaching kinds.

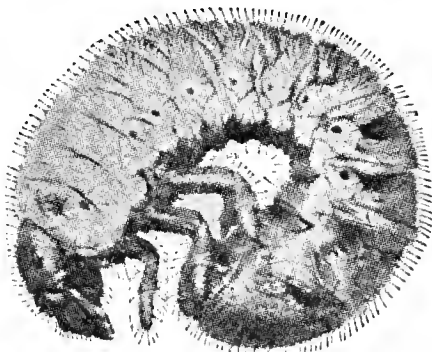
Two types of Handler are available:

H-1—Celery Handler (brass)	\$2.25 each
H-2—Celery Handler (tin)	.75 each

Fairmont Beetle Grub Killer

A scientific preparation for broadcasting over lawns and golf greens, which kills beetle grubs and other soil insects. Birds and pets will not touch it.

Prices: 5 lbs. 85c; 10 lbs. \$1.35; 25 lbs. \$3; 100 lbs. \$9; 500 lbs. \$42.50.



Florists' Pots, Azalea and Bulb Pans

Height and Width Inside	Each	Doz.	100	1000
1 inch	\$.03	\$.19	\$ 1.48	\$13.50
2 inches	.02	.16	1.23	11.25
2 1/4 inches	.02	.18	1.40	12.75
2 1/2 inches	.03	.24	1.65	15.00
3 inches	.03	.28	2.14	19.20
4 inches	.05	.42	3.30	30.00
5 inches	.07	.78	5.94	54.00
6 inches	.10	1.08	8.91	81.00
7 inches	.17	1.62	14.85	
8 inches	.25	2.81	21.45	
9 inches	.39	4.32	33.00	
10 inches	.52	5.83	44.55	
11 inches	.78	8.64	66.00	
12 inches	.98	11.88	90.75	
14 inches	1.75	19.44	148.50	

Saucers

Each	Doz.	100	Each	Doz.	100
4 inches ... \$.04	\$.43	\$2.48	9 inches ... \$.14	\$1.45	\$12.38
5 inches05	.55	3.30	10 inches18	2.02	14.85
6 inches07	.72	4.95	11 inches22	2.45	18.15
7 inches08	.86	6.60	12 inches26	2.88	22.28
8 inches10	1.15	9.08	14 inches44	4.90	37.13

KILL ANTS IN THE NEST

Antrol is easy to use, economical, and safe around children and pets. Consists of small glass containers from which the worker ants carry special Antrol Syrup to their nests for food. The whole ant family is quickly killed at the source—the only way to get permanent freedom from these pests.

Antrol containers are practically unbreakable glass, with rust-proof, water-proof aluminum lids. Control both sweet and grease-eating ants.

Prices—Antrol Sets, 40c; Extra Syrup, 4-oz. bottles, 35c; pint bottles, 85c.

ANTROL



Cedar Plant Tub

Made of white cedar, painted green and bound with strong electric-welded wire hoops which do not rust. Handles are sold separately at 30c per pair, not attached to tub.

	Inside Diam.	Depth	Each
No. 1	6 inches	6 inches	\$.75
No. 2	7 inches	7 inches	.80
No. 3	8 inches	8 inches	.85
No. 4	9 inches	9 inches	.90
No. 5	10 inches	9 inches	1.10
No. 6	11 inches	10 inches	1.15
No. 7	12 inches	11 inches	1.50
No. 8	13 inches	12 inches	1.75
No. 9	14 inches	13 inches	2.00
No. 10	15 inches	14 inches	2.25
No. 11	16 inches	15 inches	2.35
No. 12	17 inches	16 inches	2.95
No. 13	18 inches	17 inches	3.25
No. 14	19 inches	18 inches	4.50

New York Cedar Tubs with Feet

	Inside Top Diam.	Depth Inside	Each
No. 1	12 inches	10 1/2 inches	\$2.50
No. 2	14 1/2 inches	15 inches	3.95

Good Points on Plows

TO FIT OLIVER

Solid Shares, Right Hand

40 S, C, DS or X	\$.70
84-88 DS 12X	.85

Solid Shares, Left Hand

40 S, C, DS	\$.70
84-91 DS 12X	.85
20 S, C, or DS	.65
83 C11	.85

Landslide, Right Hand

40-W. B.	\$1.10
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Landslide, Left Hand

40-W. B.	\$1.10
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Moldboard, Right Hand

40	\$3.75
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Moldboard, Left Hand

40	\$3.75
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TO FIT SYRACUSE

Right Hand

2—1878 C. P. or H.	\$.63
1—1878 C. or P.	.63

Left Hand

20—1878 C. P. or H.	\$.63
30—1878 P. or H.	.65
501 C. or P.	.67

Landslide, Right Hand

1—1878	\$.97
2—1878	.93

Landslide, Left Hand

20—1878	\$.93
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Moldboard, Left Hand

20—1878	\$4.31
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The above list includes a few of the many repairs that we carry for any make plows.

KILL GARDEN PESTS

Cutworms, Sowbugs, Grasshoppers, Slugs, Snails, Earwigs, etc., Are Quickly Exterminated

Snarol is a ready-prepared meal that you simply broadcast on the ground, under vegetation.

It will not deteriorate from rain or sprinkling. Thus it lasts longer and is more economical. It is non-injurious to vegetation.

Prices—1 1/2-pound packages, 35c; 4-pound packages, 85c; 15-pound bags, \$3.00; 50-pound bags, \$8.00.

SNAROL

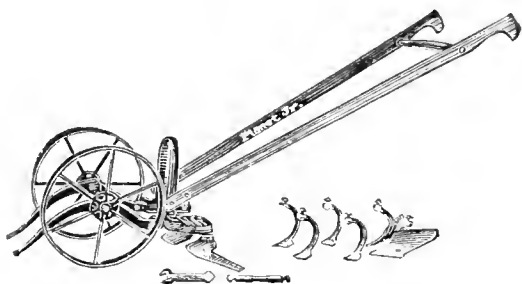


Planet Jr. Tools

Products of 37 years' experience by a practical farmer and manufacturer who has made a science of tool-building. All guaranteed. Illustrated catalogue FREE. Prices subject to change.

NO. 4 PLANET JR. COMBINED HILL AND DRILL SEEDER, WHEEL HOE, CULTIVATOR, AND PLOW. Does the work of almost all garden tools combined. It sows accurately all garden seeds in drills or hills 4, 6, 8, 12, or 24 inches apart, cultivates.

No. 4. Complete\$16.75
No. 4D As a Seeder only..... 13.50



NO. 12 DOUBLE WHEEL HOE. This is identical with No. 11 Wheel Hoe, except that it has 1 pair plows, 1 pair hoes, 2 pairs cultivator teeth, and a pair of leaf-lifters only. Price \$10.25.

PLANET JR. NO. 2 LAWN EDGER. Everyone who uses a lawn mower should have a Planet Jr. No. 2

Lawn Edger. The cutting blade is made of the best quality steel and well sharpened. The handle is strong, being made of good quality wood. In order to have attractive lawns, keep the edges well trimmed. There is no better tool for this purpose than the Planet Jr. No. 2 Edger. Price \$1.60.

Sprayers and Dusters



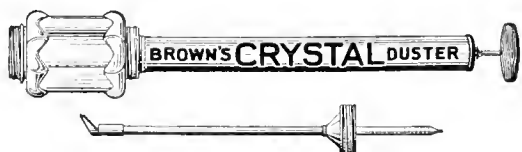
A new Sprayer, with 5 inch tank opening so that solution can be mixed right in tank, and tank can be wiped absolutely dry after using, to double life of sprayer.

All seams **ELECTRICALLY WELDED**, and Sprayer is **GALVANIZED AFTER TANK IS FORMED**, making tank lining practically seamless. The strongest and most durable sprayer ever made.

Pump is one complete unit; cylinder is seamless brass with all metal check valve. Pump lock is newest and safest—locks with twist of wrist.

Completely equipped—will handle all spraying solutions. Due to its construction will stand twice as much pressure as the ordinary sprayer.

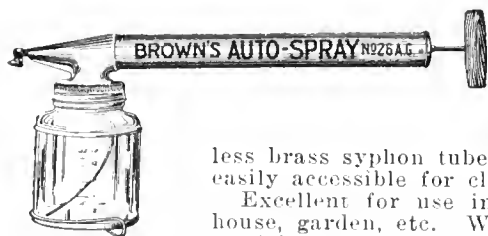
Open Hed No. 4B, 4 Gal. Brass.....\$8.90
Open Hed No. 4D, 4 Gal. Steel..... 5.60
Open Hed No. 3B, 3 Gal. Brass..... 6.95



The best small hand duster on the market. Made with lithographed pump, glass container, efficient agitator to keep lumps broken, and dust in constant motion, long extension with fan shaped spreader nozzle.

Especially adapted for dusting orchards, field crops, garden truck, poultry houses, etc.

Crystal Duster, 1 Qt., \$1.25—Duster Brown, 1/2 Pt., 50c.



The No. 26BG Sprayer is a continuous hand sprayer of one quart capacity, made with heavy tin pump, brass cone and jar cap, and durable glass container. Seamless brass syphon tube, and bronze ball check valve easily accessible for cleaning.

Excellent for use in the dairy barn, around the house, garden, etc. Will spray all disinfectants, insecticides, and other spraying solutions.

No. 26BG, Tin Pump, Glass Tank.....\$1.15
No. 26D, Brass Pump, Copper Tank..... 1.65

Moto-Mower

A compact, simple, and economical power Lawn Mower

18-in. cut, complete.....\$ 98.50
21-in. cut, complete..... 190.00
24-in. cut, complete..... 245.00
27-in. cut, complete..... 295.00

F. O. B. Detroit, Mich.

The Cyclone Seed Sower

Best and cheapest crank Seeder made, considering the quality of work done and durability. Will not get out of order nor be affected by damp weather. Distributes all kinds of fertilizer, land-plaster, ashes and seeds. Weight 6 pounds. \$3, not prepaid.

THE G & O WONDER SPRAYER. New, patented, outstanding. Effortless to operate, so little pressure required. Full quart. Two nozzles spray continuous mist, upward from underneath or straight ahead, depending upon the nozzle used. Sturdily built. All Brass. Can't corrode or rust. Lasts years. Non-tilting, folding leg prevents contents spilling. 65 lb. pressure, sprays 12 ft. \$1.85.



No. 4 Paragon Sprayer

Capacity 28 gallons. Equipment: 20-ft. Special Spray Hose, 10-ft. Spray Pipe, 1 Brass Mist Spray Nozzle, 1 Brass Straight Spray Nozzle, 1 Steel Spray Nozzle for whitewash, cold-water paint, etc., \$39.50 each.

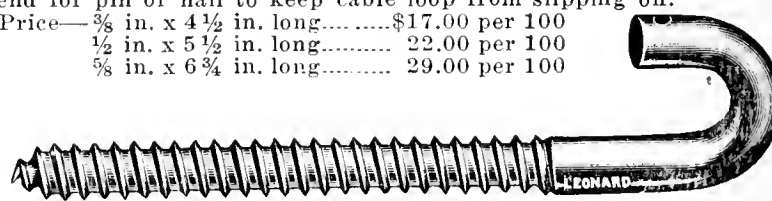
Tree Surgery Tools CHISELS



STRAIGHT EDGE SOCKET CHISEL. Flat blade, 6 1/2 in. long, with beveled back as illustrated. Special temper; iron ring handle. 1/2 in. \$3.00 each; 1 in. \$3.50 each; 1 1/2 in. \$3.90 each.



SOCKET FIRMER GOUGE. Outside bevel, iron ring handle. 1/2 in. \$3.00 each; 3/4 in. \$3.50 each; 1 in. \$4.00 each; 1 1/2 in. \$4.50 each.
LAG SCREW HOOKS. Zinc or Cadmium Plated. Diagonal hole in end for pin or nail to keep cable loop from slipping off.
Price—3/8 in. x 4 1/2 in. long.....\$17.00 per 100
1/2 in. x 5 1/2 in. long..... 22.00 per 100
5/8 in. x 6 3/4 in. long..... 29.00 per 100



STEEL WIRE. 7 strand, double galvanized. Most modern practice calls for bracing high up in the tree with several light cables. Genuine Roebling (holds up Brooklyn Bridge.)

Size	Strength	Length	Weight	Price
3/16 in. dia.	1150 lbs.	250 ft.	18 lbs.	\$4.50 per coil
1/4 in. dia.	1900 lbs.	250 ft.	30 lbs.	6.00 per coil



THIMBLES (Roebling)

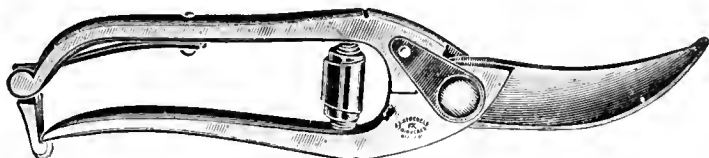
1/4 in. smooth galvanized. Fit all hooks. Price—\$10.00 per 100.



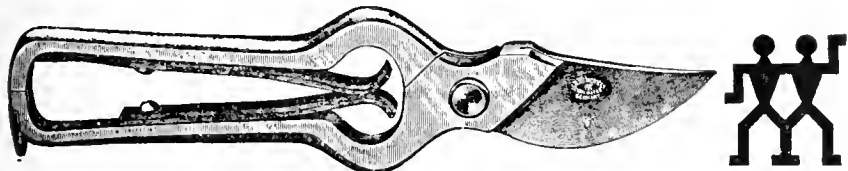
THREADED TREE ROD. For tying sides of large cavities and supporting limb crotches. Much better and stronger than bolts. Inserted with pipe wrench. Full instructions gladly given.

10 ft. bars (cold rolled, not soft steel).
Price—5/8 in., \$.36 per ft. (10 ft. weighs approx. 9 lbs.)
3/4 in., .42 per ft. (10 ft. weighs approx. 13 lbs.)
1 in., .54 per ft. (10 ft. weighs approx. 23 lbs.)

Cadmium Plated Rod—5/8 in., \$.46; 3/4 in., \$.52; 1 in., \$.76 per ft.
Diamond Washers, Cadmium Plated—5/8 in., \$8.00; 3/4 in., \$8.80; 1 in., \$10.40 per 100.
Hexagon Nuts, Cadmium Plated—5/8 in., \$10.00; 3/4 in., \$14.00; 1 in., \$20.00 per 100.

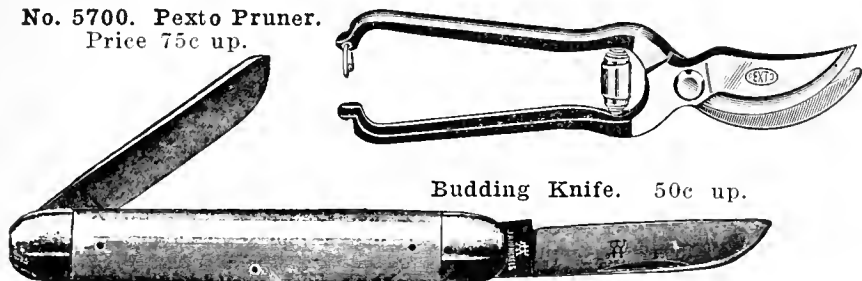


No. 192. Henckel's Pruner. (German make.) \$4.25



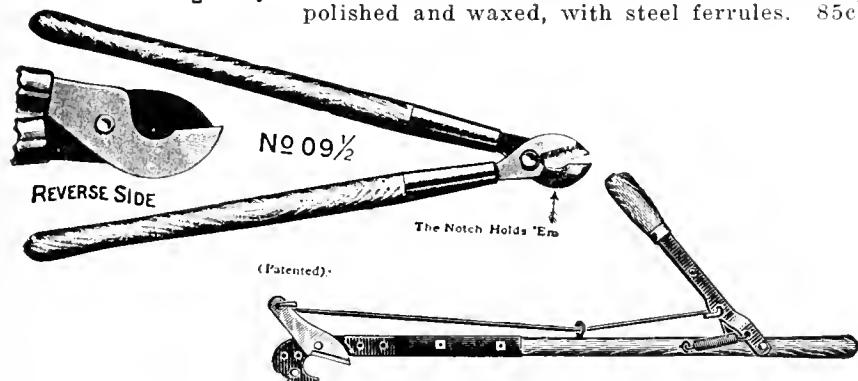
No. 205. Henckel's Pruner. \$3.95 each.

No. 5700. Pexto Pruner.
Price 75c up.



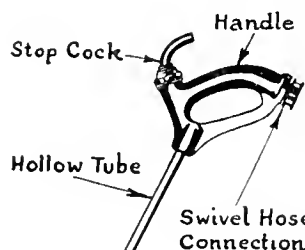
Budding Knife. 50c up.

No. 09½ Cronk's Wood Handle Pruners. Made with notched hook (patented) which prevents slipping, gives greater leverage, and makes cutting easy. Blades of tool steel. Handles natural finish, polished and waxed, with steel ferrules. 85c.



Elmira Tree Pruner. The blade makes a clean cut, is designed to prevent clogging, and is opened and held ready for use by the coil spring. A saw can be bolted to the head and is easily detached. Cuts on the down stroke and will not kink. Saws weigh 5 pounds to the dozen. Furnished without saws unless otherwise ordered. 10-ft. \$2.25; 12-ft. \$2.50.

Hydrospear



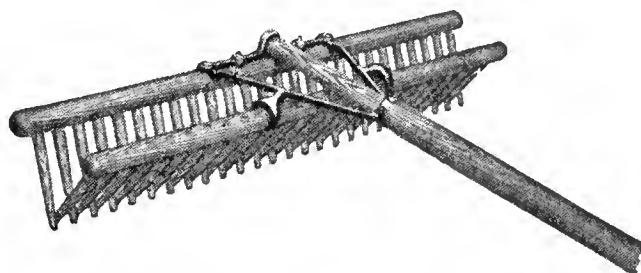
Open stop-cock and allow the amount of water desired to flow to the roots. After an application or two, the amount of time required for proper amount of water can be easily ascertained. After the proper amount of water is applied close stop-cock, pull point out, and proceed with the same operations as often as desired without detaching hose. \$3.75 each.



CULTIHOE
SAVES HALF YOUR TIME

Tempered spring steel blade 6x1½ inches, cutting edge sharpened; malleable one-piece plate and shank. 4½-ft. handle. When using, draw Cultihoe towards you—it cuts all the weeds leaving a smooth, level mulch. No. 22, \$1.25.

You Auto Use an Auto



The Automatic Self-cleaning Rake frees its teeth of leaves or grass at the end of each stroke automatically. It saves the annoyance and labor of frequent stops to clean the teeth. 26-tooth, \$1.75; 38-tooth, \$2.25.

A Popular Rake
the World Over



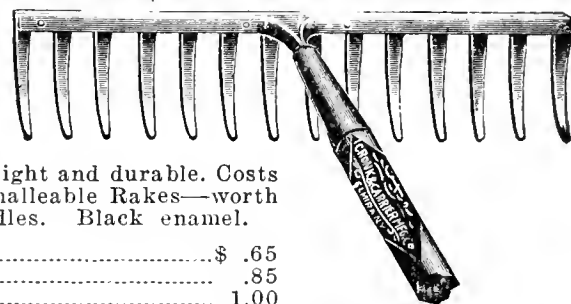
Champion Braced Wrought Steel Garden Rakes

The teeth are thin and broad, making them doubly strong the way the strain comes. They are made of wrought steel in pairs, solidly riveted to the channel steel head.

End teeth are crimped, which prevents bending sideways. Steel braced tang pinned into the handle. Strongest Rake made. 5½-ft. handles, each handle covered with paper bag.

CH12. 12-tooth.....\$1.00 CH16. 16-tooth.....\$1.50
CH14. 14-tooth.....1.25

Victor Straight Shank Rake



Wrought steel, very light and durable. Costs very little more than malleable Rakes—worth double. 5½-foot handles. Black enamel.

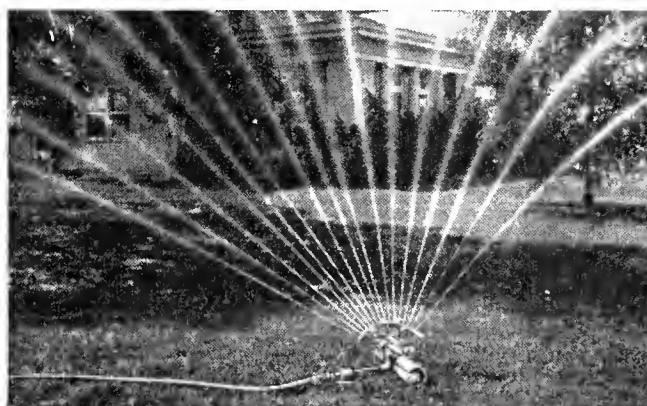
V112. 12-tooth.....\$.65
V114. 14-tooth......85
V116. 16-tooth.....1.00

Junior Rake

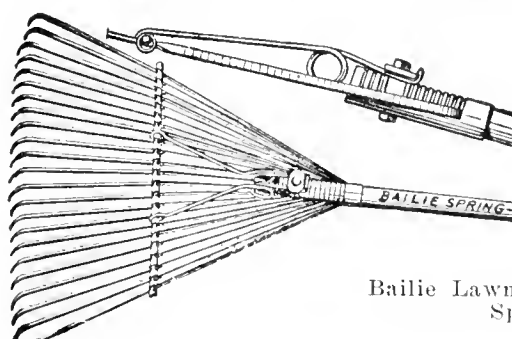
Metal-grip Lawn Rakes

18-in. Rake.....\$.69 24-in. Rake.....\$1.00 30-in. Rake.....\$1.50
Bamboo Handle and Bamboo Grip—Each 39c

Rain Wave Sprinkler



THE RAIN WAVE is more than a lawn sprinkler. It is a miniature automatic Skinner System in a light compact portable form for \$35. Covers 50 x 50 feet. Write or ask for the Rain Wave Booklet.



Bailie Lawn Rake, Upper View Shows
Spring Construction

This tool, fitted with 24 teeth, made from flat spring steel, is so well constructed and of such superior material that we believe it to be the best lawn rake available. Price \$1.75.

QUAKER BRAND FIELD SEEDS

All our seeds have been recleaned and graded. If you have not sowed Abel's Quaker Brand Field Seeds before, don't put off until next season. Sow this season and see the difference in Quaker Brand.

We are unable to quote prices as Field Seeds are controlled by the market and subject to change without notice. Write us for samples and prices.

Grass Seed

ORCHARD GRASS (*Dactylis glomerata*). One of the most valuable of the pasture grasses. Makes a good hay. Sow 3 bus. to the acre.

ENGLISH RYE GRASS (*Lolium perenne*). Sow 60 lbs. to the acre.

MEADOW FESCUE (*Festuca pratensis*). English Blue Grass, or Sweet Grass. Sow 40 lbs. to the acre.

SHEEP'S FESCUE (*Festuca ovina*). Valuable for lawns and sheep-pastures. Sow 40 lbs. to the acre.

RED, or CREEPING FESCUE (*Festuca rubra*). For sandy soils and putting greens. Sow 30 lbs. to the acre.

CREEPING BENT GRASS (*Agrostis stolonifera*). Excellent for lawns; makes a low velvety growth. Sow 60 lbs. to the acre. Very scarce; write for price stating quantity wanted.

TIMOTHY (*Phleum pratense*). Sow $\frac{1}{2}$ bus. to the acre alone, or 8 to 10 qts. if used with other grass seeds. 45 lbs. to bus.



Clover Seed

Red Clover, Medium (*Trifolium pratense*). Sow spring or fall, 10 to 15 lbs. per acre. Write for price.

Mammoth Red Clover (*Trifolium pratense perenne*). For plowing under. 10 to 15 lbs. per acre. Write for price.

Alsike or Swedish Clover (*Trifolium hybridum*). Sow 8 lbs. to the acre when used alone. Write for price.

Sweet Clover, Bokhara (*Melilotus alba*). Grown for bee food and as fertilizer. Sow 20 lbs. to the acre.

Crimson, or Scarlet Clover. Write for price.

Alfalfa, or Lucerne (*Medicago sativa*). Produces three to four heavy crops of nutritious hay in a season. Write for special leaflet and price per bushel.

Broom Corn, Improved Evergreen

This variety is extensively grown on account of the color and quality of its brush, which is long, fine, straight, and always green. Grows 7 feet high. Sow 10 lbs. to the acre in good, deep, dry soil.

Sunflower, Mammoth Russian

May be grown to advantage on waste ground. An excellent and cheap food for fowls. All farmers should plant this, if only for feeding chickens. It is enormously productive, as the heads sometimes measure 18 inches in diameter. Plant 5 lbs. per acre.

Sudan Grass

A new forage plant which is valuable in the Middle West and may also be grown in the East. It is an annual related to the sorghums, and is valuable both for hay and silo. Grows from 6 to 10 feet high, makes small leafy stems, and is greatly relished by stock. Sow seed when ground has become warm, using 4 to 6 lbs. per acre, in drills 18 to 24 inches apart, and cultivate like corn.

Soja Beans

Wilson. An excellent variety for the middle and eastern states. Grows 36 to 44 inches high, branches well, holds leaves, and the seeds do not shatter from pods after cutting. In Delaware it matures in 115 days, and the plants held the seed well. Write for price.

Mammoth Yellow. Valuable as a forage crop and for silo purposes. It matures late and is very popular for forage purposes, also productive. Most valuable for growing in the southern states. Write for price.

Millet, German or Golden

Panicum germanicum

A valuable annual hay and fodder crop. Sow 1 bushel to the acre. 50 lbs. to bushel. Write for price.

Vetches

Spring Vetches or Tares (*Vicia sativa*). Highly valuable for soiling or for green manuring. Use 2 to 3 bushels to acre, broadcast, or 1 to 2 bushels in drills.

Winter Vetches or Tares (*Vicia villosa*). Also called Sand Vetch or Hairy Vetch. Recommended for fall sowing. Sow 1 bushel of seed per acre, with 1 bushel of rye.

Rape, Dwarf Essex

A valuable forage plant which can be sown in this latitude in April for early crop, or as late as September for fall crop. Sow broadcast at the rate of 10 lbs. to the acre, or 5 lbs. in drills.

Peas for Fodder and Green Manuring

Canadian Field Peas. Valuable for northern climates for cattle-feeding and for green soiling, and is also used in large quantities for feeding pigeons. Sow $1\frac{1}{2}$ bus. per acre with $\frac{1}{2}$ bus. of oats. Write for price.

New Era Cowpeas. Upright-growing variety which matures quickly and produces a large crop of Peas. The vines are small, but cure nicely and make a good forage. Write for price.

Whip-poor-will Cowpeas. An early variety. Grows upright, vigorous, and the crop is easy to harvest. We sell more of this variety than any other, and consider it the best for general purposes. Write for price.

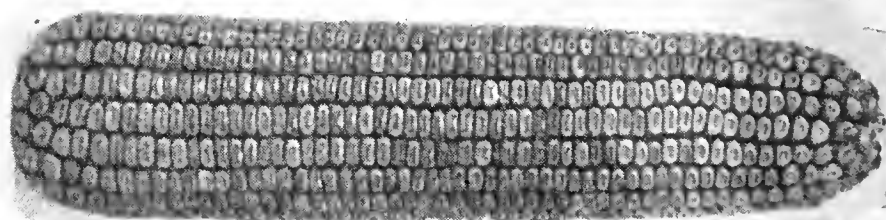
Clay Cowpeas. A medium-late variety of running habit and strong growth. Write for price.

Reid's Thoroughbred Yellow Dent Field Corn

If any seed grain can truly be called pedigreed, the Reid's Yellow Dent Field Corn is certainly entitled to be known as such, as its history dates many years back.

Improved Leaming Corn. Its extreme earliness and fine quality have made it very popular with the farmers, and especially with those in the localities where the seasons are short. It produces from 65 to 90 bushels to the acre in accordance with the quality of the soil. The ears and grains are of medium size.

Iowa Gold Mine Corn. A splendid early Yellow Dent variety. Ears are not excessively large, but of a good size and symmetrical. Color bright golden yellow, shining like a new coin direct from the mint. Grain is very dry; cob small and dries out nearly as soon as it ripens.



Reid's Yellow Dent

Abel's Zipper 90-Day Yellow Corn. This splendid yellow Corn is one of the best and most reliable cropping Corns in cultivation. The grain is broad, golden yellow, of uniform size; thin red cob; ears usually average 8 to 10 inches long. Most attractive and greatest yielding yellow Corn.

Hickory King White Corn. The largest-grained and smallest-cobbed pure white Dent Corn in cultivation.

Eureka Ensilage Corn. A very large-growing leafy stalk sort, and one of the best silo Corns.

WRITE FOR PRICES OF CORN



Home of Mr. and Mrs. E. Richard Meinig, Wyomissing, Pa. One of our Moto Mowers used on this lawn.



Home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred H. Ludwig, Wyomissing, Pa. One of our Moto Mowers in use on this lawn.



Home of Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Stuber, Denver, Pennsylvania

Abel's Evergreen Lawn Grass Seed is being used on the finest lawns in Berks County

ABEL'S QUALITY LAWN SEEDS

ABEL'S EVERGREEN LAWN GRASS

This formula, after years of experimenting, has been blended carefully of grasses adapted to producing very thick growth and velvety appearance. Our grass seed is tested for purity and germination and each variety of grass in its composition is here for a special purpose—some for making fibrous roots which hold upon the soil and keep the turf in place; some of a sure creeping nature, filling up any bare spots; others for their color value; also for withstanding beating down by excessive rains.

One pound will usually seed a place of 10 by 10 feet; 1 peck a space of 1,000 square feet; 1 bushel a space of 4,000 square feet, or, say 40 by 100 feet. For a thicker, more permanent effect, more seed is better.

Lb. 45c; 5 lbs. \$2; bus. (20 lbs.) \$7.50; 100 lbs. \$35

Penn's Common or City Park Lawn Grass

Contains only grasses suitable for the purpose of making a beautiful lawn. It germinates quickly and roots deeply, enabling it to withstand the intense heat of summer. This special mixture can be recommended very highly. However, the **formula and purity test** does not equal that of our Evergreen Lawn Grass. Lb. 30c; 5 lbs. \$1.25; bus. (20 lbs.) \$4.50; 100 lbs. \$20.00.

Abel's Terrace Mixture Lawn Grass

A special mixture of grasses for sowing on terraces and side hills—grasses that produce strong, spreading roots, thus preventing heavy rains from washing them out, that will

withstand drought and exposure, thrive on shallow soils, and produce a rich, green turf throughout the season. Lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.25; bus. (20 lbs.) \$8.00.

Abel's White Dutch Clover

Re-cleaned for sowing on lawns, pastures, etc. Lb. 55c; 5 lbs. \$2.50.

Abel's Shady Place Lawn Grass

Usually it is quite difficult to obtain a satisfactory growth of grass under trees and in shady places, and for sowing in such places we recommend the use of our special mixture. It will quickly produce an abundant and even growth of beautiful green grass. The grasses used in making this special mixture are those adapted for growing in shade. It has been successfully used on some large operations where greensward was desired on land partially shaded by old trees. Lb. 45c; 5 lbs. \$2; bus. (20 lbs.) \$7.50; 100 lbs. \$35.

Kentucky Blue Grass

Forms a close, thick dark green turf and is very hardy. Heavy, fine, clean seed. Lb. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.50.

Fancy Red-Top Grass

One of the Bent grasses. Used on golf courses and in all good lawn mixtures. Does well in wet places and under unfavorable conditions. Is drought-resistant. Lb. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.50.

ABEL'S SEED HOUSE

12 North Ninth Street (25 Steps From Penn) READING, PENNA.

*Grow Flowers
for Beauty
and Pleasure*



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